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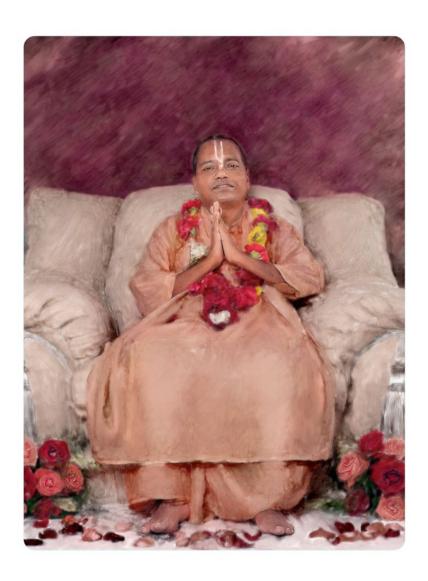


vande 'haṁ śrī-guroḥ śrī-yuta-pada-kamalaṁ śrī-gurūn vaiṣṇavāṁś cha śrī-rūpaṁ sāgrajātaṁ saha-gaṇaraghunāthānvitaṁ taṁ sa-jīvam sādvaitaṁ sāvadhūtaṁ parijana-sahitaṁ kṛṣṇa-chaitanya-devaṁ śrī-rādhā-kṛṣṇa-pādān saha-gaṇa-lalitāśrī-viśākhānvitāṁś cha

Śrīla Krishnadās Kavirāj prays, "First I offer my respects unto the lotus feet of my initiating spiritual masters and the recruiting spiritual masters and advanced Vaiṣṇavas. Next I offer my obeisances to my śāstra gurus, Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī, his elder brother, Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrīla Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, and Śrīla Jīva Goswāmī. On a higher platform I offer my respects unto Śrī Chaitnya Mahāprabhu, who came with His paraphernalia and associates, along with those great personalities Śrī Nityānanda Prabhu and Śrī Advaita Āchāryya. And in the highest stage, I offer my obeisances unto the lotus feet of Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Govinda, and all of the *gopīs*, headed by Lalitā devī and Viśākhā devī."

om ajñāna-timirāndhasya jñānāñjana-śalākayā chakṣur unmilitam yena tasmai śrī-gurave namaḥ

Applying the soothing salve of *sambandha-jñāna*, a proper acquaintance with the environment, my spiritual master has opened my inner eye and thereby rescued me from the darkness of ignorance, fulfilling my life's aspirations. I offer my respects unto Śrī Gurudeva.



rīla Bhakti Nirmal Āchārya Mahārāj

pūjya śrī-guru-varga-vandita mahābhāvānvitāyāḥ sadā paurvā paryya paramparā prachalita prājya pramūrttā kṛteḥ bhakte nirmala-nirjharasya nibhṛtaṁ saṁrakṣakaṁ sādaraṁ vande śrī-gurudevam ānata-śirā āchāryya-varyyaṁ nijam

"I bow my head in eternal obeisance to my Gurudeva, the best of Āchāryas, Śrīla Bhakti Nirmal Āchārya Mahārāj. He is the ever vigilant, stalwart guardian of the current of pure devotion whose highest form flows from our most worshipable Śrī Rūpānuga Guru-varga in their exclusive dedication to Mahābhāva, Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī."



Tīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

gurvvābhīṣṭa-supūrakam guru-gaṇair āśīṣa-sambhūṣitam chintyāchintya-samasta-veda-nipuṇam śrī-rūpa-panthānugam govindābhidham ujjvalam vara-tanum bhakty anvitam-sundaram vande viśva-gurun cha divya-bhagavatpremṇo hi bīja-pradam

"His Guru's most cherished wishes, he's truly fulfilling, adorned with his Guru-varga's affectionate blessing. In knowledge both conceivable and inconceivable, His expertise illumines the ontological whole. He's the foremost follower of Śrī Rūpa's divine aim, Śrī Bhakti Sundar Govinda is his celebrated name. His beautiful figure stands out, clean, clear and effulgent, devotionally endowed with transcendent sentiment. I worship him, the world-wide Guru from high above, the empowered bestower of the seed of Divine Love."

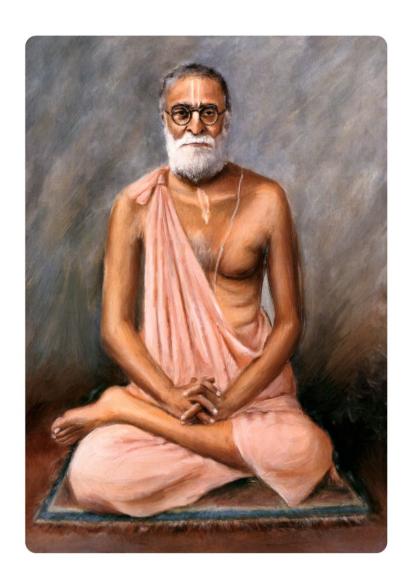


Trīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

devam divya-tanum suchanda-vadanambālārka-chelānchitam sāndrānanda-puram sad-eka-varanam vairāgya-vidyāmbudhim śrī-siddhānta-nidhim subhakti-lasitam sārasvatānām varam vande tam śubhadam mad-eka-śaraṇam nyāsīśvaram śrīdharam

"I fall at the feet of Śrīla Śrīdhar-Deva, who with charming expression sings his songs of sweet nectar. Dressed with fine garments like sun newly-risen, he's the true saint the devotees have chosen. His detachment and knowledge are just like an ocean, the treasure-house of complete, perfect conclusion. Radiant in Pastimes of loving devotion, the abode of pure ecstasy, bestower of good fortune, foremost true follower of Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta, foremost great general of the whole renounced order, my lord and my master, my only shelter, I worship his feet, Śrīla Śrīdhar-Deva."

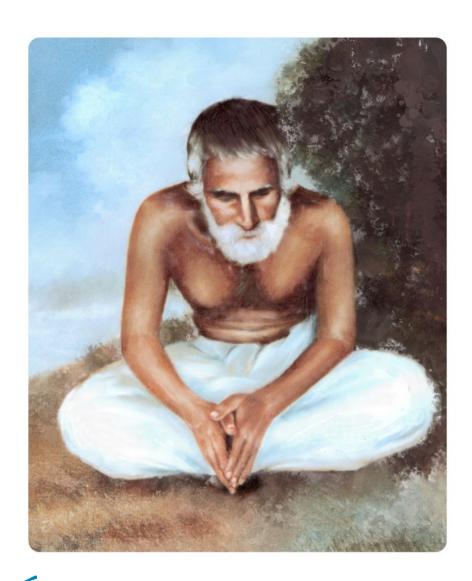


Shagavān Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta Saraswatī

by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

śrī-siddhānta-sarasvatīti vidito gauḍīya-gurv-anvaye bhāto bhānuriva prabhāta-gagane yo gaura-saṅkīrtanaiḥ māyāvāda-timiṅgilodara-gatān uddhṛtya jīvanimān kṛṣṇa-prema-sudhābdhi-gāhana-sukhaṁ prādāt prabhuṁ taṁ bhaje

"In the great Gaudīya Vaiṣṇava teachers' line, as Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta Saraswatī he's renowned. Like the radiant sun in the morning sky, he appeared to rescue all souls swallowed by the all-devouring impersonal philosophy. By spreading the teachings of Lord Gaurāṅga to sing the Holy Name of Lord Śrī Krishna, he gave all the chance to dive in the ocean of love of Śrī Krishna, the Supreme Person. Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta, my lord, divine master—at his feet do I pray to serve him forever."



rīla Gaura Kiśora Dās Bābājī Mahārāj

by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

namo gaurakiśorāya bhaktāvadhūta mūrttaye gaurāṅghri padma-bhṛṅgāya rādhā-bhāva-niṣeviṇe

"I bow to our Guru, Śrīla Gaura Kiśora Dās, the pure devotee beyond social class; the bee in the lotus of the feet of Śrī Gaurāṅga, who deep in his heart serves Śrī Rādhā forever."

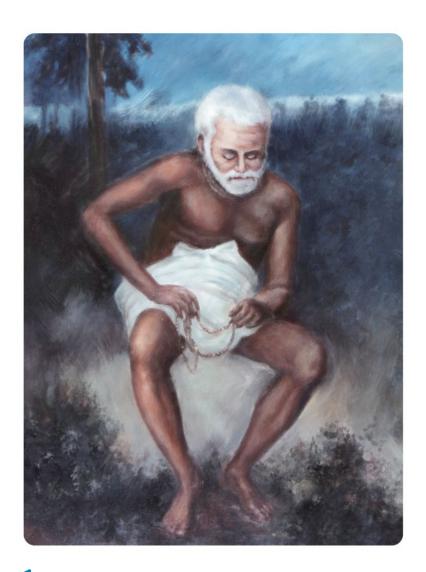




by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

vande bhaktivinodam śrīgaura-śakti-svarūpakam bhakti-śāstrajña-samrājam rādhā-rasa-sudhā-nidhim

"I bow to Śrī Ṭhākur Bhaktivinoda, Mahāprabhu's love divine personified. He's the king of all knowers of the purpose of the Scriptures, and he is the ocean of Śrī Rādhā's devotion."



rīla Jagannāth Dās Bābājī Mahārāj

by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

gaura-vrajāśritāśeṣair vaiṣṇavair vandya-vigraham jagannātha-prabhuṁ vande premābdhiṁ vṛddha-vaiṣṇavam

"The great venerable Grandsire of pure devotion, loved by all Vaiṣṇavas of both I worship the feet of that great Vaiṣṇava Guru, the ocean of love, Śrīla Jagannāth Prabhu."

vāñchā-kalpatarubhyas' cha kṛpā-sindhubhya eva cha patitānāṁ pāvanebhyo vaiṣṇavebhyo namo namaḥ

I bow down unto the holy feet of the pure Vaiṣṇavas, who are like desire trees able to fulfil all the devotees' aspirations. The Lord's devotees are comparable to a vast ocean of causeless mercy, as they deliver the fallen souls from material existence. I offer all respects unto them.

pañcha-tattvātmakam kṛṣṇam bhakta-rūpa-svarūpakam bhaktāvatāram bhaktākhyam namāmi bhakta-śaktikam

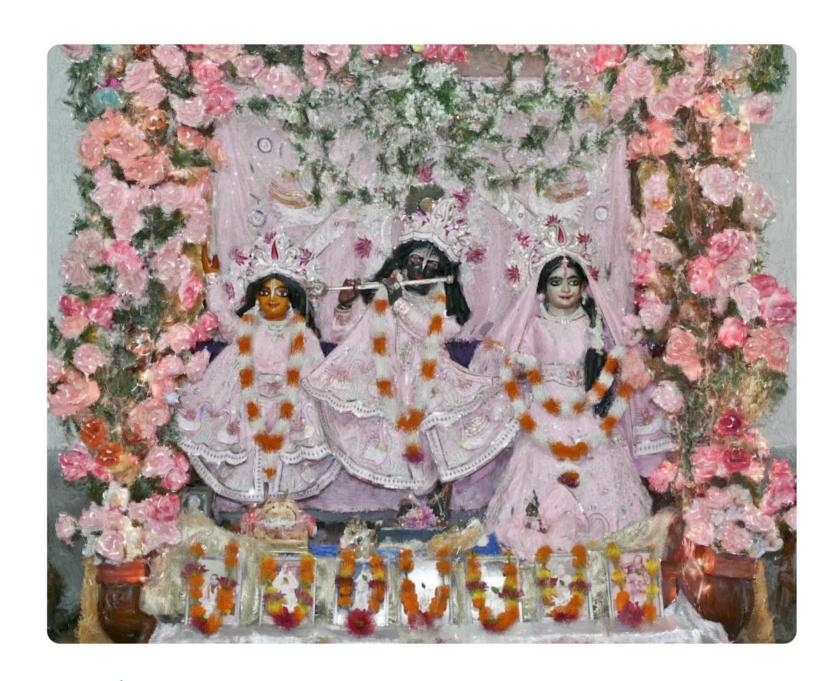
I offer my obeisances unto Lord Krishna in His five-fold aspect known as the pañcha-tattva: I offer my respects unto Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who appears as a devotee of the Lord relishing His own internal mellows. Furthermore I bow down before Lord Nityānanda Prabhu, who is the self-same form and elder brother of Śrī Gaurāṅga. Next, I pay homage unto that great personality Śrī Advaita Prabhu, who is an incarnation of the Lord's devotee, and unto the Lord's eternal associates like Śrīvās Paṇḍit, who serve the Lord in loving devotional relationships. Finally, I bow down at the feet of those devotees who hold the actual potency of unalloyed dedication in their hands: Śrī Rāmānanda Rāya, Śrī Gadādhara Paṇḍit, and Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar.

namo mahā-vadānyāya kṛṣṇa-prema-pradāya te kṛṣṇāya kṛṣṇa-chaitanyanāmne gaura-tviṣe namaḥ

I offer my obeisances unto Lord Gaurāṅga, whose divine complexion is a radiant golden hue and who possesses the qualities of the most benevolent incarnation. His spiritual Pastimes freely grant pure love for Lord Krishna to all. He is none other than Lord Krishna known in the age of Kali as Śrī Krishna Chaitanya.

jayatām suratau pangor mama manda-mater gatī mat-sarvasva-padāmbhojau rādhā-madana-mohanau

O Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Madana-mohan, I am a helpless cripple and my meagre intelligence is absorbed in the vile material sense objects. Kindly let deep devotional attachment arise for the exclusive wealth of my life which is Your lotus feet. May Your Lordships, who are so compassionate and affectionate, be forever victorious!



Trī-Śrī-Guru-Gaurāṅga-Gāndharvvā-Govindasundarjīu

Nabadwīp, Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh

dīvyad-vṛndāraṇya-kalpa-drumādhaḥ śrīmad-ratnāgāra-siṁhāsana-sthau śrī gāndharvvā-śrīla-govinda-devau preṣṭhālībhiḥ sevyamānau smarāmi

I constantly meditate upon that Divine Couple Śrī Śrī Gandharvvā-Govinda, who are seated upon a wonderful throne highly decorated with brilliant jewels. They are sitting within the illustrious forest of Braja, beneath a mind-attracting desire tree, accompanied by Their dedicated servitors such as Śrī Lalitā Devī, Śrī Rūpa Mañjarī and other intimate servants like the *priyanarma sakhīs*.

śrīmān rāsa-rasārambhī vaṁśī-vaṭa-taṭa-sthitaḥ karṣan veṇu-svanair gopīr gopīnāthaḥ śriye 'stu naḥ

Śrī Gopīnāth, who instigates the exchange of devotional mellows, is standing upon the banks of the Jamunā River at the special place known as Vaṁśīvaṭa. There, the sweet tune of His flute is naturally attracting the hearts of the cowherd maidens of Braja Dhām. May that charming Lord bring us within His auspicious embrace.

vṛndāyai tulasī-devyai priyāyai keśavasya cha kṛṣṇa-bhakti-prade devi satyavatyai namo namaḥ

Ieternally offer my respects unto Śrī Vṛndādevī, Śrīmatī Tulasī Mahārāṇī, who is the dearmost object of Lord Keśava's affection. I bow down before Satyavatī who can bestow pure dedication unto Lord Krishna.

atha natvā mantra-gurūn gurūn bhāgavatārthadān vyāsān jagat-gurūn natvā tato jayam udīrayet

Then, let me bow down before all my spiritual masters: the Guru who gave me the divine mantra, as well as all those who have taught me the meaning of Śrīmad Bhāgavatam. Let me offer my respectful obeisances unto Śrīla Vyāsadeva, the spiritual master of the entire universe and the giver of the all-conquering conclusions of Śrīmad Bhāgavatam.

jayaḥ sa-parikara śrī-śrī-guru-gaurāṅga-gāndharvvā-govindasundar-pādapadmānāṁ jayastu!

Let the holy lotus feet of Śrī Gurudeva, Śrīman Mahāprabhu, and Śrī Śrī Gāndharvvā-Govindasundar, along with Their eternal associates, be victorious over all!

rayers to the Vaiṣṇavas

sakala vaiṣṇava-pade mora namaskāra ithe kichu aparādha nahuka āmāra hoiyachen hoiben prabhur jato bhakta vṛnda vandanā kori' sabāra charaṇāravinda

"I respectfully bow to the lotus feet of all the Vaiṣṇavas, praying that there is no offence in my attempt to please them. To all Vaiṣṇavas who have been, and all Vaiṣṇavas who shall be, I offer my obeisances to their lotus feet."



Nabadwīp, Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh



- · jaya sa-parikara śrī-śrī-guru-gaurāṅgagāndharvvā-govindasundar giridhārī gopāljīu kī jaya!
- · jaya om viṣṇupāda paramahamsa-parivrājakāchāryya-varyya aṣṭottara-śata-śrī śrīmad bhakti nirmal āchārya mahārāj kī jaya!
- · jaya om viṣṇupāda paramahamsa-parivrājakāchāryyavaryya aṣṭottara-śata-śrī śrīmad bhakti sundar govinda dev-gosvāmī mahārāj kī jaya!
- jaya om viṣṇupāda paramahamsa-parivrājakāchāryyavaryya aṣṭottara-śata-śrī śrīmad bhakti rakṣak śrīdhar dev-gosvāmī mahārāj kī jaya!
- · jaya om viṣṇupāda paramahamsaparivrājakācāryya-varyya aṣṭottara-śata-śrī śrīmad bhaktisiddhānta sarasvatī ṭhākur kī jaya!
- · jaya om viṣṇupāda śrīla gaurakiśora dās bābājī mahārāj kī jaya!
- · jaya om viṣṇupāda śrīla sach-chidānanda bhaktivinoda ṭhākur kī jaya!
- · jaya om viṣṇupāda śrīla jagannāth dās bābājī mahārāj kī jaya!
- · śrī rūpānuga guru-varga kī jaya!
- · namāchāryya śrīla haridās thākur kī jaya!
- · ananta-koţī vaiṣṇava-vṛnda kī jaya!
- · śrī baladeva vidyābhūṣaṇa kī jaya!
- · śrīla viśvanāth chakravartī prabhu kī jaya!
- śrī narottama-śyāmānanda-śrīnivāsaāchāryya-prabhu kī jaya!

- · śrīla vṛndāvan dās ṭhākur kī jaya!
- śrīla kṛṣṇadās kavirāj kī jaya!
- · saparşada śrī nityānanda prabhu kī jaya!
- · saparşada śrīman mahāprabhu kī jaya!
- · jaya śrī-śrī rādhā-kṛṣṇa gopa-gopīnāth śyāma-kuṇḍa rādhā-kuṇḍa giri-govardhan kī jaya!
- · śrī lakṣmī-varāhadeva kī jaya! (In our Nabadvīp Maṭh)
- · śuddha bhakti vighna vināśāya śrī nṛsimhadeva kī jaya!
- · bhakta-prabara prahlād mahārāj kī jaya!
- · tulasī mahārāņī kī jaya!
- · gangā-jamunājī kī jaya!
- · grantharāja śrīmad-bhāgavatam chaitanya-charitāmṛta kī jaya!
- · viśva-vaiṣṇava rāja sabhā kī jaya!
- · ākara maṭha-rāja śrī chaitanya maṭh kī jaya!
- · tadīya śākha-maţh kī jaya!
- · śrī chaitanya sārasvat math kī jaya!
- · viśva-byāpī tadīya śākha-maţh kī jaya!
- · śrīdhām māyāpur kī jaya!
- · śrīdhām nabadvīp kī jaya!
- · vṛndāvan-puruṣottam dhām kī jaya!
- · baladeva-subhadrā-jagannāthjī kī jaya!
- · śrī govinda kunda kī jaya!
- · śrī sadāśiva gangadharajīu kī jaya!
- · samaveta vaisnava-mandala kī jaya!
- · samaveta bhakta-vṛnda kī jaya!
- · harināma-saṅkīrttana kī jaya!
- · nitāi-gaura-premānande haribol!



śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya prabhu nityānanda śrī-advaita gadādhara śrīvāsādi-gaura-bhakta-vṛnda

There are ten offences in the chanting of the Hare Krishna Mahāmantra, but these are not considered in the chanting of the *Pañcha-tattva mantra*. Śri Chaitanya Mahāprabhu is the most magnanimous incarnation, for He does not consider the offences of the fallen souls. Thus to derive the full benefit of the chanting of the Mahāmantra, we must first take shelter of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu and his associates, the *Pañcha-tattva*, who are the bestowers of the Hare Krishna Mahāmantra.

Hare Krishna mahā-mantra

hare kṛṣṇa hare kṛṣṇa kṛṣṇa hare hare hare rāma hare rāma rāma hare hare

Illumination by Śrīla Śrīdhar Mahārāj

In the Name of Rāma within the Hare Krishna *mantra*, the Gauḍīya Vaiṣṇavas will find Rādhā-ramaṇa Rāma. That means, "Krishna, who gives pleasure (*ramaṇ*) to Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī." In our conception, the Hare Krishna *mantra* is wholesale Krishna consciousness, not Rāma (Lord Rāmachandra) consciousness. Śrī Chaitanya's highest conception of things is always *svayaṁ bhagavān*, Krishna-*līlā*, Rādhā-Govinda-*līlā*. That is the real purpose of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu's advent and teachings.

In that consideration, the Hare Krishna *mantra* does not mention the Rāma-*līlā* of Āyodhya at all. There is no connection with that in the highest conception of the Hare Krishna mantra. ...The inner conception of the mantra is responsible for our spiritual attainment... The inner conception of the devotee will guide them to their destination.



The Ten Offences to the Holy Name Bengali poem composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

hari-nāma mahāmantra sarva-mantra-sāra yādera karuṇā-bale jagate prachāra sei nāma-parāyaṇa sādhu, mahājana tāhādera nindā nā kariha kadāchana

The Hare Kṛṣṇa Mahāmantra, the very best of all mantras, is distributed all over the world by the powerful mercy of the *sādhus* in whose hearts the Holy Name displays His divine Pastimes (*Nāma-parāyaṇas*). Such *Mahājanas* (great souls), who are dear-most to the Lord and the source of our connection to His Holy Name, should never be criticised or deprecated at any time.

(First Offence: To offend the Lord's devotees.)

vrajendra-nandana kṛṣṇa sarveśvareśvara maheśvara ādi tắra sevana-tatpara nāma chintāmaṇi kṛṣṇa-chaitanya-svarūpa bheda-jñāna nā karibe līlā-guṇa-rūpa

Vrajendra-nandan Kṛṣṇa—the Emporium of all rasa, the eternally youthful, original form of the Supreme Lord who plays ecstatically within Goloka Vṛndāvan Dhām in the full range of spiritual relationships (rāsas)—is the all-attractive Lord of all Lords (Nārāyaṇ, Viṣṇu, etc.); the Lord of everything and everyone (Sarveśvareśvara). All the Lord's expansions and all the demigods headed by Lord Śiva (Maheśvara) enthusiastically serve Him with great earnestness, considering Him the supreme object of their devotion (tatpara).

The Lord's Holy Name is a transcendental, wish-fulfilling gem non-different from Lord Kṛṣṇa Himself (*Nāma chintāmaṇi Kṛṣṇa-Chaitanya-svarūpa*), so the Lord's divine Pastimes, qualities and form (*līlā-guṇa-rūpa*) should never be considered different

from His Holy Name (as they are revealed in our hearts by His wishfulfilling Holy Name who fulfills all of our desires). Alternatively, *Nāma chintāmaṇi Kṛṣṇa-Chaitanya-svarūpa...* can be taken to mean: Śrī Kṛṣṇa Chaitanya Mahāprabhuisthe preeminent, non-different divine form of the wish-fulfilling Holy Name—the Hare Kṛṣṇa Mahāmantra. One should never distinguish the wish-fulfilling Holy Name—Mahāprabhu Himself—from His form, His qualities, or His Pastimes of exhibiting the Holy Name's infinitely ecstatic, divine nature and fulfilling everyone's desires by personally distributing *prema* for Vrajendra-nandan Kṛṣṇa in the full range of spiritual relationships (*Madhura-rasa*, etc.) through His wish-fulfilling Holy Name.

(Second Offence: To consider the demigods equal to the Supreme Lord; and to consider the Lord's Holy Name, form, qualities and Pastimes to be distinct from Him.)

"guru kṛṣṇa-rūpa hana śāstrera pramāṇe guru-rūpe kṛṣṇa kṛpā kare bhāgyavāne" se gurute martya-buddhi avajñādi tyaji iṣṭa-lābha kara, nirantara nāma bhaji

3 The Scriptures substantiate (Śrī Chaitanya-charitāmṛta, Ādi-līlā, 1.45; Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam: 11.17.27; etc.) that Gurudev is a non-different form of Kṛṣṇa Himself. In His form of Gurudev, Kṛṣṇa bestows His mercy upon the fortunate souls. Therefore, one should reject the illusory propensity to conceive of Gurudev as an ordinary mortal with worldly purpose (martya-buddhi), as well as all disrespect (avamanya), disloyalty, disobedience and contempt (avajñā), envy (asūya), etc. of Gurudev. Rather, one should consider Gurudev his cherished, worshippable Master capable of fulfilling all his desires to gain his highest objective (iṣṭa-lābha — Kṛṣṇa-prema), by faithfully and hopefully serving the Holy Name without cessation, forever.

(Third Offence: To offend Śrī Gurudev.)

śruti, śruti-mātā-saha sātvata purāṇa śrī-nāma-charaṇa-padma kare nīrājana sei śruti-śāstra yebā karaye nindana se aparadhīra saṅga karibe varjjana The revealed Truth—descending from Mother Gāyatrī into its culmination in the *Mahā-purāṇa*, Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam — constantly worships (lit. offers ārati to) the lotus feet of Śrī Nāma Prabhu (the Holy Name) with the revelatory, illuminating knowledge of pure devotion. Anyone who blasphemes any of the purely devotional Scriptures of Revealed Truth, either by direct vilification or by propagating antithetical pseudo-doctrines, is an offender whose bad association must always be shunned.

(Fourth Offence: To blasphemy the Scriptures.)

nāmera mahimā sarva-śāstrete vākhāne atistuti, heno kabhu nā bhāviha mane agastya, ananta, brahmā, śivādi satata ye nāma-mahimā-gāthā saṅkīrttana-rata se nāma-mahimā-sindhu ke pāibe pāra atistuti bale yei—sei durāchāra

5 The glories of the Holy Name are proclaimed in all the revealed Scriptures and one should never consider that such glorification is exaggerated praise (*atistuti*). Agastya, Ananta, Brahmā, Śiva, and all the most highly qualified, exalted and empowered personalities, constantly chant the unending glories of the Holy Name in *saṅkīrttan* with full-hearted fervour. Who then can cross the infinite, oceanic glories of the Holy Name? Anyone who profanes that the glories of the Holy Name are exaggerated praise (*atistuti*) is a sinful miscreant devoid of spiritual fortune (*sukṛti*).

(Fifth Offence: To consider the glories of the Holy Name to be exaggeration.)

kṛṣṇa-nāmāvali nitya golokera dhana kalpita, prākṛta, bhāve—aparādhi-jana

The Holy Names of Kṛṣṇa are the eternal wealth of Goloka Vṛndāvan, the highest, most ecstatic plane within the self-revealed (*adhokṣaja*), supramundane (*aprākṛta*) spiritual world. Anyone who fosters the mood that the Holy Names of Kṛṣṇa are imaginary (*kalpita*) or mundane (*prākṛta*) is an offender.

(Sixth Offence: To consider the glories of the Holy Name to be mundane or imaginary.)

nāme sarva-pāpa-kṣaya sarva-śāstre kaya sārā-dina pāpa kari sei bharasāya emata durbuddhi yāra sei aparādhi māyā-pravañchita, duḥkha bhuñje niravadhi

It is the exhaustive conclusion of all the Scriptures that the Holy Name can destroy all sin. But those of duplicitous misconception (*durbuddhi*) who spend all their days engaged in sinful activity, wickedly relying on the redeeming power of the Holy Name to nullify their sinful activity, are offenders deceived by Māyā (dispossessed of the Holy Name's grace) who are destined to suffer perpetually.

(Seventh Offence: To sin on the strength of one's so-called chanting of the Holy Name.)

atulya śrī-kṛṣṇa-nāma pūrṇa-rasa-nidhi tằra sama nā bhāviha śubha-karma ādi

Śrī Kṛṣṇa-Nāma is an incomparable, overflooded reservoir of *rāsa* (love, ecstasy, nectar, divine relationship, etc.) non-different from the Lord Himself, and Śrī Kṛṣṇa-Nāma-*saṅkīrttan* is itself the absolute means to serve and satisfy Kṛṣṇa (i.e. pursue and realise our own divine purpose and objective). Therefore, the chanting of Śrī Kṛṣṇa-Nāma should never be considered equal or even comparable to mere relative, mundane pious *karma* such as: conventional religiosity (*dharma*), adhering to vows (*vrata*), renunciation and penance (*tyāga*), religious ritual and sacrifice (*huta*); pilgrimage, philanthropy, nationalism, etc.

(Eighth Offence: To consider chanting the Holy Name equivalent to pious karma.)

nāme śraddhā-hina-jana—vidhātā vāñchita tāre nāma dāne aparādha suniśchita

Those who are deceived by Providence and therefore faithless and averse to the Holy Name—it is assuredly an offence to instruct them in the process of serving the Holy Name.

(Ninth Offence: To try to give the Holy Name to the faithless.)

śuniyāo kṛṣṇa-nāma-māhātmya apāra ye prīti-rahita, sei narādhama chhāra ahaṁtā mamatā yāra antare bāhire śuddha kṛṣṇa-nāma tāra kabhu nāhi sphure

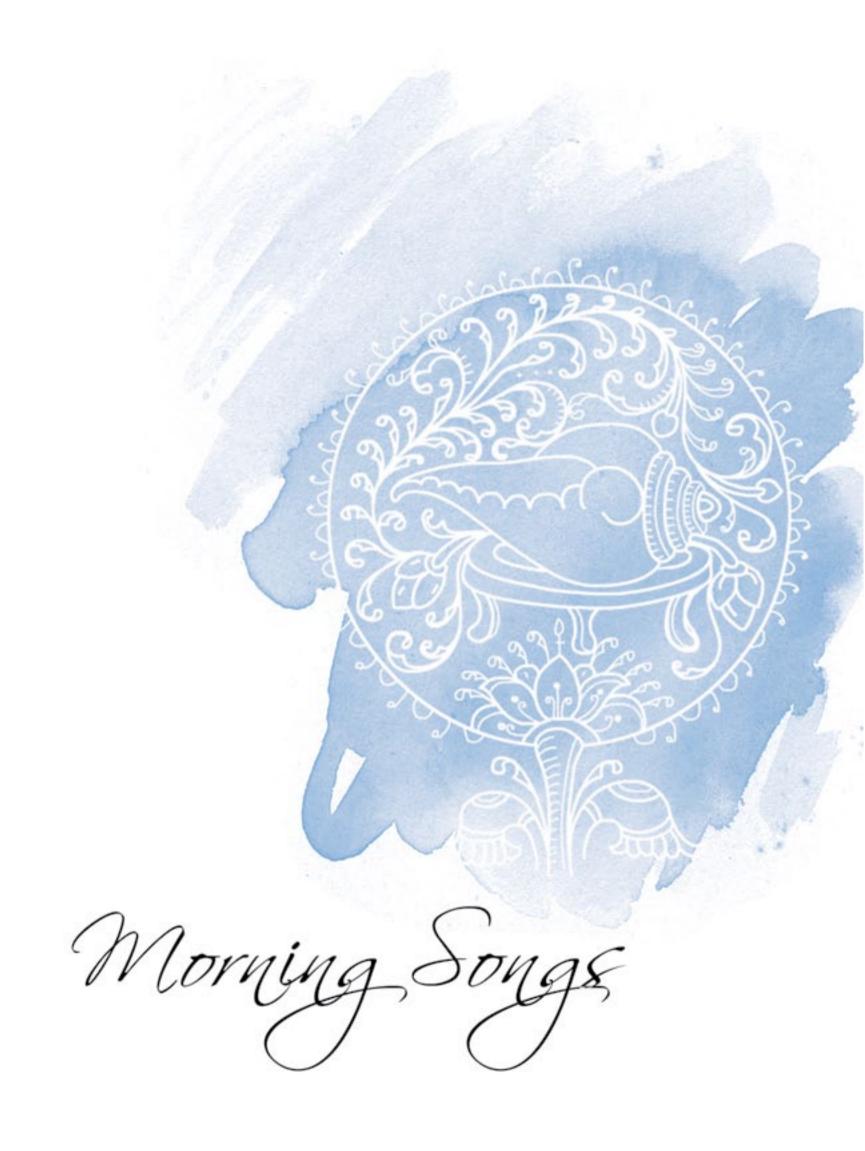
One who hears the boundless glories of Kṛṣṇa-Nāma but remains devoid of love for Kṛṣṇa-Nāma— whose heart does not melt in love for Kṛṣṇa-Nāma—is an impenitent and estranged fallen soul, the very lowest of mankind (narādhama chhāra). The pure Holy Name of Kṛṣṇa (śuddha-Kṛṣṇa-Nāma) does not reveal Himself to such persons who resist the divine influence of the Holy Name—whose thoughts, words, and deeds are internally and externally consumed by incorrigible attachment to the mundane, egotistical illusion of "I, me and mine" (ahaṁtā mamatā).

(Tenth Offence: To maintain one's material attachments while chanting the Holy Name.)

ei daśa aparādha kariyā varjjana ye sujana kare harināma saṅkīrttana apūrva śrī-kṛṣṇa-prema labhya tāre haya nāma-prabhu tāra hṛde nitya vilasaya

11 The pure souls who engage in Hari-Nāma-saṅkīrttan, avoiding the ten offences to the Holy Name, taste the miraculous fruit of Śrī Kṛṣṇa-prema as Śrī Nāma-Prabhu (the personal, autocratic and merciful Holy Name, non-different from the Lord Himself) appears in their hearts and eternally reveals His ecstatic form, qualities and Pastimes. Alternatively, this verse can be taken to mean:

Those pure souls who engage in Mahāprabhu Śrī Chaitanyadev's own process of Hari-Nāma-*saṅkīrttan*, avoiding the ten offences, taste the unprecedented fruit of Kṛṣṇa-*prema* exclusively distributed by Mahāprabhu, as He Himself (Nāma-Prabhu) appears in their hearts and possesses them with His own Divine Ecstatic Play.





by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

jaya jaya girirājer ārati viśāla śrī gaura-maṇḍala-mājhe bhuvana-maṅgala

1 All glories, all glories, to the grand *ārati* of Śrī Girirāj! In the midst of Śrī Gaura-*maṇḍal*, it is benefitting the entire universe.

koladvīpe śobhe gupta-govardhanarūpa vyakta hoilā śrī govinda kuṇḍe aparūpa

The hidden Govardhan graces Koladwīp with its beauty. Now He has manifested His exquisite beauty in Śrī Govinda Kuṇḍa.

mālatī-mādhavī-kuñja kandare kandare nigūḍha-nikuñja-līlā hari-manohare

There are groves of *mālatī* and *mādhavī* flowers in its various caves. In these groves, Lord Hari plays His hidden, mysterious, and enchanting Pastimes.

apūrvva kuņģera śobhā jena sudhābhāņḍa surendra-surabhī-sevā-saubhāgya-mārttaṇḍa

The incomparable beauty of the *kuṇḍa* is like a reservoir of honey. Even Lord Indra and the divine Surabhī cow are rendering their service under the shining sun of good fortune.

śrī bhakti-rakṣaka deva-gosvāmī śrīdhara prakāśilā tava sevā dīpta manohara

5 Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj has manifested the effulgent and enchanting devotional service to You.

śrī chaitanya-sārasvata maṭha suśobhana jathā nitya sevā kore sārasvata-gaṇa

6 Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh is a very beautiful place where devotees of the Maṭh are always rendering their devotional service.

gosvāmī śrī-raghunātha dāsere smariyā nirantara sevā kore antarmaņā hoiyā

7 Remembering Śrī Raghunāth Dās Goswāmī, they are continuously serving in an introspective mood.

jaya gupta-govardhana divya-rasāloy rūpa-raghunāthānuga-bhaktera āśroy

8 All glories to the hidden Govardhan, which is a reservoir of transcendental *rāsa*. He is the refuge of the devotees who are following in the footsteps of Śrī Rūpa and Śrī Raghunāth.

kuliyā-prakāśa tava achintya-mahimā divāniśi bhakta-vṛnda kore parikramā

9 By Your inconceivable glories and magnanimity, You have manifested Kuliyā (where all offences are forgiven). Day and night, the multitudes of devotees are circumambulating this place.

sevya o sevaka-rūpe nitya parakāśa sānande ārati dekhe e adhama dāsa

10 You are eternally manifested both as the worshipable Lord and as the servitor Lord. This fallen servant sees Your *ārati* with great joy.

Srī Śrī Girirāj-Govardhan Ārati

by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

jaya jaya girirājer ārotiko śobhā śrī-braja-maṇḍala mājhe jaga mana lobhā

1 All glories to the beautiful *ārati* of Śrī Girirāj which is going on in Śrī Braja-*maṇḍala*, attracting the minds of all of the living entities in the universe.

pramoda-madana-līla śrī-rādhā-ramaṇa jathā nitya-līlā kore loye sakhī-gaṇa

Lord Śrī Rādha-Ramaṇa (Krishna who gives pleasure to his beloved Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī) is eternally playing His joyful Loving Pastimes there in the association of the *Sakhīs* of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī.

mālatī-mādhavī-kuñja kandare kandare nigūḍha nikuñja-līla hari manohare

3 Here deep within the groves of *mālatī* flowers and *mādhavī* creepers, the confidential Pastimes of the charming Lord Hari are going on.

śyāma-kuṇḍa rādhā-kuṇḍa kusum sarovara mānasa gaṅgā dāna-ghāṭī jāra abhyantara

4 Within this holy place are Śyāma Kuṇḍa, Rādhā Kuṇḍa, Kusum Sarovar, Mānasa Gaṅgā and Dāna-ghāṭī.

śrī-govinda-kuṇḍa līlāsthalī nāhi sīmā divāniśi-bhakta-vṛnda kore parikramā

With Śrī Govinda Kuṇḍa, these holy places of divine Pastimes are without limit. Day and night the devotees are performing circumambulation in worship.

'śrīdhar-svāmī-sevāśram' parama śobhana jathā nitya-sevā kore sārasvata-gaṇa

6 Here in this place is the supremely beautiful Śrīdhar Swāmī Sevāśram where devotees of Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh are performing their eternal service.

abhinna śrī kṛṣṇa jñāne bhajibāra tore mahāprabhu samarpilā raghunātha kore

7 Śrīman Mahāprabhu gave Śrī Śrī Girirāj-jīu to Śrī Raghunāth Goswāmī so that Śrī Dās Goswāmī could worship His Lordship knowing Him to be non-different from Krishna.

gosvāmī śrī-raghunātha dāsere smariyā nirantara sevā kore antarmanā hoiyā

8 The devotees of Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh worship Śrī Śrī Girirāj-jīu in a deep mood of devotion in remembrance of Śrī Raghunāth Dās Goswāmī.

jaya giri-govardhana divya-rasāloy rūpa-sanātana-jīva-raghunāthāśroy

9 All glories to Govardhan Hill which is the abode of divine *rasa* and the shelter of Śrī Rūpa, Sanātan, Jīva and Raghunāth Goswāmīs.

surendra-munīndra-śiva-śuka-mahājana dekhena ārati-śobhā durllabha-darśana

The beauty of the *ārati* of Śrī Girirāj-jīu which is rare and precious is being seen by Lord Indra, Nārada Muni, Lord Shiva, Śukadeva Goswāmī and all the great personalities.

sevya o sevaka-rūpe nitya parakāśa sānande ārati dekhe e adhama dāsa

11 Śrī Śrī Girirāj-jīu is eternally manifested as both the worshipable Lord and the servitor Lord. This fallen servant sees the *ārati* of Śrī Girirāj-jīu with great ecstasy.

rī Śrī Nitāi-Chaitanya-Ārati

by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj for the Āratis in our Jagannāth Puri Branch Temple

jaya guru mahārāja koruņā-sāgara śrī bhakti rakṣaka deva-gosvāmī śrīdhara

1 All glories to Śrīla Guru Mahārāj, Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj who is like an ocean of mercy.

prakāśile nīlāchale bhuvana-maṅgala nitāi-chaitanya-deva-sevā samujjvala

By his mercy, Śrī Śrī Nitāi-Chaitanyadeva have manifested in Puri Dhām bestowing auspiciousness upon the whole world and revealing their effulgent devotional service.

gorāpreme mātoyārā nityānanda-rūpa rasarāja mahābhāva chaitanya-svarūpa

3 Śrī Nityānanda Prabhu's form is dancing ecstatically intoxicated with divine love for Śrī Gaura, whose manifestation is Rasarāj Śrī Krishna taking the heart and halo of Mahābhāva, Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī.

kasita-kāñchana jini śrī-aṅga labaṇi duhugale vanamālā bhāvera dolanī

4 Both Lords are standing fully effulgent, glowing just like freshly cut gold, as garlands of various beautiful forest flowers play on their necks.

murachita koţikāma rūparāsaraṅge madhura narttana-bhāva varābhaya bhaṅge

Millions and millions of Cupids fall unconscious before the divine feet of Their Lordships, seeing their beauty as their divine forms playfully

sway to and fro. They are dancing, touching the hearts of everyone and freely bestowing mercy upon the conditioned souls.

koţi-chandra-bhānuśobhā ratna-siṁhāsane prema netre dekhe mahā-bhāgyavāna jane

6 Brilliant like millions of moons They stand effulgent upon Their jewelled throne. The fortunate souls, their devotional eyes full of love and affection can see Their divine forms.

mṛdaṅga mandirā bāje suśaṅkha-dhvanita śruti-mauli-ratnamālā-dīpa nirājita

In the temple during the *ārati*, the *mṛdaṅgas* resound sweetly as conchshells are blown and the ghee lamp is offered. The different parts of the *Vedas* within *bhakti-yoga* have taken form in each light as a *bhakti-yoga* light and through this form they are worshipping Their Lordships in the *ārati*.

bhuvana-mohana důhů rūpera ārati gupta-vṛndāraṇya-vāsī dekhe niravadhi

8 This type of *ārati* is only seen by the residents of Nabadwīp Dhām and the dear associates of Śrī Chaitanya. Anyone who sees it will be extremely charmed by it.

śrī svarūpa rāmānanda rūpa-sanātana raghunātha haridāsa gadādhara dhana

9 Śrī Chaitanya's dear associates, Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar, Rāmānanda Rāya, Rūpa Goswāmī, Sanātan Goswāmī, Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Haridās Ṭhākur and Gadādhara Paṇḍit are seeing and performing this *ārati*.

sārvabhauma gopīnātha jīvānuga-jana dekhena ārati-śobha durllabha-daršana

10 Sārvabhauma Bhaṭṭāchāryya, Gopīnāth Āchāryya and the followers of Jīva Goswāmī are all seeing that *ārati* which is unable to be seen by others.

nadīyā prakāśe nityānanda-gauranidhi patita-pāvana-kṣetre milāila vidhi

11 Śrī Nityānanda and Śrī Gaura Mahāprabhu have manifested eternally in Nabadwīp Dhām, Nadia. But now Their divine forms have manifested in Puri Dhām, mercifully given by our fortune-maker, Śrī Gurudeva.

avichintya nityānanda-chaitanya-prakāśa śrī guru-prasāde dekhe ei adhama dāsa (śrī guru-prasāde dekhe śrī govinda dāsa)

12 Inconceivably Śrī Śrī Nitāi-Chaitanya have manifested and through the mercy of Śrī Gurudeva this fallen soul sees Their *ārati* and joins within the *saṅkīrttan*.



Glorification of Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

jaya jaya gurudever ārati ujjvala govardhana-pāda-pīthe bhuvana-maṅgala

1 All glories to the effulgent ārati of Śrī Gurudeva, which is going on at the foot of Govardhan, benefitting the whole world.

śrī bhakti sundara deva prabhu śiromaṇi gosvāmī govinda jaya ānandera khani

2 All glories to Śrī Bhakti Sundar Govinda Goswāmī, who is our supreme master and is like a reservoir of joy.

ājānu lambita bhuja divya kalevara ananta pratibhā bharā divya guṇadhara

3 His graceful long hands touch his knees and his body is beautiful and transcendental. He is an ocean of infinite genius and transcendental qualities.

gaura-kṛṣṇe jāni tava abhinna svarūpa saṁsāra tarite ebe śuddha-bhakta-rūpa

We consider your real identity to be non-different from Krishna and Gaurāṅga. But now, to deliver this material world, you have assumed the form of a pure devotee.

rūpānuga-dhārā tumi koro ālokita prabhākara sama prabhā bhuvana-vidita

You are brightening the line of the followers of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī. Your effulgence, which is comparable to that of the sun, is known throughout the whole world.

śuddha bhakti prachārite tomā sama nāi akalaṅka indu jena dayāla nitāi

6 There is no one like you to preach pure devotion. You are the spotless moon, and you are merciful like Lord Nityānanda.

ullasita viśvavāsī labhe prema-dhana ānande nāchiyā gāhe tava guņagaņa

7 As ecstatic people all over the world are attaining the treasure of love of Krishna, they are dancing and singing your glories.

sthāpilā āśrama bahu jagata mājhāre pāramahaṁsa-dharma-jñāna śikṣāra prachāre

8 To teach the essence of the highest knowledge and to preach it to all, you have established many ashrams all over the world.

chintyāchintya veda-jñāne tumi ādhikārī sakala samsaya chettvā susiddhāntadhārī

9 You have mastery over the knowledge of the *Vedas*, both conceivable and inconceivable. You are the treasurer of bonafide conclusions, which can destroy all doubt.

tomāra mahimā gāhe goloka maṇḍale nitya-siddha parikare tava līlāsthale

10 Your glories are being sung in the spiritual world of Goloka, the realm of your Pastimes, by your servants who are eternally liberated.

patita pāvana tumi doyāra samīra sarvva-kārye sunipuņa satya-sugambhīra

11 To deliver the fallen souls, you are like a breeze of mercy. You are expert in all service, and you are established in truth and gravity.

apurvva lekhanī dhārā pragāḍha pāṇḍitya sadā hāsya miṣṭa bhāśī suśila kavitva

Your beautiful and unprecedented writing reflects your deep scholarship. You are always smiling and speaking sweet words, which remind one of your soothing poetry.

sādhu-saṅge sadānandī sarala vinayī sabhā-madhye vaktā śreṣṭha sarvatra vijayī

You are always straightforward and humble, and you are always joyful in the association of pure devotees. In a spiritual gathering, you are always the best speaker. In every field of life, you always come out victorious.

gaudīya gagane tumi āchāryya-bhāskara nirantara sevāpriya miṣṭa kaṇṭhasvara

14 In the sky of the Gauḍīya Vaiṣṇava world, you are a preceptor who is prominent like the sun. You are always fond of service, and your sweet voice inspires others to do service also.

tomāra koruņā māge trikāla vilāse gāndharvvikā-giridhārī sevā-mātra āśe

15 Past, present, and future — for all eternity, we beg your mercy. Only by your mercy will one receive devotional service to Śrī Śrī Gāndharvvikā-Giridhārī.

kṛpā koro ohe prabhu śri-gaura-prakāśa ārati koroye sadā e adhama dāsa

Oh my Lord, who is the manifestation of the mercy of Śrī Gaurāṅga, please be merciful to me. This insignificant servant of yours is always praying this way while worshipping you.



by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

jaya 'guru-mahārāja' jati-rājeśvara śrī-bhakti-rakṣaka deva-gosvāmī śrīdhara

1 All glory to you, 'Guru Maharaj,'
Of sannyāsī kings, the Emperor:
The glorious Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak
Dev-Goswami Śrīdhar.

patita-pāvana-līlā vistāri' bhuvane nistārilā dīna-hīna āpāmara jane

2 Extending in this world your
Pastimes as saviour of the fallen,
You delivered all the suffering souls,
including the most forsaken.

tomāra koruņāghana murati heriyā preme bhāgyavāna jīva poḍe murachiyā

3 Beholding your holy form of concentrated mercy;
The fortunate souls fall in a swoon of divine love's ecstasy.

sudīrgha supībya deho divya-bhāvāśray divya-jñāna dīpta-netra divya-jyotirmoy

Your lofty form full of divine emotion is nectar for our eyes;
With divine knowledge and shining eyes, your effulgence fills the skies.

suvarņa-sūraja-kānti aruņa-vasana tilaka, tulasī-mālā, chandana-bhūṣaṇa

A golden Sun resplendent, in robes of saffron dressed; Adorned with *tilak*, Tulasī beads, and with sandal fragrance blessed.

apūrvva śrī-aṅga-śobhā kore jhalamala audāryya-unnata-bhāva mādhurya-ujjvala

The matchless beauty of your holy form,
dazzling in its brightness;
Your benevolence of most noble heart,
in the moonglow of love's sweetness.

achintya-pratibhā, snigdha, gambhīra, udāra jaḍa-jñāna-giri-vajra divya-dīkṣādhāra

Inconceivable genius, affection,
 gravity, magnanimity—
 A thunderbolt crushing mundane knowledge,
 the reservoir bestowing divinity.

gaura-saṅkīrttana-rāsa-rasera āśray "doyāla nitāi" nāme nitya premamoy

8 In the Golden Lord's *Saṅkīrttan* Dance, you revel ecstatically; "Doyāl Nitāi, Doyāl Nitāi!" you ever call so lovingly.

sāṅgopāṅge gaura-dhāme nitya-parakāśa gupta-govardhane divya-līlāra-vilāsa

9 Eternally present in Nabadwīp Dhām with your associates, by your sweet will, You enjoy your holy Pastimes on hidden Govardhan Hill.

gaudīya-āchāryya-goṣṭhī-gaurava-bhājana gaudīya-siddhāntamaņi kanṭha-vibhuṣaṇa

You're the fit recipient of your dignity
In the Gauḍīya Āchāryya assembly,
The jewel of the Gauḍīya-siddhānta
adorning your chest so nobly.

gaura-sarasvatī-sphūrta siddhāntera khani āviṣkṛta gāyatrīra artha-chintāmaṇi

You're the living message of Śrī Gaura, you're the mine of perfect conclusions; You revealed the Gāyatrī's inner purport: the gem fulfilling all aspirations.

eka-tattva varṇanete nitya-nava-bhāva susaṅgati, sāmañjasya, e saba prabhāva

When you speak, one subject alone is revealed in ever-new light;
Proper adjustment, and harmony—
All these are your spiritual might.

tomāra satīrtha-varga sabe eka-mate rūpa-sarasvatī-dhārā dekhena tomāte

13 All your dear Godbrothers
declare unanimously
They see within your Holiness
the line of Rūpa-Saraswatī.

tulasī-mālikā-haste śrī-nāma-grahaṇa dekhi' sakalera hoy 'prabhu' uddīpana

14 Seeing you take the Holy Name, with Tulasī beads in hand, Awakens the thought of Saraswatī Ṭhākur in everybody's mind.

koţī-chandra-suśītala o pada bharasā gāndharvvā-govinda-līlāmṛta-lābha-āśā

15 Your feet, cooling like ten million moons— In their service all faith do I place; The nectar of Rādhā-Govinda's Pastimes one day we may drink, by your grace.

avichintya-bhedābheda-siddhānta-prakāśa sānande ārati stuti kore dīna-dāsa

O personification of perfect conclusions inconceivably one, yet different!
I sing this prayer at your ārati, with joy—your humble servant.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

kali-kukkura-kadana jadi chāo he kaliyuga-pāvana kali-bhaya-nāśana, śrī śachī-nandana gāo he

1 Oh mind, you are like a miserable dog of *Kali-yuga*! If you want deliverance, then sing the Holy Name of the son of Śachī, for He is the saviour and destroyer of fear in this dark age of Kali.

gadādhara-mādana nitāi-era prāṇadhana, advaitera prapūjita gorā nimai viśvambhara śrīnivāsa-īśvara, bhakata samūha-chitachorā

He is the transcendental cupid of Gadādhara, the life and soul of Nityānanda Prabhu, and the worshipable Lord of Śrī Advaita Āchāryya. He is known as Nimai as He was born under a Neem tree; Viśvambhara as He is the sustainer of the universe; He is the master of Śrīvās Ṭhākur, and He steals the hearts of all of the devotees.

nadīyā-śaśadhara māyāpura-īśvara, nāma-prabarttana-śūra gṛhījana-śikṣaka nyāsikula-nāyaka, mādhava-rādhābhāva pūra

He is the moon of Nadia, the Lord of Māyāpur, and heroic saviour who inaugurated the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna. He is the teacher of all householders and the commander-in-chief of all *sannyāsīs*. Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu is Krishna, filled with the ecstatic heart's sentiment of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī.

sārvabhauma-śodhana gajapati-tāraṇa, rāmānanda-poṣaṇa-vīra rūpānanda-vardhana sanātana pālana, haridāsa-modana-dhīra

3 He purified Sārvabhauma Bhaṭṭāchāryya and rescued Pratāparudra Maharaj, the great king of Orissa. He is the hero and protector of Rāmānanda Rāy. He increases the ecstasy of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī and He is the guardian of Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī. He delights the sober Haridās Ṭhākur.

braja rasa-bhāvana duṣṭamata-śātana, kapaṭī-vighātana-kāma śuddha bhakta-pālana śuṣka jñāna-tāḍana, cholo bhakti-dūṣaṇa-rāma

4 Śrī Krishna Chaitanya is absorbed in the mellows of Vṛndāvan. He removes the filthy thoughts of the mind, destroying lust and deceit. He drives away dry empiric knowledge which obscures the beauty of pure devotion. He is the protector, maintainer and constant guardian of His pure devotees.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

jaśomatī-nandana braja-baro nāgara, gokula-rañjana kāna gopī-parāṇa-dhana madana manohara, kālīya-damana-vidhāna

1 Śrī Krishna is the beloved son of Mother Jaśodā, the transcendental lover of the land of Braja and the delight of Gokula. One of His nicknames is Kāna. He is the life and soul of the *gopīs*. He is the enchanter of Cupid and the conqueror of the Kālīya serpent.

amala harinām amiya-vilāsā vipina-purandara navīna nāgara-bora, vaṁśī-badana suvāsā

The Holy Names of Krishna are spotless and full of sweetness and beauty. Krishna is the king of the forest of Vṛndāvan. He is the ever-fresh youth, an excellent dresser, and the best of lovers. He always plays sweet melodies upon His flute.

braja-jana-pālana asura-kula-nāśana, nanda-godhana rākhoyālā govinda mādhava navanīta-taṣkara, sundara nanda-gopālā

3 Krishna is the guardian of all who live in Vṛndāvan, and the destroyer of demons. He tends the cows and is known as Govinda, for He delights the cows and the senses. He is Mādhava, the husband of the goddess of fortune, He loves to steal butter and He is the beautiful cowherd boy of Nanda Mahārāj.

jamunā-taṭa-chara gopī-basana-hara, rāsa-rasika kṛpāmoya śrī-rādhā-vallabha vṛndāvana-naṭabara, bhakativinod-āśraya

Wandering on the banks of the Jamunā River, Krishna stole the garments of the *gopīs* while they were bathing. He enjoys the mellows of the *rāsa* dance. He is the most merciful, beloved lover of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī. He is the great dancer of Vṛndāvan, and the supreme shelter of Śrīla Bhaktivinod Ṭhākur.

Srī Sachīnandana-vandanā

by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

jaya śachīnandana sura-muni-vandana, bhava-bhaya-khaṇḍana jayo he jaya hari-kīrttana narttanā varttana, kalimala-karttana jayo he

1 All glories to Śrī Krishna Chaitanya Mahāprabhu, the son of Śachīdevī. Great sages and demigods always sing His praise, for by doing so, the fear of repeated birth and death is cut to pieces. All glories to the *kīrttan* of the Holy Name of Krishna, for when one chants the Holy Name of Krishna and dances in ecstasy, the filth of this age of Kali disappears.

nayana-purandara viśvarūpa snehadhara, viśvambhara viśvera kalyāṇa jaya lakṣmī-viṣṇupriyā viśvambhara priyahiyā, jaya priya kiṅkara īśāna

Śrī Chaitanya delights all eyes with His charming beauty. He is the most dearly beloved Lord of all and the intimate brother of Viśvarūp. He brings the highest auspiciousness to everyone, for He floods the entire universe with the nectar of love of Godhead and thus saves all living beings. All glories to Lakṣmīpriyā and Viṣṇupriyā Devī, who are very dear to Śrī Nimāi Paṇḍit. All glories to Their family servant, Īśāna.

śrī sītā-advaita-rāy mālinī-śrīvāsa jay, jay chandraśekhara āchāryya jay nityānanda rāy gadādhara jay jay, jaya haridās nāmāchāryya

3 All glories to Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī and Śrī Advaita Āchāryya, all glories to Mālinī-devī and Śrīvās Ṭhākur, and all glories to Āchāryya Chandraśekhara. All glories to Śrīla Nityānanda Prabhu, Śrīla Gadādhara Paṇḍit and Śrīla Haridās Ṭhākur, the Nāmāchāryya.

murāri mukunda jay premanidhi mahāśaya, jaya jata prabhu pāriṣad vandi savākāra pāya adhamere kṛpā hoy, bhakti sapārṣada-prabhupād

All glories to Murāri Gupta, and all glories to Mukunda Datta. All glories to all the other eternal associates of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu. By singing the glories of Śrīla Prabhupād and all those great souls who are eternal associates of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu, even the lowest of men can obtain the highest treasure of love.



gurudeva! kṛpā-bindu diyā, koro' ei dāse, tṛṇāpekṣā ati dīna sakala-sahane, bolo diyā koro, nija-māne spṛhā-hīna

1 Gurudeva, give to this servant just one drop of mercy. I am lower than a blade of grass. Give me all help. Give me strength. Let me be as you are, without desires or aspirations.

sakale sammān, korite śakati, deho nātha! jathā jatha tobe to' gāibo, harināma-sukhe, aparādha hobe hoto

2 Give me energy so that I can properly give respect and honour to all. Then I shall be able to happily chant the Holy Name, and my offences will go away.

kobe heno kṛpā, lobhiyā e jana, kṛtārtha hoibe, nātha! śakti-buddhi-hīn, āmi ati dīn, koro more ātma-sātha

3 Oh my Lord! When will such mercy fall to this person. I am weak, bereft, and devoid of intelligence. Please allow me to be with you.

jogyatā-vichāre, kichu nāhi pāi, tomāra koruņā-sāra koruņā nā hoile, kādiyā kādiyā, prāņa nā rākhibo āra

If you examine me, you will find no qualities. Your mercy is everything to me. If you are not merciful unto me, I can only weep, and I will not be able to maintain my life.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

Part 1

udilo aruṇa pūraba-bhāge, dvija-maṇi gorā amani jāge, bhakata-samūha loiyā sāthe, gelā nagara-brāje

1 Just before sunrise, as the eastern sky turned crimson, the jewel of the twice-born, Śrī Gaurahari, awoke. Taking His devotees with Him He began the *kīrttan*, wandering through the countryside towns and villages.

'tāthai tāthai' bājalo khol, ghana ghana tāhe jhānjera rol, preme ḍhala ḍhala sonāra aṅga, charaṇe nūpura bāje

The *mṛdaṅgas* went "tāthai tāthai" to the rhyming chiming of the cymbals, as Mahāprabhu's golden form shivered in ecstasy and His footbells jingled.

mukunda mādhava jādava hari, bolore bolore vadana bhori', miche nida-baśe gelo re rāti, divasa śorīra sāje

3 Mahāprabhu would call out to the still sleeping people, "Don't waste your nights uselessly sleeping and your days decorating your bodies! Cry out the Names Mukunda, Mādhava, Jādava and Hari!"

emona durllabha mānava-deho, pāiyā ki koro bhāva nā keho, ebe nā bhajile jaśodā-suta, charame poḍibe lāje 4 "You have attained this rare human form of life. What are you doing? Don't you care for this gift? If you don't worship the darling of Mother Jaśodā now, then great sorrow awaits you at the time of death."

udita tapana hoile asta, dina gelo-boli' hoibe byasta, tobe keno ebe alasa hoy, nā bhaja hṛdoya-rāje

Why then do you remain idle, refusing to serve the Lord of the heart?"

jīvana anitya jānaha sār, tāhe nānā-vidha vipada-bhār, nāmāśroya kori' jatane tumi, thākaha āpana kāje

6 "Know for certain that this life is full of various miseries. Take shelter of the Holy Name as your only business."

kṛṣṇa-nāma-sudhā koriyā pān juḍāo bhakativinoda-prāṇ, nāma binā kichu nāhiko āro, chaudda-bhuvana-mājhe

7 Drink the pure nectar of the Holy Name of Krishna, and thus satisfy the soul of Ṭhākur Bhaktivinoda. There is nothing but the Name to be had in all the fourteen worlds.

jīvera kalyāṇa-sādhana-kām, jagate āsi' e madhura nām, avidyā-timira-tapana-rūpe, hṛd-gagane birāje

8 To penetrate the darkness of ignorance and bless all souls within this universe, the beautiful Name of Krishna has arisen like the shining sun.

druṇodoya-kīrttan

Part 2

jīv jāgo, jīv jāgo, gaurāchāda bole kota nidrā jāo māyā-piśāchīra kole

1 Lord Gaurāṅga calls, "Wake up, sleeping souls! Wake up, sleeping souls! You have slept so long in the lap of the witch Māyā."

bhajibo boliyā ese samsāra-bhitore bhuliyā rohile tumi avidyāra bhore

2 "You came into this world saying, 'O my Lord, I will certainly worship You,' but having forgotten this promise, you have remained in great ignorance."

tomāre loite āmi hoinu avatāra āmi binā bandhu āra ke āche tomāra

3 "I have descended just to save you. Other than Myself, who else is your friend?"

enechi auṣadhi māyā nāśibāro lāgi' hari-nāma mahā-mantra lao tumi māgi'

4 "I have brought the medicine for destroying the illusion of *māyā*. Now pray for this Hari-nāma-mahāmantra and take it."

bhakativinoda prabhura-charaņe poḍiyā sei hari-nāma-mantra loilo māgiyā

5 Țhākur Bhaktivinoda fell at the lotus feet of Lord Gaurāṅga, and after begging for the Holy Name he received that Mahāmantra.



by Śrīla Viśvanāth Chakravartī Ṭhākur

samsāra-dāvānala-līḍha-lokatrāṇāya kāruṇya-ghanāghanatvam prāptasya kalyāṇa-guṇārṇavasya vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇāravindam

1 I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, who is the ocean of auspicious qualities. Just to deliver all planes of life that are suffering in the forest fire of the material world, he, as the rain-cloud of mercy, melts to shower down the waters of compassion.

mahāprabhoḥ kīrttana-nṛtya-gītavāditra-mādyan-manaso rasena romāñcha-kampāśru-taraṅga-bhājo vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇāravindam

I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, whose heart is maddened in nectarean love for Śrīman Mahāprabhu by the grand congregational chanting of the Holy Name. Dancing, singing, and playing the *khol* and *karatāls*,etc.; his body thrills with joy, trembles, and waves of tears flow from his eyes.

śrī-vigrahārādhana-nitya-nānāśrṅgāra-tan-mandira-mārjanādau yuktasya bhaktāṁś cha niyuñjato 'pi vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇāravindam

I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, who personally engages in many types of worshipful services such as dressing the deity and cleansing the Lord's holy temple, and similarly engages the devotees (in his retinue).

chatur-vidha-śrī-bhagavat-prasāda svādv-anna-tṛptān hari-bhakta-saṅghān kṛtvaiva tṛptiṁ bhajataḥ sadaiva vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇāravindam

4 I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, who fully satisfies the devotees of Śrī Krishna with four types of nectarean *prasādam* foodstuffs that are chewed, sucked, licked, and drunk (that is, he brings about the dispellation of mundanity and the awakening of the joy of love that develops from respecting *prasādam*), and he is thereby himself satisfied.

śrī-rādhikā-mādhavayor apara mādhurya-līlā-guņa-rūpa-nāmnām prati-kṣaṇāsvādana-lolupasya vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇaravindam

I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, whose heart is insatiably desirous of tasting the infinite Holy Names, Forms, Qualities and Pastimes of Śrī Rādhā-Mādhava that are full of the sweetness of love divine.

nikuñja-yūno rati-keli-siddhyair yā yālibhir yuktir apekṣaṇīyā tatrāti-dākṣyād ati-vallabhasya vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇāravindam

I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, who is extremely dear to the Supreme Divine Couple who sport in the groves of Braja, because he is greatly expert in those appropriate engagements that are performed by the *sakhīs* in order to serve the amorous Pastimes of the Divine Couple.

sākṣād-dharitvena samasta-śāstrair uktas tathā bhāvyata eva sadbhiḥ kintu prabhor yaḥ priya eva tasya vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇāravindam

7 I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master (who is the simultaneously inconceivably distinct and non-distinct manifest embodiment of the Supreme Lord): all the Scriptures sing the glories

of his being the direct non-different form of the Supreme Lord Śrī Hari, and the pure saints also concede this; yet, he is the most beloved of the Lord.

yasya prasādād bhagavat-prasādo yasyāprasādāt na gatiḥ kuto 'pi dhyayaṁ stuvaṁs tasya yaśas tri-sandhyaṁ vande guroḥ śrī-charaṇaravindam

I worship the lotus feet of the Divine Master, ever singing his glories and meditating upon him at the three junctions of the day. By his grace alone one gains the grace of the Lord, and if he is displeased the soul has no shelter anywhere.

śrīmad guroraṣṭakam etad uchair brāhme muhūrte paṭhati prayātnāt yas tena vṛndāvana-nātha-sākṣātsevaiva labhyā januṣo 'nta eva

One who, during the Brāhma-muhūrta (ninty-six minutes before sunrise) with meticulous regularity wholeheartedly sings these eight prayers to the Divine Master, attains, upon leaving the body in his spiritual perfection, the qualification to engage in the direct service of the Lord of Vṛndāvan.

uspicious Invocation to Śaraṇāgati

by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya prabhu jīve doyā kori' svapārṣada svīya dhāma saha avatari

1 Lord Śrī Krishna Chaitanya, Being gracious upon the jīva-souls, Along with Your associates and abode You descended to this world

antyanta durlabha prema koribāre dāna śikhāya śaraṇāgati bhakatera prāṇa

To distribute freely
the love divine most rare;
By teaching exclusive surrender,
the life and soul of the devotee

dainya, ātmanivedana, goptṛtve varaṇa 'avaśya rakṣibe kṛṣṇa'—viśvāsa pālana

Humility, self-giving, Embracing His guardianship, 'Krishna will certainly protect me'— Maintaining this faith.

bhakti-anukūla mātra kārjera svīkāra bhakti-pratikūla bhāva—varjjanāṅgīkāra

4 Acceptance of all activities favourable to devotion; Embracing rejection of adversity to devotion.

ṣaḍ-aṅga śaraṇāgati hoibe jā̈hāra tä̀hāra prārthanā śune śrī-nandakumāra

Those who surrender
in this sixfold way—
Their prayer will be heard
by the divine son of Nanda.

rūpa-sanātana-pade dante tṛṇa kori' bhakativinoda poḍe dui pada dhori'

Taking in his mouth a straw, falling at the lotus feet of Śrī Rūpa-Sanātan; Śrī Bhaktivinoda clasps their holy lotus feet.

kadiya kadiya bole, ami to' adhama sikhaye saranagati korohe uttama



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

bhaja re bhaja re āmār mana ati manda (bhajan binā gati nāi re) (braja-bane rādhā-kṛṣṇa bhajan binā gati nāi re)

(bhaja) braja-bane rādhā-kṛṣṇa-charaṇāravinda (jñāna-karma parihari' re) (śuddha rāga patha dhari jñāna-karma parihari)

1 O my mind, how foolish you are. Just worship the lotus feet of Rādhā and Krishna in the forest of Braja. Without such worship there is no means of spiritual advancement. Give up all speculative knowledge and materialistic activities and just worship Rādhā and Krishna in the forests of Braja.

(bhaja) gaura-gadādharādvaita-guru-nityānanda (gaura-kṛṣṇe abhede jene) (guru kṛṣṇa-priya jene gaura-kṛṣṇe abheda jene re)

śrīnivāsa, haridāsa, murāri, mukunda (gaura-preme smara smara re) (śrīnivāsa, haridāse, gaura-preme smara re)

You should worship and serve Lord Gaura, Gadādhara, Advaita, and the original Spiritual Master, Lord Nityānanda. Knowing Lord Gaura and Lord Krishna to be the same, and knowing the Spiritual Master to be very dear to Krishna, you should remember the dear associates of Lord Chaitanya, such as Śrīvās Ṭhākur, Haridās Ṭhākur, Murāri Gupta, and Mukunda Datta. In deep love for Lord Gaura, you should remember the two great personalities Śrīvās Ṭhākur and Haridās Ṭhākur.

rūpa-sanātana-jīva-raghunātha-dvandva (jadi bhajan korbe re) (rūpa-sanātane smaran jadi bhajan korbe re)

rāghava-gopāla-bhaṭṭa-svarūpa-rāmānanda (kṛṣṇa prema jadi chāo re) (svarūpa-rāmānande smara kṛṣṇa-prema jadi chāo re)

You should remember the Goswāmīs of Vṛndāvan: Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Sanātan Goswāmī, Jīva Goswāmī, Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, and Raghunāth dās Goswāmī. Ifyou worship Lord Krishna, then you should remember the two great souls Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī and Sanātan Goswāmī. You should also remember Rāghava Paṇḍit, Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Swarūp Dāmodar Goswāmī, and Rāmānanda Rāya. If you really seek love of Krishna, then you must remember Swarūp Dāmodar Goswāmī and Rāmānanda Rāya.

goṣṭhī-saha karṇapura-sen-śivānanda (ajasra smara smara re) (goṣṭhī-saha-sen śivānande ajasra smara re)

rūpānuga sādhu-jana bhajana-ānanda (braje bās jadi chāo re) (rūpānuga sādhu-jane smara braje bās jadi chāo re)

rūpānuga sādhu-jana bhajana-ānanda bhaja re bhaja re āmār mana ati manda

You should remember Śrīla Kavi Karṇapura and all his family members, who are all sincere servants of Lord Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu. You should also remember the father of Kavi Karṇapura, Śivānanda Sena. Always remember, always remember Śrī Karṇapura and his family. You should remember all those Vaiṣṇavas who strictly follow the path of Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī and who are absorbed in the ecstasy of *bhajan*. If you actually want residence in the land of Braja, then you must remember all of the Vaiṣṇavas, who are followers of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

vibhāvarī śeṣa, āloka-praveśa, nidrā chāḍi' uṭho jīva bolo hari hari, mukunda murāri, rāma kṛṣṇa hayagrīva

The night has come to an end and the light of dawn is entering. O jīva-soul, arise and give up your sleep. Chant the Holy Names of Lord Hari, who is the giver of liberation; the enemy of the Mura demon; the Supreme Enjoyer; the all-attractive one; and the horse-headed incarnation, Hayagrīva.

nṛsiṁha vāmana, śrī-madhusūdana, brajendra-nandana śyāma pūtanā-ghātana, kaiṭabha-śātana, jaya dāśarathi-rāma

Lord Hari incarnated as the half-man, half-lion, Nṛṣiṁha. He appeared as a dwarf-brāhmaṇa named Upendra and is the killer of the Madhu demon. He is the beloved son of the King of Braja, Nanda Mahārāj, and is blackish in complexion. He is the slayer of the Pūtanā witch and the destroyer of the demon Kaiṭabha. All glories to Lord Hari, who appeared as Lord Rāma, the son of King Dāśarath.

jaśodā dulāla, govinda-gopāla, vṛndāvana purandara gopī-priya-jana, rādhikā-ramaṇa, bhuvana-sundara-bara

He is the darling of Mother Jaśodā; the giver of pleasure to the cows, land, and spiritual senses; and the protector of the cows. He is the Lord of the Vṛndāvan forest; the *gopīs'* beloved; the lover of Rādhikā; and the most beautiful personality in all the worlds.

rāvāṇāntakara, mākhona-taskara, gopī-jana-vastra-hārī brajera rākhāla, gopa-vṛnda-pāla, chitta-hārī baṁśī-dhārī

As Rāmachandra He brought about the end of the demoniac King Rāvaṇa; as Krishna He stole the older *gopīs'* butter; He stole the younger *gopīs'* clothes while they were bathing in the Jamunā. He is a cowherd boy of Braja and the protector of the cowherd boys. He steals the hearts of all and always holds a flute.

jogīndra-bandana, śrī-nanda-nandana, braja-jana-bhaya-hārī navīna nīrada, rūpa manohara, mohana-vaṁśī-bihārī

Lord Krishna is worshiped by the best of yogis and is the son of Nanda. He removes all the fears of the inhabitants of Braja. He is the colour of a fresh rain cloud, and His form is enchanting. When He wanders about, playing His flute, He looks very charming.

jaśodā-nandana, kaṁsa-nisūdana, nikuñja-rāsa-vilāsī kadamba-kānana, rāsa-parāyaṇa, vṛndā-vipina-nivāsī

He is the son of Jaśodā and the killer of King Kaṁsa, and He sports in the Rasa dance among the groves of Braja. Krishna engages in this Rasa dance underneath the *kadamba* trees, and He resides in the forest of Vṛndāvan.

ānanda-vardhana, prema-niketana, phula-śara-jojaka kāma gopāṅgaṇāgaṇa, chitta-vinodana, samasta-guṇa-gaṇa-dhāma

He increases the ecstasy of His devotees. He is the reservoir of all love and is the transcendental Cupid who uses His flowered arrows to increase the loving desires of the *gopīs*. He is the pleasure of the *gopīs* hearts and the abode of all wonderful qualities.

jāmuna-jīvana, keli-parāyaṇa, mānasa-chandra-chakora nāma-sudhā-rasa, gāo kṛṣṇa-jaśa, rākho vachana mana mora

Lord Krishna is the life of the River Jamunā. He is always absorbed in amorous Pastimes, and He is the moon of the *gopīs'* minds, which are like the *chakora* birds that subsist only upon moonlight. O mind, obey these words of mine and sing the glories of Śrī Krishna in the form of these Holy Names, which are full of nectarean mellows.

hākura-vaiṣṇava-gaṇa

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

thākura vaiṣṇava-gaṇa kori ei nivedana mo boḍo adhama durāchāra dāruṇa-saṁsāra-nidhi tāhe ḍhūbailo vidhi keśe dhori more koro para

O saintly Vaiṣṇavas, although I am very fallen and misbehaved, I nevertheless place this appeal before you. My destiny has immersed me in this fearsome ocean of repeated birth and death. Please grab me by the hair, and pull me to the opposite shore.

vidhi bodo valavān na sune dharama-jñāna sadāi karama-pāse bāndhe nā dekhi tāraṇa lesa jata dekhi saba klesa anātha kātare tei kānde

2 My destiny is very powerful. I am not able to hear the knowledge of spiritual life, and I am always bound by the ropes of *karma*. I cannot see any way to escape my condition. I see only suffering. Helpless and stricken with grief, I cry.

kāma krodha lobha moha mada abhimāna saha āpana āpana sthāne ṭāne aichāna āmāra mana phire jena andha jana supatha vipatha nāhi jāne

I am just like a blind man unable to see what path is auspicious or inauspicious. I am helplessly dragged from here to there by lust, anger, greed, bewilderment, madness, and pride.

na loinu sat mata asate majilo chita tuyā pāye na korinu āśa narottama dāse koy dekhi śuni lage bhay tarāiyā loho nija pāśa 4 My mind became immersed in the impermanent satisfaction of the senses, and I could not understand the real goal of life. For this reason I did not aspire to attain Your lotus feet. Narottām Dās prays, "Everything I am seeing and hearing strikes me with fear. Delivering me, please keep me by your side."



hari haraye namaḥ kṛṣṇa jādavāya namaḥ jādavāya mādhavāya keśavāya namaḥ

1 O Lord Hari, O Lord Krishna, I offer my obeisances to You, who are known as Jādava, Hari, Mādhava, and Keśava.

gopāla govinda rām śrī madhusūdana giridhārī gopīnātha madana-mohana

O Gopāla, Govinda, Rāma, Śrī Madhusūdan, Giridhārī, Gopīnāth, Madana-mohan!

śrī-chaitanya nityānanda śrī advaita-chandra gadādhara śrīvāsādi gaura-bhakta-vṛnda

3 All glories to Śrī Chaitanya and Nityānanda. All glories to the moon-like Śrī Advaita Āchāryya. All glories to Śrī Gadādhara Paṇḍit and all the devotees of Śrī Chaitanya headed by Śrīvās Ṭhākur.

jaya rūpa sanātana bhaṭṭa raghunātha śrī-jīva-gopāla-bhaṭṭa dāsa raghunātha

4 All glories to Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Sanātan Goswāmī, Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, Gopāla Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, and Raghunāth dās Goswāmī.

ei choy gosāir kori charaṇa vandana jāhā hoite bighna-nāś abhīṣṭa pūraṇa

I offer my obeisances to the Six Goswāmīs. By offering them my obeisances all obstacles to devotion are destroyed and all spiritual desires are fulfilled.

ei choy gosāir jāra mui tāra dāsa tā-sabāra pada-reņu mora pañcha-grāsa

6 I am a servant of that person who is a servant of these six Goswāmīs. The dust of their holy feet is my five kinds of foodstuffs.

tadera charaṇa sebi bhakta sane bāsa janame janame mora ei abhilāṣa

7 This is my desire, that birth after birth I may live with those devotees who serve the lotus feet of these six Goswāmīs.

ei choy gosāi jabe braje koilā bāsa rādhā-kṛṣṇa-nitya-līlā korilā prakāśa

8 When these six Goswāmīs lived in Braja they revealed and explained the eternal Pastimes of Rādhā and Krishna.

ānande bolo hari bhaja vṛndāvana śrī-guru-vaiṣṇava-pade majāiyā mana

Absorbing your mind in meditation upon the divine feet of the Spiritual Master and the holy Vaiṣṇavas, chant the names of Lord Hari in ecstasy, and worship the transcendental realm of Vṛndāvan.

śrī-guru-vaiṣṇava-pāda-padma kori āśa (hari) nāma-saṅkīrttana kohe narottama dāsa

10 Desiring the lotus feet of Śrī Guru and the Vaiṣṇavas, Narottam dās sings the *saṅkīrttan* of the Holy Name.

Midday



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

bhaja bhakata-vatsala śrī-gaurahari śrī-gaurahari sohi goṣṭha-bihārī, nanda-jaśomatī-chitta-hārī

1 Just worship Śrī Gaurahari, who is always affectionate toward His devotees. He is the same Supreme Godhead, Krishna, who sported in the cowherd pastures of Braja and stole the hearts of Nanda and Jaśodā.

belā ho'lo, dāmodara, āisa ekhano bhoga-mandire bosi' koraho bhojana

Mother Jaśodā calls to Krishna, "My dear Dāmodar, it is very late."
Please come right now, sit down in the dining hall, and take your lunch."

nandera nirdeśe baise giri-bara-dhārī baladeva-saha sakhā baise sāri sāri

3 On the direction of Nanda Mahārāj, Krishna, the holder of Govardhan Hill, sits down, and then all the cowherd boys, along with Krishna's elder brother, Śrī Baladeva, sit down in rows to take their lunch.

śuktā-śākādi bhāji nālitā kuṣmāṇḍa ḍāli ḍālnā dugdha-tumbī dadhi mochā-ghaṇṭa

They are then served a feast of *śuktā* and various kinds of green leafy vegetables, then nice fried things, and a salad made of the green leaves of the jute plant. They are also served pumpkin, baskets of fruit, small square cakes made of lentils and cooked down milk, then thick yogurt, squash cooked in milk, and vegetable preparations made from the flower of the banana tree.

mudga-boḍā māṣa-boḍā roṭikā ghṛtānna śaṣkulī piṣṭaka kṣīr puli pāyasānna

Then they receive fried squares of *mung dāl* patties, and *urad dāl* patties, *chapātīs*, and rice with ghee. Next, sweets made with milk, sugar, and sesamum; rice flour cakes; thick cooked-down milk; cakes floating in milk; and sweet rice.

karpūra amṛta-kelī rambhā kṣīra-sāra amṛta rasālā, amla dvādaśa prakāra

There is also sweet rice that tastes just like nectar due to its being mixed with camphor. There are bananas, and cheese which is nectarean and delicious. They are also served twelve kinds of sour preparations made with tamarinds, limes, lemons, oranges, and pomegranates.

luchi chini sarapurī lāḍḍu rasābalī bhojana korena kṛṣṇa ho'ye kutūhalī

7 There are *purīs* made with white flour and sugar; *purīs* filled with cream; *laḍḍus*; and *dāl* patties boiled in sugared rice. Krishna eagerly eats all of the food.

rādhikāra pakka anna vividha byañjana parama ānande kṛṣṇa korena bhojana

8 In great ecstasy and joy Krishna eats the rice, curried vegetables, sweets, and pastries cooked by Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī.

chole-bole lāḍḍu khāy śrī-madhumaṅgala bagala bājāy āra deya hari-bolo

9 Krishna's funny *brāhmaṇa* friend Madhumaṅgal, who is very fond of *laḍḍus*, gets them by hook or by crook. Eating the *laḍḍus* he shouts, "Haribol! Haribol!" and makes a funny sound by slapping his sides under his armpits with his hands.

rādhikādi gaņe heri' nayanera koņe tṛpta ho'ye khāy kṛṣṇa jaśodā-bhavane

10 Beholding Rādhārāṇī and Her *gopī* friends out of the corners of His eyes, Krishna eats at the house of Mother Jaśodā with great satisfaction.

bhojanānte piye kṛṣṇa subāsita bāri sabe mukha prakṣāloy ho'ye sāri sāri

11 After lunch, Krishna drinks rose-scented water. Then all of the boys, standing in lines, wash their mouths.

hasta-mukha prakṣāliyā jata sakhā-gaņe ānande biśrāma kore baladeva-sane

12 After all the cowherd boys wash their hands and mouths, in great bliss they take rest with Lord Balarām.

jāmbula rasāla āne tāmbūla-maśālā tāhā kheye kṛṣṇa-chandra sukhe nidrā gelā

13 The two cowherd boys Jāmbula and Rasāla then bring Krishna *pān* made with betel nuts, fancy spices, and catechu. After eating that *pān*, Śrī Krishnachandra then happily goes to sleep.

viśālākṣa śikhi-pucha-chāmara ḍhulāya apūrvva śayāya kṛṣṇa sukhe nidrā jāya

14 While Krishna happily takes His rest on an excellent bedstead, His servant Viśālākṣa cools Him with a fan of peacock feathers.

jaśomatī-ājñā peye dhaniṣṭhā-ānito śrī-kṛṣṇa-prasāda rādhā bhuñje hoye prīto

15 At Mother Jaśodā's request the *gopī* Dhaniṣṭhā brings remnants of food left on Krishna's plate to Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, who eats them with great delight.

lalitādi sakhī-gaņa avaśeṣa pāya mane mane sukhe rādhā-kṛṣṇa-guṇa gāya

16 Lalitā-devī and the other *gopīs* then receive the remnants, and within their hearts they sing the glories of Rādhārāṇī and Krishna with great joy.

hari-līlā ek-mātra jāhāra pramoda bhogārati gāy ṭhākur bhakativinoda

17 Thākur Bhaktivinoda, whose one and only joy is the Pastimes of Lord Hari, sings this Bhoga-ārati song.

bhaja govinda govinda gopāla giridhārī gopīnātha nanda dulala bhaja govinda govinda gopāla nanda dulala jaya jaya śachī dulala śachī dulala jaya jaya gaura gopāla



mahāprasāde govinde nāma brahmaņi vaiṣṇave svalpa pūṇya vatām rājan viśvāso naiva jāyate

For those who have not amassed sufficient pious credits they will never be able to honour Mahāprasāda, Lord Govinda, the transcendental sound vibration form of the Lord's Holy Name nor the Vaiṣṇavas.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

bhāi-re!
śorīra avidyā-jāl, joḍendriya tāhe kāl,
jīve phele viṣaya-sāgore
tā'ra madhye jihvā ati, lobhamoy sudurmati,
tā'ke jetā koṭhina saṁsāre

1 Oh brothers! This material body is a network of ignorance, and the senses are one's deadly enemies, for they throw the soul into the ocean of material sense enjoyment. Among the senses, the tongue is the most voracious and verily wicked; it is very difficult to conquer the tongue in this world.

kṛṣṇa boḍo doyāmoy, koribāre jihvā jay, sva-prasād-anna dilo bhāi sei annāmṛta pāo, rādhā-kṛṣṇa-guṇa gāo, preme ḍāko chaitanya-nitāi

Oh brothers! Lord Krishna is very merciful – just to control the tongue He has given us the remnants of His own food! Now please eat these nectarean grains while singing the glories of Their Lordships Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Krishna, and in love call out Chaitanya! Nitāi!

(preme bhore ḍākare) (dayāl nitāi chaitanya bole, preme bhore ḍākare) (nitāi gaura haribol!)



Evening Songs



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

(kiba) jaya jaya gaurāchāder ārotiko śobhā jāhṇavī-taṭa-vane jagamana-lobhā

(jaga janer mana-lobhā) (gaurāṅger āroti śobhā jaga janer mana-lobhā) (nitāi gaura haribol)

1 All glories, all glories to the beautiful ceremony of worship to Lord Gaurachandra in a grove on the banks of the Jāhṇavī river! It is attracting the minds of all living entities in the universe.

(kiba) dakṣiṇe nitāichād bāme gadādhara nikaṭe advaita śrīnivāsa chatra-dhara

On Lord Gaurachandra's right side is Lord Nityānanda, and on His left is Śrī Gadādhara. Before Him stands Śrī Advaita, and Śrīvās Ṭhākur holds an umbrella over the Lord's head.

(kiba) bosiyāche gaurāchād ratna-simhāsane

(ratna-simhāsana alo korere bosiyāchen gaurāchād ratna-simhāsane) ārati korena brahmā ādi-deva gaņe (gaurāṅger āroti kore) (brahmā ādi-deva gaņe gaurāṅger āroti kore) (gaurāṅgera bhakta sane gaurāṅger āroti kore) (nitāi gaura haribol)

3 Lord Chaitanya is seated upon a jewelled throne while the demigods headed by Lord Brahmā perform the *ārati* ceremony.

(kiba) narahari-ādi kori chāmara ḍhulāya sañjaya-mukunda-vāsu-ghoṣa-ādi gāya

(gaura guṇa gāna kore) (sañjaya mukunda vāsu-ghoṣa gaura guṇa gāna kore) (nitāi gaura haribol) 4 Narahari Sarakār and other associates of Lord Chaitanya fan Him with whisks and the devotees headed by Sañjaya Paṇḍit, Mukunda Datta, and Vāsu Ghoṣa sing sweet *kīrttan* along with the other devotees.

(kiba) **śaṅkha bāje ghaṇṭā bāje bāje karatāla madhura mṛdaṅga bāje parama rasāla**

(madhur madhur madhur bāje) (gaurāṅger āroti kāle madhur madhur madhur bāje) (śaṅkha bāje ghaṇṭā bāje madhur madhur madhur bāje) (madhura mṛdanga bāje madhur madhur madhur bāje) (nitāi gaura haribol)

5 Conchshells, bells, and *karatālas* resound, and the *mṛdaṅgas* play very sweetly. This *kīrttan* music is supremely sweet and relishable to hear.

(kiba) bahu-koți chandra jini vadana ujjvala gala-deśe bona-mālā kore jhalamala

(jhalmol jhalmol kore) (gaura gole bona phuler mālā jhalmol jhalmol jhalmol kore) (nitāi gaura haribol)

6 The brilliance of Lord Chaitanya's face conquers millions upon millions of moons, and the garland of forest flowers around His neck shines.

(kiba) **śiva-śuka-nārada preme gada-gada bhakativinoda dekhe gorāra sampada**

7 Lord Shiva, Śukadeva Goswāmī and Nārada Muni are all present and their voices are choked with the ecstasy of transcendental love. Thus Bhaktivinoda envisions the glorious worship of Lord Gaurachandra.

(ei bār āmāy doyā koro) (ṭhākura śrī bhaktivinoda ei bār āmāy doyā koro) (ṭhākura śrī sarasvatī ei bār āmāy doyā koro) (patit-pāvan śrī gurudev ei bār āmāy doyā koro) (sapārṣada gaurahari ei bār āmāy doyā koro) (nitāi gaura haribol)

This time please give me your grace. Oh Śrī Bhaktivinoda, Śrī Saraswatī Ṭhākur, Oh Gurudeva, saviour of the fallen, Oh Lord Gaurahari along with Your associates, this time please give me Your grace.



by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj Translated by Devamoyī Devī Dasī

jayare jayare jaya gaura-sarasvatī bhakativinoda nvaya koruṇā murati

1 All glories, all glories all glories to Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta Saraswatī Ṭhākur, who is intimately connected with Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur and is an embodiment of Śrī Gaurāṅga's mercy.

prakāśile gaura-sevā bhūvana maṅgala bhakatisiddhānta śuddha prajñāna ujjvala

You manifested devotional service to Lord Gaurāṅga, which is beneficial to the whole universe. Your pure devotional conclusions are effulgent with Absolute Knowledge.

rādhā-śyāma ekatanu dakṣe gorā rāya bāme rādha madhye svayaṁ śyāma-gopa jaya

All glories to Śrī Rādhā and Śyāma (Krishna) who are combined in the one body of Śrī Gaurāṅga, who is on the right side; glories to Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, who is on the left side; and glories to Him, who is in the middle and who is none other than the Supreme Cowherd Boy, Śrī Śyāmasundar.

braja rasa nava bhāve nabadvīpe rāje udāre madhura rāga abhinava sāje

The mellow of Braja (Vṛndāvan) is present in Nabadwīp in a new mood; when this sweet loving sentiment is mixed with magnanimity, then it shows itself as uniquely beautiful.

mādhuryya kaivalya rāga brajera nirjāsa prāpti parākāṣṭhā tāhe gaurāṅga vilāsa

5 Mādhurya-rasa (conjugal love) is the essence of Braja Dhām, and the Pastimes of Mahāprabhu take it to its highest perfection.

rādhā bhāva-kānti aṅgikari' bhālo mate dakṣiṇe āsana rasa garimā dekhāte

6 Earnestly accepting Śrī Rādhā's mood and beauty, He has taken His place on the right to show His glorious position.

rādhā-rasa-troyo-svāda rahasya proyāsa nirakhi praphulla rādhā mukhe manda hāsa

7 Seeing Krishna's mischievous desire to understand the glory of Her love, Krishna's wonderful sweetness that only She can relish through Her transcendental qualities, and the happiness She feels from Krishna's sweet love for Her, Rādhārāṇī is very pleased and there is a subdued smile on Her face.

madhye rahi vamśīrave ghoṣe vamśīdhara rādhāra sampade āmī gaurānga-sundara

8 In the middle, Vaṁśīdhara (the Flute Player) is playing His flute, thinking that, "Only by the wealth of Rādhārāṇī do I become Gaurāṅga Sundar."

madabhīṣṭha rūpa rādhāra hṛdoya mandire gaurāṅga bhajile suṣṭhu sphūrti pāya tāre

9 "My most cherished form is revealed in the temple of Rādhārāṇī's heart, and that highest manifestation of Myself can be attained only by worshipping Gaurāṅga."

nadīyā prakāśe mahāprabhu gaura-nidhi patita pāvana deve milāila vidhi

By the Lord's divine arrangement, the Supreme Savior of the fallen souls appeared in Nadīyā as the most beloved Śrī Gaurāṅga Mahāprabhu.

e-rūpa ārati brahmā śambhu agochara gaura bhakta kṛpā pātra mātra siddhi sāra

11 This type of divine worship of Mahāprabhu is beyond the vision of even Lord Brahmā or Lord Shiva. Only by receiving the mercy of a devotee of Lord Gaurāṅga can one attain such perfection.

śrī svarūpa, rāmānanda, rūpa, sanātana śrī raghu, jīvādi kṛpāya dekhe bhakta-jana

12 Only by the mercy of Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar, Śrī Rāmananda Rāya, Śrī Rūpa, Śrī Sanātan, Śrī Raghunāth, Śrī Jīva and their associates do the devotees attain that vision.

jaya guru-gaura-rādhā-govinda-sundara jaya dāo bhakta vṛnda nitya nirantara

13 All glories to Śrī Guru, Gaurāṅga, Rādhā-Govindasundar. O devotees, always sing Their eternal glories.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

kobe śrī chaitanya more-koribena doyā kobe āmi pāibo vaiṣṇava-pada-chāyā

1 Oh when will Śrī Chaitanya bestow upon me his Grace? When will I get shelter in the shade of the holy feet of the Vaiṣṇavas?

kobe āmi chāḍibo e viṣoyābhimān kobe viṣṇu-jane āmi koribo sammān

When will I give up the false ego of being an enjoyer and when will I offer all respects to the sincere devotees of Lord Vishnu?

galabastra kṛtāñjali vaiṣṇava-nikaṭe dante tṛṇa kori dẳdāibo niṣkapaṭe

When will I submit myself at the feet of the Vaiṣṇava with the cloth of surrender around my neck and with straw between my teeth?

kadiya kadiya janaibo duhkhagram samsara-anala hoite magibo viśram

4 Weeping and weeping when will I submit my sorrowful tale at the feet of the Vaiṣṇava and when will I seek relief from the fire of material suffering praying to that Vaiṣṇava for shelter and rest?

śuniyā āmāra duḥkha vaiṣṇava ṭhākura āmā' lāgi' kṛṣṇe āvedibena prachura

5 Upon hearing the tale of my worldly sorrow that saintly Vaiṣṇava will petition Krishna on my behalf in prayer.

vaiṣṇavera āvedane kṛṣṇa doyāmoy e heno pāmara prati hoben sadoy

Then satisfied by that Vaiṣṇava's prayer Krishna will be merciful upon this wicked and sinful wretch.

vinodera nivedan vaiṣṇava-charaṇe kṛpā kori saṅge loho ei akiñchane

7 Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur submits this prayer at the lotus feet of the Vaiṣṇavas. "Give my your Grace and accept this lowly soul in your association."



by Śrīla Chandraśekhara Kavi

namo namaḥ tulasī mahārāṇī, vṛnde mahārāṇī namo namaḥ

O Tulasī Mahārāṇī, O Vṛnda Devī, I offer my obeisances unto you again and again.

namo re namo re māiyā namo nārāyaņi

1 O Nārāyaṇi I offer you my obeisances again and again.

jāko daraśe, paraśe agha-nāśa-hoi mahimā veda-purāņe bākhāni

2 By seeing or touching you all sins are destroyed. Your glories are sung in the *Vedas* and *Purāṇas*.

jāko patra, mañjarī komala śrī-pati-charaņa-kamale lapaţāni dhanya tulasi, pūraņa tapa kiye, śrī-śālagrāma-mahā-pāṭarāṇī

Your leaves and soft *mañjarīs* are entwined at the lotus feet of Lord Nārāyaṇa. O Tulasī by your performance of austerity you have become the worshipful consort of Śrī Śālagrām Śila.

dhūpa, dīpa, naivedya, āroti, phulanā kiye varakhā varakhāni chāppānna bhoga, chatriśa byañjana, binā tulasī prabhu eka nāhi māni

4 You shower your mercy upon anyone who offers you incense, lamp, foodstuffs, worship and flowers. The Lord does not accept even one of fifty-six food offerings or thirty-six curries offered without Tulasī leaves.

śiva-śuka-nārada, āur brahmādiko, dhudata phirata mahā-muni jñānī chandraśekhara māiyā, terā jaśa gāoye bhakati-dāna dījiye mahārāņi

Lord Shiva, Śukadeva Goswāmī, Nārada Muni, all the demigods headed by Lord Brahmā, the mystics and great munis are all circumambulating you. O Tulasī Mahārāṇī, thus Chandraśekhara sings of your glories. Please bestow upon him the gift of devotion.

rī Guru-vaiṣṇava Māhātmya-gīti

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

śrī guru charaṇa-padma, kevala-bhakati-sadma, bando mui sāvadhāna mate jā̇hāra prasāde bhāi, e bhava toriyā jāi, kṛṣṇa-prāpti hoya jā̇hā hoite

1 The lotus feet of the Spiritual Master are the abode of pure devotional service. I bow down to those lotus feet with great care and attention. My dear brother (my dear mind)! It is through the grace of the Spiritual Master that we cross over this material world.

guru-mukha-padma-vākya, chittete koriyā aikya, āro nā koriha mane āśā śrī guru-charaņe rati, sei se uttama-gati, je prasāde pūre sarvva āśā

2 Make the teachings from the lotus mouth of the Spiritual Master one with your heart, and do not desire anything else. Attachment to the lotus feet of the Spiritual Master is the best means of spiritual advancement. By his mercy all desires for spiritual perfection are fulfilled.

chakṣu-dāna dilā jei, janme janme prabhu sei, divya-jñāna hṛde prokāśito prema-bhakti jāhā hoite, avidyā vināśa jāte, vede gāya jằhāra charito

He who has given me the gift of transcendental vision is my lord, birth after birth. By his mercy divine knowledge is revealed within the heart, bestowing loving devotion and destroying ignorance. The *Vedic* Scriptures sing of his character.

śrī-guru koruṇā-sindhu, adhama janāra bandhu, lokanātha lokera jīvana hā hā prabhu koro doyā, deho more pada-chāyā, ebe jaśa ghuṣuk tribhuvana (e adhama loilo śaraṇa) (tuyā pade loinu śaraṇa)

O Spiritual Master, ocean of mercy, and friend of the fallen souls, you are the teacher of everyone and the life of all people. O master! Be merciful unto me, and give me the shade of your lotus feet. May your glories now be proclaimed throughout the three worlds.

(āmi) (śaraṇilam) (abhaya śrī pada padme śaraṇilam) (āmay) (doyā koro he) (patit-pāvan śrī gurudev doyā koro he) (adhama patita jene doyā koro he) (jay gurudev)

I have surrendered, I have surrendered unto your fearless lotus feet. Please give your mercy. Oh Śrī Gurudeva, saviour of the fallen, please give me your mercy. You are the saviour of the lowly fallen souls. All glories to you Śrī Gurudeva.

āvaraṇa-Śrī-Gaura-pāda-padme

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

śrī kṛṣṇa chaitanya prabhu doyā koro more tomā binā ke doyālu jagata mājhāre

1 Lord Śrī Krishna, kindly give Your Grace to me In the whole creation, there's none as merciful as You.

patita-pāvana-hetu tava avatāra mo samo patita prabhu nā pāibe āra

You descended just to save the fallen souls Oh Lord, a soul as fallen as me is nowhere to be found.

hā hā prabhu nityānanda premānanda sukhī kṛpā-bolokana koro āmi boḍo duḥkhī

3 Oh Lord, Oh Lord Nityānanda ever in the Joy of Your love Kindly give Your Gracious Glance, I am very sad.

doyā koro sītā-pati advaita gosāi tava kṛpā-bole pāi chaitanya-nitāi

4 Kindly give Your Grace, Śrī Advaita Goswāmī, the Lord of Śrīmatī Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī, by the power of Your Grace we may gain the service of Śrī Śrī Nitāi-Chaitanya.

gaura premamoya tanu paṇḍit gadādhara śrīnivāsa haridāsa doyāra sāgara

5 The embodiment of Śrī Gaura's love Paṇḍit Gadādhara; Śrīvās Paṇḍit, Haridās Ṭhākur, you are the ocean of grace personified.

hā hā svarūpa sanātana rūpa raghunātha bhatta-juga śrī jīva hā prabhu lokanātha

6 Oh my Lords, Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar, Śrī Sanātan, Śrī Rūpa and Śrī Raghunāth; Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa; Oh my Lord Śrī Lokanāth Goswāmī.

doyā koro śrī-āchāryya prabhu śrīnivāsa rāmachandra-saṅga māge narottama dāsa

7 Please grant Your blessings Oh Lord Śrī Śrīnivās Āchāryya; for the company of Śrī Rāmachandra Chakravartī, Narottam dās does pray.

(doyā koro prabhupāda śrī gaura prakāśa) (tava jana kṛpā māge ei adhama dāsa)

8 Kindly give Your Grace, Śrīla Prabhupād Saraswatī Ṭhākur, manifestation of Śrī Gaura. This fallen servant begs the mercy of your associates.

Srī Vaiṣṇava-mahimā-gīti

by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

(ohe) vaiṣṇava ṭhākura, doyāra sāgara, e dāse koruṇā kori diyā pada-chāyā, śodho he āmāre, tomāra charaṇa dhori

1 Oh my Lord, Oh Vaiṣṇava, Ocean of grace, Kindly be gracious to this servitor; Bestow the shade of your holy feet, purify me, I clasp your holy lotus feet.

choya bega domi', choya doṣa śodhi', choya guṇa deho' dāse choya sat-saṅga, deho' he āmāre, bosechi saṅgera āśe

2 Subjugate the six urges, rectify the six defects, bestow the six good qualities upon this servitor; Please grant me the six kinds of saintly association; I sit at your feet aspiring for that association. *see footnote

ekākī āmāra, nāhi pāya bolo, hari-nāma-saṅkīrttane tumi kṛpā kori, śraddhā-bindu diyā, deho' kṛṣṇa-nāma-dhane

On my own I have no strength to chant the Holy Name in congregation; Kindly be pleased to bestow a drop of faith in my heart, giving me the treasure of Lord Krishna's Name.

kṛṣṇa se tomāra, kṛṣṇa dite pāro, tomāra śakati āche āmi to kāṅgāla, 'kṛṣṇa kṛṣṇa' boli, dhāi tava pāche pāche (āmi) (dhāi tava pāche pāche) (kṛṣṇa dhana pābarāse dhāi tava pāche pāche) (tumi dileou dite pāro) (kṛṣṇa tomār hṛdoyer dhan tumi dileou dite pāro) (kṛṣṇa devār śakti dhara tumi dileou dite pāro)

4 Krishna is yours, you can give Him, you have the power to do so; I who am bereft, Calling 'Krishna, Krishna,' am running desperately behind you.

*footnote to verse 2:-

The six urges are those of speech, the mind, anger, the tongue, the belly, and the genitals.

The six faults are overeating or collecting more monetary funds than required, overendeavouring for material objectives, unnecessary talking about mundane affairs, being too attached to or too neglectful of Scriptural rules and regulations, associating with worldly-minded persons, and lusting after mundane achievements.

The six good qualities are enthusiasm, patience, confidence, the determination to perform activities favourable to devotional service, the resolution to abandon the association of non-devotees, and the discipline required to always follow in the footsteps of the predecessor *āchāryyas*.

The six kinds of saintly association are offering gifts in charity, accepting charitable gifts, revealing one's mind in confidence, inquiring confidentially, accepting *prasādam* and offering *prasādam*.

Trī Śrī Prabhupāda-padma Stavakaḥ

Prayer unto the Lotus Feet of my Lord and Master Śrīla Prabhupād by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

sujanārvvuda-rādhita-pāda-yugam yuga-dharma-dhurandhara-pātra-varam varadābhaya-dāyaka-pūjya-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

His lotus feet are served in devotion by multitudes of high, virtuous souls; he is the establisher of the religion of the age as he is the presiding monarch of the Viśva-Vaiṣṇava-Rāja-Sabhā—the universal society of the pure devotees that are the true 'kings' or guides of all; and he is the fulfiller of the most cherished desires of those who dispel fear (for all souls). I make my obeisance unto the lotus feet of that illustrious great soul, worshipable by one and all—perpetually do I make my obeisance unto the radiance emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Lord.

bhajanorjjita sajjana-saṅgha-patim patitādhika-kāruṇikaika-gatim gati-vañchita-vañchakāchintya-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

He is the leader of the fortunate souls blessed with the treasure of internal pure devotion; he is greatly merciful upon the fallen souls, being their only shelter; and his inconceivable holy feet are the shelter for the deceivers, by deceiving them. I make my obeisance unto his lotus feet—perpetually do I make my obeisances unto the radiance emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Lord.

atikomala-kāñchana-dīrgha-tanum tanu-nindita-hema-mṛṇāla-madam madanārvvuda-vandita-chandra-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

I make my obeisance unto his divine, charming yet commanding lofty form of golden hue. That beautiful figure shames the mad ecstasy of golden lotus stems. Venerated by tens of millions of Cupids, the moons of the toenails of my Worshipful Divine Master reveal the beauty of his lotus feet. Perpetually do I make my obeisance unto that effulgence emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Lord.

nija-sevaka-tāraka-rañji-vidhum vidhutāhita-hunkṛta-simha-varam varaṇāgata-bāliśa-śanda-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

Like the moon that delights the stars, he is surrounded by his circle of personal servitors, making their hearts bloom in divine ecstasy. The malicious non-devotees are made to flee in panic by the sound of his thunderous roar, and the simple, inoffensive souls attain the ultimate fortune by accepting his lotus feet. I make my obeisance unto him; perpetually do I make my obeisance unto the brilliance emanating from the toenails of the holy lotus feet of my Lord.

vipulīkṛta-vaibhava-gaura-bhuvaṁ bhuvaneṣu vikīrtita-gaura-dayam dayanīya-gaṇārpita-gaura-padaṁ praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

He has revealed the vast, magnificent beauty of Śrī Gaura Dhām; he has broadcast the tidings of the supreme magnanimity of Śrī Gaurāṅga throughout the whole universe; and in the hearts of the fit recipients of his grace, he has firmly established the lotus feet of Śrī Gaura. I make my obeisance unto him; perpetually do I make my obeisance unto the effulgence emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Lord.

chira-gaura-janāśraya-viśva-gurum guru-gaura-kiśoraka-dāsya-param paramādṛta-bhaktivinoda-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

He is the eternal shelter and the Universal Guru for the souls surrendered unto Śrī Gaurāṅga. Absorbed in the service of his Gurudev, Śrī Gaura Kiśora, he wholeheartedly adores Śrī Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur. I make my obeisance unto him; perpetually do I make my obeisance unto the effulgence emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Lord.

raghu-rūpa-sanātana-kīrtti-dharam dharaṇī-tala-kīrttita-jīva-kavim kavirāja-narottama-sakhya-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

He is the illustrious personality to raise the flag that sings the glory of Śrī Rūpa, Śrī Sanātan, and Śrī Raghunāth. His glory is sung throughout the world as non-different from the powerful personality of brilliant erudition, Śrī Jīva. And he has won the renown of being one with the hearts of Śrīla Krishna Dās Kavirāj and Ṭhākur Narottam. I make my obeisance unto him; perpetually do I bow down to the brilliance emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Divine Master.

kṛpayā hari-kīrttana mūrtti-dharaṁ dharaṇī-bhara-hāraka-gaura-janam janakādhika-vatsala-snigdha-padaṁ praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

Bestowing his grace upon all souls, he is Hari-*kīrttan* incarnate. As the associate of Śrī Gaura, he relieves Mother Earth of the burden of offences committed upon her. And he is so gracious that his endearance of all beings excels that of even a father. I make my obeisance unto him—the mine of all these qualities; perpetually do I bow down to the effulgence emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Divine Master.

śaraṇāgata-kiṅkara-kalpa-taruṁ taru-dhik-kṛta dhīra vadānya varam varadendra-gaṇārchita-divya-padaṁ praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

Like a wish-fulfilling tree for his surrendered servitors (he fulfills their heart's aspirations), even a tree is shamed by his magnanimity and forbearance. And great personalities who are competent to confer boons—they, too, worship his lotus feet. I make my obeisance unto him; perpetually do I bow down to the radiance emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Divine Master.

parahamsa-varam paramārtha-patim patitodharaņe kṛta-veśa-yatim yati-rāja-gaṇaiḥ parisevya-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

The crown-jewel of the *paramahaṁsas*, the Prince of the treasure of the supreme perfection of life, Śrī Krishna-*prema*, he accepted the robes of a mendicant *sannyāsī* just to deliver the fallen souls. The topmost *tridaṇḍī sannyāsīs* attend his lotus feet. I make my obeisance unto him; perpetually do I bow down to the effulgence emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Divine Master.

vṛṣabhānu-sutā-dayitānucharam charaṇāśrita-reṇu-dharas tam aham mahad-adbhuta-pāvana-śakti-padam praṇamāmi sadā prabhupāda-padam

He is the dearmost intimate follower of the Divine Daughter of Śrī Vṛṣabhānu, and I know myself as the most fortunate by taking the dust of his holy feet upon my head. I make my obeisance unto his invincible, wondrously purifying lotus feet—perpetually do I bow to the brilliance emanating from the toenails of the holy feet of my Divine Master.

rī Śrī Premadhāma-deva-stotram

Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣaka Śrīdhara Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj Edited by Swāmī Bhakti Pāvan Janārdan

1

deva-siddha-mukta-yukta-bhakta-vṛnda-vanditaṁ pāpa-tāpa-dāva-dāha-dagdha duḥkha-khaṇḍitam kṛṣṇa-nāma-sīdhu-dhāma-dhanya-dāna-sāgaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The universal gods, perfected beings, salvationists, mystic yogis, and exalted servitors of the Absolute Truth, Śrī Krishna, constantly chanted the glories of Śrī Gaurasundar.

In regard to Lord Chaitanya's Pastimes, Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī has mentioned the following verse in his Śrī Chaitanyāṣṭakam:

sadopāsyaḥ śrīmān dhṛta-manuja-kāyaiḥ praṇayitām vahadbhir gīr-vāṇair giriśa-parameṣṭhi-prabhṛtibhiḥ

The gods, headed by Lord Shiva and Lord Brahmā, accepted the garb of ordinary men in the Pastimes of Śrī Chaitanyadeva in order to eternally worship Him with heartfelt affection." Śrī Chaitanyadeva is the embodiment of that vast nectarean ocean found in Lord Krishna's Holy Name, which is none other than Śrī Gaurāṅga's own pure Name. Śrī Chaitanyadeva is compared to that grand milk ocean which, after being churned, produced nectar. The nectar Mahāprabhu distributes is Lord Krishna's Holy Names, which extinguish all the miseries of material existence, such as anxieties arising from sinful activities performed in direct opposition to the Lord, and the three-fold sufferings which fuel the grand forest fire that scorches those in search of sense gratification, salvation, and mystic yoga perfections. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

svarņa-koţi-darpaṇābha-deha-varṇa-gauravaṁ padma-pārijāta-gandha-vanditāṅga-saurabham koţi-kāma-mūrchitāṅghri-rūpa-rāsa-raṅgaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The charming aura of Śrī Gaurasundar's divine figure resembles the reflection of millions of radiant golden mirrors. Furthermore, the personified sweet fragrance of the earthly and heavenly lotus flowers humbly offer their prayers before the aromatic scent which permeates the air from the beautiful form of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu. Millions and millions of Cupids fall unconscious before the feet of Śrī Chaitanyadeva's elegant figure. They are severely shocked because their sense of universal fame arising from their beautiful splendor is checked. While performing His joyful Pastimes of dancing, the divine form of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva playfully sways to and fro. The flowing pulsations of the Lord's limbs move in rhythm with the various charming moods of devotional sentiments, *bhāva*, overwhelming His graceful figure. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

3

prema-nāma-dāna-janya-pañcha-tattvakātmakam sāṅga-divya-pārṣadāstra-vaibhavāvatārakam śyāma-gaura-nāma-gāna-nṛtya-matta-nāgaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

By manifesting His five-fold aspect of divinity, *Pañcha-tattva*, Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva was able to widely distribute the sweet Names of Lord Krishna, which is the means to the ultimate attainment in human life: unalloyed love for the Absolute Truth, Śrī Krishna, the fifth end. (The 'fifth end' refers to that which is beyond the attainment of religiosity, economic development, sense gratification, and liberation.) The Lord personally incarnated on the Earth planet with His expansions such as Nityānanda Prabhu and Advaita Āchāryya, His intimate associates such as Gadādhara Paṇḍit, and His other general associates such as Śrīvāsa Ṭhākur. When the Lord appears, He comes armed with the weapon of the Holy Name of Krishna. While dancing in the deepest

ecstasies of pure love, Lord Gaurāṅgadeva, although none other than Śyāmasundar, chanted His own Names just like an ordinary citizen in the Nadīyā district. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

4

śānti-puryadhīśa-kaly-adharma-duḥkha-duḥsaham jīva-duḥkha-hāna-bhakta-saukhyadāna-vigraham kaly-aghaugha-nāśa-kṛṣṇa-nāma-sīdhu-sañcharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Appearing in his Deity form, Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva removed the miserable condition of the living entities and increased the devotional pleasure of His devotees. The Lord incarnated because He was unable to tolerate the griefstricken condition of Śrī Advaita Āchāryya, the master of that charming village of Śāntipura. Śrī Advaita Āchāryya was lamenting about this era being overtaken by the ugly influence of irreligious practices. Thus, in order to arrest the immoral activities in *Kali-yuga*, the Lord profusely distributed the sweet nectar of Lord Krishna's Holy Names. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

5

dvīpa-navya-gāṅga-baṅga-janma-karma-darśitaṁ śrīnivāsa-vāsa-dhanya-nāma-rāsa-harṣitam śrī-haripriyeśa-pūjyadhī-śachī-purandaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva appeared in West Bengal in the sacred place known as Nabadwīp on the banks of the Ganges River. Revealing His household Pastimes in the holy abode of Nabadwīp, Śrī Gaura benedicted the beautiful courtyard surrounding Śrīnivās Paṇḍit's residence, and pleased His dearmost associates when He manifested His nocturnal Pastimes of congregational chanting in the deepest mellows of pure dedication. The controlling life-force of Lakṣmīpriyā-devī and Viṣṇupriyā-devī was Śrī Gaurasundar, whose intelligence was couched in deep parental adoration for His mother and father, Śachīdevī and Jagannāth Miśra. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

śrī-śachī-dulāla-bālya-bāla-saṅga-chañchalaṁ ākumāra-sarvva-śāstra-dakṣa-tarka-maṅgalam chāttra-saṅga-raṅga-digjigīṣu-darpa-saṁharaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, the son of Śachīdevī, always performed mischievous childhood Pastimes in the association of the naughtiest boys. (Nimāi was like baby Krishna, the son of Mother Jaśodā.) Nimāi's Pastimes, although naughty, were not only pleasing to Him, but also gladdened the hearts of His devotees.

During His adolescent years, the Lord acquired unrivaled mastery over the conclusions of the ancient Scriptures. With unexcelled logic at His command, Lord Viśvambhara artfully established the auspicious doctrine of śuddha-bhakti, unalloyed dedication unto the Sweet Absolute Truth, Lord Krishna, thereby defeating the doctrine of dry logic studied at that period by the proud, expert logicians who were all nearly atheistic scholars. Later, in the course of His adolescent Pastimes, the Lord vanquished the pride of the most famous Sanskrit scholar of all time, the Digvijayī Paṇḍit, in the company of His grammar students, on the banks of the Ganges River. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

7

varyya-pātra-sārameya-sarpa-saṅga-khelanaṁ skandha-vāhi-chaura-tīrtha-vipra-chitra-līlanam kṛṣṇa-nāma-mātra-bālya-kopa-śānti-saukaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

During His childhood Pastimes, Nimāi sat amongst discarded clay pots which had been used to cook preparations for Lord Vishnu. He would also play with unclean animals such as puppies, and on one occasion He laid upon a cobra, treating it as if it were Ananta Śeṣa.

Once, Nimāi was stolen away by two thieves who were intent on robbing the ornaments decorating His charming figure. Placing Nimāi on their shoulders, they enticed the small boy to come with them and then quickly fled away with Him. However, due to the Lord's Yogamāyā potency, they suddenly found they had arrived at Nimāi's house.

Later, a well-known mendicant *brāhmaṇ* visited the residence of Jagannāth Miśra. When the *brāhmaṇ* began to offer some preparations he had cooked to Lord Gopāl, Nimāi spoiled the offering by eating the foodstuffs while the mendicant was offering them in meditation. After having done this to the *brāhmaṇ* three times, the Lord revealed His eight-armed form to him.

Whenever the child Nimāi angrily cried, He could only be pacified by the chanting of Lord Krishna's Holy Names. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

8

snāna-gāṅga-vāri-bāla-saṅga-raṅga-khelanaṁ bālikādi-pārihāsya-bhaṅgi-bālya-līlanam kūṭa-tarka-chāttra-śikṣakādi-vāda-tatparaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

In His childhood Pastimes Nimāi would sportively play in the waters of the Ganges River in different ways with His schoolmates. Sometimes Nimāi, with various laughing gestures, would also tease the young girls who came to swim in the Ganges. This same small boy, however, often presented shrewd arguments and counter-arguments before His classmates and professors. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

9

śrī nimāi-paṇḍiteti-nāma-deśa-vanditaṁ navya-tarka-dakṣa-lakṣa-dambhi-dambha-khaṇḍitam sthāpitārtha-khaṇḍa-khaṇḍa-khaṇḍitārtha sambharaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

During the Lord's adolescent Pastimes, He became known and respected far and wide as the greatest scholar, Nimāi Paṇḍit. The Lord would dismantle the false pride of millions of conceited scholarly logicians. Rendering them speechless by canceling and reversing their forestated conclusions, the Lord would then rebuke His own opinion and rejustify their foregone logic. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

śloka-gāṅga-vandanārtha-digjigīṣu-bhāṣitaṁ vyatyalaṅkṛtādi-doṣa-tarkitārtha-dūṣitam dhvasta-yukti-ruddha-buddhi-datta-dhīmadādaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

After that grand Sanskrit scholar Keśava Kāśmīrī had intellectually conquered all ten directions, he came before Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu on the banks of the Ganges River. At the Lord's request, he spontaneously composed and recited many wonderful prayers in glorification of the sacred Ganges. Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva then amazed the scholar when He recollected and pointed out several rhetorical errors in his compositions. Keśava Kāśmīrī skillfully presented many logical arguments in his own favour, but was ultimately defeated. Finally, when Keśava Kāśmīrī's incompetence was exposed and his intelligence was totally perplexed, Lord Gaurāṅga compassionately respected him in a manner befitting a great scholar by preventing His students who were present from laughing at the paṇḍit. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

11

sūtra-vṛtti-ṭippanīṣṭa-sūkṣma-vāchanādbhutaṁ dhātu-mātra-kṛṣṇa-śakti-sarvva-viśva-sambhṛtam ruddha-buddhi-paṇḍitaugha-nānya-yukti-nirdharaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Elaborately explaining the aphorisms taught in Sanskrit grammar and the science of logic, Śrī Gaurasundar would draw out their apparent and subtle meanings. The Lord's beautiful style of deriving the inner significance of the *sūtras* completely amazed all the learned circles. The Lord demonstrated that the seven thousand verbal root sounds contained in Sanskrit grammar reach the zenith of their expression when realized as potencies existing within the Krishna conception of reality. As the learned scholars sat in utter amazement, their powerful intellects were paralyzed by Lord Gaurāṅga's intriguing explanation. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

kṛṣṇa-dṛṣṭi-pāta-hetu-śabdakārtha-yojanam sphoṭa-vāda-śṛṅkhalaika-bhitti-kṛṣṇa-vīkṣaṇam sthūla-sūkṣma-mūla-lakṣya-kṛṣṇa-saukhya-sambharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Gaurasundar proved that the Supreme Lord's sweet will and well-wishing glance is the background cause governing each sound's concomitant meaning. The Lord's sanction is the fundamental element deciding the orderly arrangement and harmony shared between sound and its meaning, and not the mundane endeavors of the prominent grammarians headed by the sages like Pāṇini, who try to affix sounds with word meanings. This is because the purpose of everything animate or inanimate in existence is ultimately to please the Supreme Lord by enhancing His charming Pastimes. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

13

prema-raṅga-pāṭha-bhaṅga-chāttra-kāku-kātaraṁ chāttra-saṅga-hasta-tāla-kīrtanādya-sañcharam kṛṣṇa-nāma-sīdhu-sindhu-magna-dik-charācharaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The Lord began to teach Sanskrit to His students again after returning from Gayā. However, when emotions arising from pure love overwhelmed the Lord, He was unable to continue teaching them. Nimāi's personal students, bereft of the opportunity to learn from the Lord, condemned themselves as unfortunate. Lamenting, they humbly praised the unparalleled genius of the Lord's teachings. Although the Lord experienced grief due to sympathetic feelings towards His students, He acted as their ever well-wisher when He inaugurated the happy glorification of Lord Krishna by chanting "haraye namaḥ kṛṣṇa" as they clapped in unison. In the wake of the congregational chanting, the moving and nonmoving living entities in all ten directions were immersed in the surging waves of that grand ocean of sweet devotional mellows. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

ārya-dharma-pāla-labdha-dīkṣa-kṛṣṇa-kīrttanam lakṣa-lakṣa-bhakta-gīta-vādya-divya-narttanam dharma-karma-nāśa-dasyu-duṣṭa-duṣkṛtodharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Gaurasundar respected the *Vedic* principles and inaugurated the congregational chanting of the Lord's Holy Names after taking full shelter of His spiritual master. The Lord would continuously chant and distribute Lord Krishna's Holy Names, dancing in the most joyful manner in the association of thousands of devotees. In this way He delivered the greatest of demons such as Jagāi and Madhāi, and other demoniac groups who destroy religious principles and the rules governing the social and spiritual orders of society. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

15

mlecha-rāja-nāma-bādha-bhakta-bhīti-bhañjanam lakṣa-lakṣa-dīpa-naiśa-koṭi-kaṇṭha-kīrttanam śrī-mṛdaṅga-tāla-vādya-nṛtya-kāji-nistaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Once, a great Mohammedan city magistrate named Chānd Kāzī obstructed the devotees from performing congregational chanting of the Lord's Holy Names. In retaliation, Lord Chaitanyadeva dispelled the devotees' fear by leading a nocturnal chanting procession ornamented with thousands of burning torches and lamps. Millions of persons simultaneously joined in the ecstatic wave created by Lord Gaurasundar's dancing to the sweet melody of the *mṛdaṅga* drums and cymbals, as musical instruments resounded in every direction. When the powerful Mohammedan witnessed this, his false sense of covetousness was cleansed, and the Lord embraced him as His very own. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

16

lakṣa-lochanāśru-varṣa-harṣa-keśa-karttanam koṭi-kaṇṭha-kṛṣṇa-kīrtanāḍhya-daṇḍa-dhāraṇam nyāsi-veśa-sarvva-deśa-hā-hutāśa-kātaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram While showers of tears fell from the eyes of millions, He delighted in having His beautiful hair shaved away. Millions of voices sang the glories of Lord Krishna as Śrī Krishna Chaitanya accepted the staff of renunciation. From that time, wherever He went, whoever saw Him in the garment of a *sannyāsī* cried in grief. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

17

śrī-yatīsa-bhakta-veśa-rāḍhadeśa-chāraṇam kṛṣṇa-chaitanyākhya-kṛṣṇa-nāma-jīva-tāraṇam bhāva-vibhramātma-matta-dhāvamāna-bhū-dharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Newly dressed as a renunciate, the supreme controller of the *sannyāsīs*, Śrī Krishna Chaitanya, wandered all over the province of West Bengal purifying the land with the touch of His lotus feet. After accepting the new name "Śrī Krishna Chaitanya," the Lord rescued the living entities by offering them Krishna's Holy Names. Intoxicated with ecstatic emotions erupting from the deepest planes of dedication's mellows, He appeared like a golden mountain as He continuously ran here and there in every direction. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

18

śrī-gadādharādi-nityānanda-saṅga-vardhanaṁ advayākhya-bhakta-mukhya-vāñchitārtha-sādhanam kṣetra-vāsa-sābhilāṣa-mātṛ-toṣa-tatparaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Bestowing further prosperity to all, the association of Śrī Chaitanya enhanced those grand personalities like Śrī Gadādhara Paṇḍit, Lord Nityānanda, and others. When Lord Chaitanya incarnated on the Earth planet, He fulfilled the desires of the principal *mahābhagavat* devotee Śrī Advaita Āchāryya. Also, the Supreme Lord agreed to reside in Jagannāth Purī just to please His mother Śachīdevī. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

nyāsi-rāja-nīla-śaila-vāsa-sārvvabhaumapam dākṣiṇātya-tīrtha-jāta-bhakta-kalpa-pādapam rāma-megha-rāga-bhakti-vṛṣṭi-śakti-sañcharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Arriving in the sacred place of pilgrimage, Śrī Nīlāchala, the valiant king of the renounced order, Śrī Chaitanyadeva, saved the most powerful scholar recognized throughout the length and breadth of India. Śrī Vāsudeva Sārvabhauma, the most dynamic intellectual of all time in the vast Vedantic doctrine and school of logistics, was rescued by the Lord from the impersonal well of Śaṅkarāchāryya's theory. Later, the Lord travelled to southern India, where He encountered the followers of various philisophical doctrines. Wherever He travelled, the aspirations of the devotees met their highest fulfillment, as the Lord was like a desire tree. On the banks of the Godāvarī River, the Lord met that deep raincloud of pure dedication Śrī Rāmānanda Rāya, and instructed him to shower upon others the sweet raindrops of rāsa which exist in the land of spontaneous devotion, Braja. Śrī Rāmānanda Rāya also answered the questions the merciful Lord posed with the essence of all instruction. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurānga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

20

prema-dhāma-divya-dīrgha-deha-deva-nanditam hema-kañja-puñja-nindi-kānti-chandra-vanditam nāma-gāna-nṛtya-navya-divya-bhāva-mandiram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The tall divine figure of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva enhances the joy of the universal gods as He is the charming embodiment of pure love. The radiant aura emanating from His beautiful form insults millions of golden lotuses while winning the respect of that effulgent personality Chandradeva. Śrī Gaurāṅga is the background stage of all spiritual Pastimes as exhibited in the everfresh dynamic moods of *sattvika-bhāva* as seen in His joyful dancing when congregationally chanting Lord Krishna's Holy Names. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

dhvasta-sārvvabhauma-vāda-navya-tarka-śāṅkaraṁ dhvasta-tad-vivarta-vāda-dānavīya-ḍambaram darśitārtha-sarvva-śāstra-kṛṣṇa-bhakti-mandiraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The grand intellectual Sārvvabhauma tried his level best to establish the impersonal doctrine of Śańkarāchāryya, which is in direct opposition to the conclusions of pure dedication. Sārvabhauma used the most deceitful means in the art of word jugglery. He tried to pervert the sense of words, he idly heckled the arguments or assertions of the Lord without attempting to prove the opposite side, and he tried to find the weak points in the Lord's arguments. However, Śrī Chaitanya, whose charming figure was cloaked in the fresh garments of a radiant renunciate, presented consistent arguments in conjunction with the Vedic literatures, and easily checked and destroyed the scholar's atheistic interpretations. The Lord loudly proclaimed that the doctrine of Śańkarāchāryya is practiced by followers in the ascending method of understanding who are interested in their external self-adoration. Such worship is the product of a demoniac intellect and backed by atheistic perseverance. All importance given to the nonmanifest aspect of material nature was refuted when Lord Gaurasundar established that spiritual variegatedness in the Supreme Lord's personality is the highest reality taught in the Vedic literature.

This was shown in the Lord's explanation of the *Upaniṣads*, where it is stated:

apāṇipādo javano grahitā paśyatyachakṣuḥ sa śṛṇotyakarṇaḥ

"The Lord has no hands or legs, yet He walks and touches. The Lord has no eyes or ears, yet He sees and hears."

Lord Gaurasundar also explained the ātmarāma verse which is found in the grandest of all famous literature, Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam. He clearly showed that the Vedas, Purāṇas, Vedānta, and all other existing Scriptures, which are like a magnificent temple where the Supreme Lord's wonderful Pastimes are eternally resounded, support the conclusion that everything in this world is a reflection of the eternal variegatedness found in the spiritual realm. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

kṛṣṇa-kṛṣṇa-kṛṣṇa-kṛṣṇa-nāma-kīrttanam rāma-rāma-gāna-ramya-divya chanda-narttanam yatra-tatra-kṛṣṇa-nāma-dāna-loka-nistaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Later, the Supreme Lord travelled to the holy places of pilgrimage in South India with the clever intention of delivering the fallen souls. Appearing as a beautiful young renunciate, He distributed the sweet Names of the Lord, singing: "Krishna Krishna K

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godavarya-vāma-tīra-rāmānanda-samvadam jñāna-karma-mukta-marma-rāga-bhakti-sampadam pārakīya-kānta-kṛṣṇa-bhāva-sevanākaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The famous conversation of Lord Gauras undar with Rāmānanda Rāya on the banks of the Godāvarī River is known as the *Rāmānanda-saṁvād* in the *Śrī Chaitanya-charitāmṛta*. In those discussions, the highest form of dedication is pure love of God in a heart free from fruitive aspirations and scriptural calculation. Also, Lord Krishna, who appeared as the son of Nanda Mahārāj, was ascertained as the sole recipient of the sweetness relished in the mellows of *pārakīya-rāsa*. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

dāsya-sakhya-vātsya-kānta-sevanottarottaram śreṣṭha-pārakīya-radhikāṅghri-bhakti-sundaram śrī-vraja-sva-siddha-divya-kāma-kṛṣṇa-tatparam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Chaitanya showed that there are various relationships which exist in connection with Lord Krishna. Those relationships begin with servitude, and progress to friendship and parental love, extending to a conjugal relationship. But the epitome of charm and beauty is reserved for the son of Nanda Mahārāj in the forest groves of Vṛndāvan. That is service to Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī in conjugal love, and is known as pārakīya. Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva embodied this sort of divine aspiration. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

25

śānta-mukta-bhṛtya-tṛpta-mitra-matta-darśitaṁ snigdha-mugdha-śiṣṭa-miṣṭa-suṣṭha-kuṇṭha-harṣitam tantra-mukta-vāmya-rāga-sarvva-sevanottaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurāṅgadeva explained that a devotee in passive adoration enjoys the happiness of being free from all material miseries, and a devotee in servitude relishes the pleasure of contentment. A devotee in friendship becomes overwhelmed with happiness arising from close affection, whereas a devotee in the parental mood is free from any trace of calculation, experiencing deepened affection in ecstatic joy. Lord Chaitanya further revealed that the devotee in conjugal love known as svakīya only partially relishes the sweetness of this mellow, due to a tinge of scriptural etiquette. However, when the conjugal mellow is beyond scriptural restrictions, then spontaneity and freedom, added by the mood of vāmya, the highest expression of divine pleasure in the Lord's service, is bestowed. Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva gave license to these high ideals. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

ātma-navya-tattva-divya-rāya-bhāgya-darśitam śyāma-gopa-rādhikāpta-kokta-gupta-cheṣṭitam mūrchitāṅghri-rāmarāya-bodhitātma-kiṅkaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Chaitanya revealed the nature of the ever-fresh Pastimes which He performed in Nabadwīp to Rāmānanda Rāya, whose fortune is beyond this world. Lord Chaitanya also manifested His form as the cowherd boy Śyāmasundar, which was endowed with the mood and luster of Śrī Rādhā and couched in pure dedication. When Rāmānanda Rāya glimpsed the matchless beauty of the Lord's figure, he fainted before the tender lotus feet of the Lord. Following this, Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva restored His eternal servant's consciousness. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

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naṣṭa-kuṣṭha-kūrma-vipra-rūpa-bhakti-toṣaṇaṁ rāma-dāsa-vipra-moha-mukta-bhakta-poṣaṇam kāla-kṛṣṇa-dāsa-mukta-bhaṭṭathāri-piñjaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurasundar embraced the *brāhmaṇ* devotee named Vāsudeva, who was afflicted with leprosy in Kūrmakṣetra near Jagannāth Purī. By the Lord's grace the *brāhmaṇ* was cured, and he obtained a beautiful body and mental satisfaction. Later Lord Gaurāṅga liberated the South Indian *brāhmaṇ* known as Rāmadās from the misconception that Sitādevī's chastity was spoiled by the touch of a demon. The Lord cited the Kūrma Purāṇa to prove that the Absolute Truth existing on the spiritual platform is beyond material perception. In this way the Lord nourished His devotee with instructions pertaining to pure devotion. The Supreme Lord also delivered Kālā Krishna Dās from the illusory influence of the false renunciates in the province of Mālābara who were in the corrupt nomadic community called Bhaṭṭathāri. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

raṅganātha-bhaṭṭa-bhakti-tuṣṭa-bhaṅgi-bhāṣaṇaṁ lakṣmya-gamya-kṛṣṇa-rāsa-gopikaika-poṣaṇam lakṣmya-bhīṣṭa-kṛṣṇa-śīrṣa-sādhya-sādhanākaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The Lord once visited Raṅgakṣetra in South India on the banks of the Kāverī River, which is the most important place of worship for the Vaiṣṇava devotees who adore Śrī Śrī Lakṣmī-Nārāyaṇa and believe Them to be the utmost object of their devotional practices. When the Lord visited the father of Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa, Śrī Veṅkaṭa Bhaṭṭa, He was very satisfied with his family's service attitude. Cunningly, the Lord smiled and instructed them that even Śrī Lakṣmīdevī, after prolonged penances, could not enter into the rāsa-līlā Pastimes of Lord Krishna. This is because only the cowherd maidens can actually incite those Pastimes. Therefore, the cowherd boy Krishna, who is the original form of Lord Nārāyaṇa, and who attracts the heart of Lakṣmīdevī, is the Supreme Truth and the fundamental object of all devotional practices. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

29

brahma-samhitākhya-kṛṣṇa-bhakti-śāstra-dāyakam kṛṣṇa-karṇa-sīdhu-nāma-kṛṣṇa-kāvya-gāyakam śrī-pratāparudra-rāja-śīrṣa-sevya-mandiram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

While travelling in South India, Lord Gaurasundar discovered the famous literature Śrī Brahmā Saṁhitā, which is rich with devotional conclusions, and presented it to His devotees. Overwhelmed by the deep ecstasies of pure dedication, the Lord also sweetly sang the charming verses of the Śrī Krishna Karṇāmṛtam, in which the wonderful Pastimes of Braja are glorified by that grand poet of South India, Śrī Bilvamaṅgal Ṭhākur. And it was the tender lotus feet of Lord Chaitanya which were placed upon the head of the great King Pratāparudra, who had full dedication at his command. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

śrī-rathāgra-bhakta-gīta-divya-nartanādbhutam yātri-pātra-mitra-rudrarāja-hṛchamatkṛtam guṇḍichāgamādi-tattva-rūpa-kāvya-sañcharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Surroundedbyinnumerabledevotees, Lord Gauras undardisplayed His divine and wonderful dancing figure in front of the Rāthayātrā cart while performing congregational chanting of the Lord's Holy Names. The Lord's personality totally charmed the hearts of Pratāparudra Mahārāj, the assembled pilgrims, and all the other dear friends of the King. The Lord also revealed the inner purport of Lord Jagannāth's pastime of riding the cart to the Guṇḍichā temple when He mentioned the verse by Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī:

priyaḥ so 'yam kṛṣṇaḥ saha-chari kuru-kṣetra-militas tathāhaṁ sā rādhā tad idam ubhayoḥ saṅgama sukham tathāpy antaḥ-khelan-madhura-muralī-pañchama-juṣe mano me kālindī-pulina-vipināya spṛhayati

"O My dear friend, now I am at last reunited with My most beloved Krishna in Kurukṣetra. I am the same Rādhārāṇī, and He is the same Krishna. We are enjoying Our meeting, but still I wish to return to the banks of the Kālindī, where I could hear the sweet melody of His flute sounding the fifth note beneath the trees of the Vṛndāvan forest." I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

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prema-mugdha-rudra-rāja-śaurya-vīrya-vikramam prārthitānghri-varjitānya-sarva-dharma-sangamam lunthita-pratāpa-śīrṣa-pāda-dhūli-dhūsaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

When northern India was under Muslim rule, that great kingly emperor of the independent state of Orissa, Pratāparudra, was completely wonderstruck and overtaken by the magnanimity, prowess, and activities that Lord Chaitanya exhibited in pure love

of Godhead. The great King Pratāparudra rejected all his earlier ties with traditional religiosity and his valiant kingly nature, and he threw himself before the lotus feet of Śrī Chaitanyadeva in full surrender. The merciful Lord then bathed the surrendered emperor's head with the sacred dust of His tender lotus feet. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

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dākṣiṇātya-suprasiddha-paṇḍitaugha-pūjitaṁ śreṣṭha-rāja-rājapātra-śīrṣa-bhakti-bhūṣitam deśa-mātṛ-śeṣa-darśanārthi-gauḍa-gocharaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The Supreme Lord was adored by the famous scholarly class of men in South India. The greatest princes and their ministers viewed the Lord with deep faith, and treated Him like the crest jewel recipient of their respect. According to the correct principles set forth in the bonafide disciplic succession, the Lord came to West Bengal to see the sacred Ganges. He also came to see His birthplace and His mother Śachīdevī, as if it were for the last time. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

33

gaura-garvvi-sarvva-gauḍa-gauravārtha-sajjitam śāstra-śastra-dakṣa-duṣṭa-nāstikādi-lajjitam muhyamāna-mātṛkādi-deha-jīva-sañcharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

During His travels, Lord Gaurāṅgadeva's fame flooded the length and breadth of Bengal. Therefore, when He returned to Nabadwīp five years after accepting *sannyās*, all of Bengal, which was proud of Lord Gaurāṅga, became enthusiastic to glorify His extraordinary personality. Even the proud atheistic class of scholars were embarrassed about their vile natures when they observed how the ordinary people in all walks of life had such resolute faith in the Lord. When Mother Śachī and the Lord's other family members, who were lifeless due to separation from their Lord, had another glimpse of Śrī Chaitanyadeva, their life's substance was rejuvenated. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

nyāsa-pañcha-varṣa-pūrṇa-janma-bhūmi-darśanaṁ koṭi-koṭi-loka-lubdha-mugdha-dṛṣṭi-karṣaṇam koṭi-kaṇṭha-kṛṣṇa-nāma-ghoṣa-bheditāmbaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Returning to His birthplace after five long years of *sannyās*, the Supreme Lord was met by millions, young and old alike. Everyone's eyes were overwhelmed with eagerness to see the Lord, who was attracting their innermost heart of hearts. The Lord's ecstatic presence excited the multitudes to continuously resound the Names of Lord Hari, and they created an uproar that reverberated in every direction, beyond the limits of the sky. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

35

ārtta-bhakta-śoka-śānti-tāpi-pāpi-pāvanam lakṣa-koṭi-loka-saṅga-kṛṣṇa-dhāma-dhāvanam rāma-keli-sāgrajāta-rūpa-karṣaṇādaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva eased the anxiety the devotees had experienced due to His long separation and forgave many sinful, offensive, anxiety-ridden souls such as Gopāl Chāpāl and others. The Lord then began to run towards Vṛndāvan along the banks of the Ganges. An ocean of people pursued the Lord up to the capital of Bengal, which at that time was known as Rāmakeli. At Rāmakeli, Lord Gaurāṅga was attracted by His two eternal associates who appeared to be ministers in the Muslim government. The Lord showed deep affection for Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī and his elder brother, Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

vyāghra-vāraṇaina-vanya-jantu-kṛṣṇa-gāyakaṁ prema-nṛtya-bhāva-matta-jhāḍakhaṇḍa-nāyakam durga-vanya-mārga-bhaṭṭa-mātra-saṅga-saukaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Leaving Rāmakeli, the Lord continued through Bengal towards Jagannāth Purī. After leaving Purī Dhām, Lord Chaitanya passed through the Jhāḍakhaṇḍa forest on His way to Vṛndāvan. There He inspired the jungle animals such as tigers, deer, and elephants to join in the congregational chanting of Lord Krishna's Holy Names. Intoxicated by the sweet Names of the Lord, the animals joyfully danced along with the Lord, who was madly absorbed in the deepest devotional ecstasies. The Supreme Lord experienced profound realizations in solitary worship as He walked down the deep and impenetrable jungle paths of Jhāḍakhaṇḍa with Balabhadra Bhaṭṭāchāryya. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

37

gāṅga-yāmunādi-bindu-mādhavādi-mānanaṁ māthurārtta-chitta-yāmunāgra-bhāga-dhāvanam smārita-vrajāti-tīvra-vipralambha-kātaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurasundar showed great honour towards the Deities along the Ganges-bank in Kāśī, and unto Bindu Mādhava at the confluence of the Ganges and the Yamunā in Prayāga. Following the current of the Yamunā, the Lord began to quickly run along her banks in anxious pursuit of a glimpse of the sacred place known as Mathurā. As divine thoughts of Vṛndāvan's Pastimes overwhelmed His memory and caused intolerable feelings of separation, Lord Gaurasundar fell unconscious. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

mādhavendra-vipralambha-māthureṣṭa-mānanam prema-dhāma-dṛṣṭakāma-pūrvva-kuñja-kānanam gokulādi-goṣṭha-gopa-gopikā-priyaṅkaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Chaitanya stated that the mood of deep separation that Mādhavendra Purī was able to taste, as depicted in the following beautiful verse first spoken by Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, is the zenith point and desirable object of pure adoration:

ayi dīna-dayārdra nātha he mathurā-nātha kadāvalokyase hṛdayaṁ tvad-aloka-kātaraṁ dayita bhrāmyati kiṁ karomy aham

"O my Lord! O most gracious master! O master of Mathurā! When will I see You again? Because of my not seeing You, my agitated heart has become unsteady. O most beloved one, what shall I do now?" After the Lord entered into Braja, the background stage where Pastimes of pure love are enacted, He became overwhelmed to His heart's full satisfaction. The Lord was charmed to see the beautiful gardens and forest groves that served as His playground for spiritual Pastimes in a previous era. While visiting the twelve forests of Vṛndāvan, the Lord exhibited various different dealings with the cowherd boys and maidens. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

39

prema-guñjanāli-puñja-puṣpa-puñja-rañjitaṁ gīta-nṛtya-dakṣa-pakṣi-vṛkṣa-lakṣa-vanditam go-vṛṣādi-nāda-dīpta-pūrvva-moda-meduraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

While strolling through the forest groves of Vṛndāvan, the Lord was joyfully welcomed by swarms of humming bumblebees busily engaged in discussion about pure love as they hovered over the blooming flowers. Millions of trees lining the forest groves harmoniously offered their respects unto Lord Gaurasundar in unison with a variety of birds that were expertly singing and dancing in sheer delight. The Lord's

mind became overflooded by loving feelings due to remembering how the cows, calves, and oxen of the holy abode of Vṛndāvan would affectionately call for Him in previous Pastimes, thereby elating His emotions in pure love. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

40

prema-buddha-ruddha-buddhi-matta-nṛtya-kīrttanam plāvitāśru-kāñchanāṅga-vāsa-chāturaṅganam kṛṣṇa-kṛṣṇa-rāva-bhāva-hāsya-lāsya-bhāsvaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Hopelessly overwhelmed by a surge of pure love, Lord Gauras undar madly danced and chanted the Holy Names of Krishna. A profuse current of flowing tears streamed from His eyes, passing over the radiant lustre of His giant golden form, over His brilliant garments that resembled the sun, and over the ground in all four directions. The Lord's joyful Pastimes were ecstatically enhanced by such gestures as His loudly mispronouncing the Holy Name of Krishna in a delirious state, or His roaring with laughter due to being ecstatically absorbed in deep emotion. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

41

prema-mugdha-nṛtya-kīrttanākulāriṭāntikam snāna-dhanya-vāri-dhānya-bhūmi-kuṇḍa-deśakam prema-kuṇḍa-rādhikākhya-śāstra-vandanādaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Surcharged with the confusing dictations of pure love of God, Lord Gaurasundar, dancing in ecstasy, anxiously approached the sacred place of Rādhā Kuṇḍa, which was unmanifest at that time. The Lord hastily took bath in that flooded paddy field, sanctified the water, and revealed it to be Śrī Rādhā Kuṇḍa. In deep humility, the Lord began to carefully recite verses from the Scriptures depicting Śrī Rādhā Kuṇḍa as the divine embodiment of pure love.

yathā rādhā priyā viṣṇos tasyāḥ kuṇḍaṁ priyaṁ tathā sarva gopīṣu saivaikā viṣṇor-atyanta vallabhā

"Just as Śrī Rādhā is very dear to Lord Krishna, similarly Her divine pond, Śrī Rādhā Kuṇḍa, is dear to the Lord. Of all the cowherd maidens, She is the dearmost consort to Lord Krishna." I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

42

tintiḍī-talastha-yāmunormmi-bhāvanāplutaṁ nirjjanaika-rādhikātma-bhāva-vaibhavāvṛtam śyāma-rādhikāpta-gaura-tattva-bhittikākaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

As the Lord was visiting various places in Vṛndāvan where Lord Krishna performed His Pastimes, He visited that famous tamarind tree that existed during the Dvāpara era. Sitting beneath the tamarind tree, the Lord's memory of His confidential water-sporting Pastimes with the cowherd maidens was aroused when He saw the dancing gestures of the Yamunā's waves. The Lord's entire being was captured by tasting the sweetness of Śrī Rādhā within the depths of His heart. Identifying with that self-same sweetness and emotion that possessed His entire self, the Lord's entire existence was stolen away. This place is indicated to be the place of origin of Gaura-tattva, for it was here that Lord Śyāmasundar became greatly absorbed in the divine mood of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī. Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu, who is Himself the origin of all, eternally resides in this place. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

43

śārikā-śukokti-kautukāḍhya-lāsya-lāpitaṁ rādhikā-vyatīta-kāmadeva-kāma-mohitam prema-vaśya-kṛṣṇa-bhāva-bhakta-hṛch-chamatkaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurāṅga mentioned a witty conversation that was carried on between a parrot and his mate. In their talk, Lord Krishna, the transcendental Cupid, is described to be illusioned due to His deep feelings of separation from Śrī Rādhā.

rādhā-saṅge yadā bhāti tadā 'madana-mohanaḥ' ayathā viśva-moho 'pi svayaṁ 'madana-mohitaḥ'

The female parrot said, "When Lord Krishna is with Rādhārāṇī, He is the enchanter of Cupid; otherwise, when He is alone, He Himself is enchanted by amorous feelings, even though He enchants the whole universe." By this pastime, Lord Gaurāṅga charmed the devotees' hearts by showing that Lord Krishna's sweetness and charm ultimately lies in the fact that He can be subdued by pure love. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

44

śrī-prayāga-dhāma-rūpa-rāga-bhakti-sañcharaṁ śrī-sanātanādi-kāśi-bhakti-śikṣaṇādaram vaiṣṇavānurodha-bheda-nirvviśeṣa-pañjaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

It was in the sacred place of Prayāga, in the bathing area known as Daśāśvamedha Ghāṭa, that Lord Gaurāṅga taught Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī that the ultimate objective of one's devotional practices is to relish the sweet mellows found in Śrī Vṛndāvan, and the Lord instructed him to widely distribute that sweetness. Later in Kāśī, the Lord elaborately described to Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī many topics of pure dedication, such as knowledge of proper acquaintance with the environment, the means of applying that knowledge, and the ultimate goal of obtaining pure love of Godhead. Also, at the special request of a Maharastrian brāhmaṇ and Tapana Miśra and other devotees, the Lord destroyed the ignorant conception of the māyāvādī renunciates in Vārāṇasī. Lord Gaurāngadeva personally met the impersonalists there in a public assembly, and pointed out that their mode of self-adoration was ultimately based on enviousness and narrow-mindedness. In this way the Lord established that factual independence was exhibited by those worshipping the Supreme Person. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurānga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

nyāsi-lakṣa-nāyaka-prakāśānanda-tārakam nyāsi-rāśi-kāśi-vāsi-kṛṣṇa-nāma-pārakam vyāsa-nāradādi-datta-vedadhī-dhurandharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

While en route to Jagannāth Purī from Vṛndāvan, the Lord met and instructed Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī in Prayāga. Following this, Lord Gaurāṅga arrived in Vārāṇasī where He found Prakāśānanda Saraswatī to be the leader of millions of impersonalist renunciates who were followers of Śrī Śaṅkarāchāryya. By His pure and affectionate personality, Lord Gaurāṅga rescued Prakāśānanda Saraswatī from the deep well of the transformation theory of Śaṅkarāchāryya and intoxicated the sannyāsīs and residents of Kāśī by engaging them in the glorification of Lord Krishna's Holy Names. Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva was the transcendental expert who granted their passage over the material ocean, like a vessel carrying the nectar of all the scriptural conclusions handed down in the disciplic line from the sage Nārada to Śrīla Vyāsadeva. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

46

brahma-sūtra-bhāṣya-kṛṣṇa-nāradopadeśakam śloka-turya-bhāṣaṇānta-kṛṣṇa-samprakāśakam śabda-varttanānta-hetu-nāma-jīva-nistaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

When Lord Chaitanyadeva was in Kāśī, He taught a grand assembly of the impersonalist renunciates that the Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam, as taught in the bonafide disciplic succession from Lord Krishna to Nārada and handed down by Śrīla Vyāsadeva, is the factual commentary on the conclusions of the Vedānta-sūtras. Śrī Gaurāṅga also explained the four fundamental verses of the Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam and revealed Lord Krishna as the ultimate reality beyond all duality and the original principle of the entire universal arrangement. By the Vedic aphorism "anāvṛttiḥ śabdāt anāvṛttiḥ śabdāt," Lord Chaitanya established that conscious sound in its highest expression is Lord Krishna's Holy Name, and that it bestows the utmost benefit by releasing the soul from its conditioned state of existence. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

ātma-rāma-vāchanādi-nirvviśeṣa-khaṇḍanaṁ śrauta-vākya-sārthakaika-chidvilāsa-maṇḍanam divya-kṛṣṇa-vigrahādi-gauṇa-buddhi-dhikkaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

By explaining the famous ātmarāma verse of the Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam sixty-one times, Lord Gaurāṅga sliced to pieces the impersonalist doctrine propagated by Śaṅkarāchāryya. The Lord also recited many references from the *Upaniṣads*, such as apāṇi-pādo javano grahītā paśyaty acakṣuḥ sa śṛnoty akarṇaḥ, whereby He revealed the charming sweet nature of the Absolute Truth's spiritual Pastimes. Lord Chaitanya fully censured the hateful conception of the impersonalists that Lord Krishna's transcendental form, name, qualities, Pastimes, and Deity manifestation are simply an imaginary transformation of the illusory energy māyā. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

48

brahma-pāramātmya-lakṣaṇādvayaika-vāchanam śrī-vraja-svasiddha-nanda-līla-nanda-nandanam śrī-rasa-svarūpa-rāsa-līla-gopa-sundaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

When Lord Gaurāṅga referred to the verse brahmeti paramātmeti bhagavān iti śabdyate in the Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam, He harmoniously accommodated the conception of the nondifferentiated aspect of reality, brahman, the ultimate goal of the impersonalists, with the conception of the localized aspect of reality, paramātma, the goal of the mystic perfectionists. The Lord adjusted these two truths by showing that they are included within and surpassed by the ultimate conception of the nondualistic Absolute Truth, bhagavān, who is the primeval principle of reality. When revealing this axiomatic truth in connection with the joyful and confidential nature of the Supreme Lord's spiritual Pastimes, Lord Gaurāṅga pointed out the divine nature of Braja, which is existing above the Vaikuṇṭha planets.

vaikunthāj janito varā madhu-purī tatrāpi rāsotsavād vṛndāranyam udāra-pāṇi-ramanāt tatrāpi govardhanan rādhā-kundam ihāpi gokula-pateh premāmṛtāplāvanāt uryād asya virājato giri-taṭe sevām vivekī na kaḥ

"Superior to the spiritual realm of Vaikuntha is Mathurā, where Śrī Krishna first appears. Superior to Mathurā is the Vṛndāvan forest where Krishna enjoyed the rāsa dance. Better still is Govardhan Hill, which was the site of even more confidential Pastimes of love. But best of all is Rādhā Kunda, which is situated at the foot of Govardhan Hill, and holds the supreme position because it is over-flooded with the nectar of the highest kind of divine love. Who, acquainted with the science of devotion, will not aspire for the divine service of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī at Rādhā Kuṇḍa?" Initially, Lord Gaurāṅga revealed the nature of pure loving service rendered unto the son of Nanda Mahārāj in the parental relationship. But when considering the flow of dedication's sweet mellows, Lord Gaurānga described the ultimate aspect of the Supreme Lord's personality to be Śrī Gopījanavallabha, whose divine figure is the unlimited reservoir of all the primary and secondary mellows tasted in pure devotion. Śrī Gaurāṅga also hinted that the joyful and charming rāsa-līlā Pastimes are an all-conscious reality, none other than the personal potency of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī. Such transcendental Pastimes are found within the superexcellent and inconceivable spiritual world, and are the highest conception of spiritual existence, auspiciousness, and beauty. Lord Gaurānga suggested this to be the supreme achievable object of the living entities. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurānga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

49

rādhikā-vinoda-mātra-tattva-lakṣaṇānvayaṁ sādhu-saṅga-kṛṣṇa-nāma-sādhanaika-niśchayam prema-sevanaika-mātra-sādhya-kṛṣṇa-tatparaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

In this manner Lord Gaurāṅgadeva taught that all scriptural conclusions, as perfectly passed down by the various spiritual preceptors through the medium of sound, culminate in the embodiment of Śrī Rādhāvinoda, the all-encompassing basis of proper acquaintance with the environ-

ment. The means by which one may reach Lord Krishna is by chanting His Holy Names in the association of pure devotees, while the ultimate goal in pure love is service to Lord Krishna, who is so dear to the cowherd maidens of Vṛndāvan. Lord Gaurāṅgadeva taught these essential scriptural conclusions in the assembly of scholarly persons. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

50

ātma-rāma-vāchanaika-ṣaṣṭikārtha-darśitam rudra-samkhya-śabda-jāta-yad-yad-artha-sambhṛtam sarvva-sarvva-yukta-tat-tad-artha-bhuridākaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurasundar explained this famous verse of the Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam sixty-one times to Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī, and later to Prakāśānanda Saraswatī:

ātmārāmaś cha munayo nirgranthā apy urukrame kurvanty ahaitukīm bhaktim ittham-bhūta guņo hariḥ

"Even the liberated souls fully satisfied in the self are irresistibly attracted by the superexcellent qualities of Krishna and surrender to Him with unalloyed devotion." The Lord separately combined each of the eleven words found in that verse and established that each one is an enormous storehouse of unlimited wealth supporting the conclusion of pure devotion. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

51

śrī sanātanānu-rūpa-jīva-sampradāyakam lupta-tīrtha-śuddha-bhakti-śāstra-suprachārakam nīla-śaila-nātha-pīṭha-naija-kāryya-saukaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurasundar revealed His disciplic line by inspiring Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī, his younger brother Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī, and Śrīla Jīva Goswāmī. The Lord requested them to excavate the lost

places of pilgrimage and compose pure devotional literature which describes the application of spiritual practices and spontaneous devotion. Lord Gaurāṅga also lovingly revealed His worshipable personality to the servitors of Śrī Jagannāth Deva at Nīlāchala (Śrī Purī-dhām). I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

52

tyāga-bāhya-bhoga-buddhi-tīvra-daṇḍa-nindanam rāya-śuddha-kṛṣṇa-kāma-sevanābhi-nandanam rāya-rāga-sevanokta-bhāgya-koṭi-duṣkaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Lord Gaurasundar strongly condemned those who externally accepted the dress of a renunciate yet, like monkeys, actually harbored desires for sense pleasures. On the other hand, He honoured that great devotee Rāmānanda Rāya's devotional efforts to intimately teach some young girls a form of dance drama for the pleasure of Lord Jagannāth. Considering Rāmānanda's service to be on the platform of spontaneous devotion, the Lord proclaimed that such a level of service was a great fortune attainable only after millions of births. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

53

śrī-prayāga-bhaṭṭa-vallabhaika-niṣṭha-sevanaṁ nīla-śaila-bhaṭṭa-datta-rāga-mārga-rādhanam śrī gadādharārpitādhikāra-mantra-mādhuraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The famous spiritual preceptor of the Vishnuswāmī disciplic succession śuddhādvaita, Śrī Vallabha Bhaṭṭa, lived in the village of Āḍhāila in sacred Prayāga, and personally served Lord Gaurāṅgadeva with resolute devotion in his residence. Later in Jagannāth Purī, Lord Gaurāṅga allowed Vallabha Bhaṭṭa to enter into and relish the sweet taste experienced in parental attachment to baby Krishna. The Lord also arranged for him to learn the appropriate mantras for his worship from Śrī Gadādhara Paṇḍīt. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

śrī-svarūpa-rāya-saṅga-gāmbhirāntya-līlanaṁ dvādaśābda-vahni-garbha-vipralambha-śīlanam rādhikādhirūḍha-bhāva-kānti-kṛṣṇa-kuñjaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Diving deep into the reality of His own beauty and sweetness, Lord Govinda stole the mood of Rādhārāṇī and, garbing Himself in Her brilliant lustre, appeared as Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu. For the last twelve years of His manifest Pastimes He was deeply absorbed in union and separation, and He shared His heart's inner feelings with His most confidential devotees such as Swarūp Dāmodar and Rāmānanda Rāya: bāhire viṣajvālā hoy, antare ānandamoy.

"The wonderful characteristic of divine love of Krishna is that although externally it works like fiery lava, internally it is like sweet nectar that fills the heart with the greatest joy." Volcanic eruptions of ecstasy flowed from the heart of Śrī Gaurāṅga in the agony of separation from Krishna. This Golden Lord, who appeared like an intoxicated elephant, is none other than Lord Govinda. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

55

śrī-svarūpa-kaṇṭha-lagna-māthura-pralāpakaṁ rādhikānu-vedanārtta-tīvra-vipralambhakam svapnavat-samādhi-dṛṣṭa-divya-varṇanāturaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, embracing the neck of Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar, began to sorrowfully recite the prayers Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī had previously spoken in the agony of separation when Lord Krishna left Vrindāvan for Mathurā. The Lord would continuously taste the mood of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, who was experiencing untold agony from the burning fire of Her tragic separation from Lord Krishna. With a heavy heart, the Lord would describe what He was directly realising in divine trance. Those realisations are just like dreams to ordinary men. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

sātvikādi-bhāva-chihna-deha-divya-sauṣṭhavaṁ kūrma-dharma-bhinna-sandhi-gātra-puṣpa-pelavam hrasva-dīrgha-padma-gandha-rakta-pīta-pāṇḍuraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

The eightfold symptoms depicting the moods of pure dedication would decorate and radiantly enhance the beauty of the Lord's bodily parts. Sometimes He appeared like a tortoise who had withdrawn his limbs into his shell, and at other times His body appeared elongated due to His joints becoming dislocated. Sometimes Lord Gaurasundar's figure was as tender and aromatic as a lotus flower. At other times the Lord's body would appear red, yellow, or brilliant with the white hue of the jasmine flower. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

57

tīvra-vipralambha-mugdha-mandirāgra-dhāvitam kūrma-rūpa-divya-gandha-lubdha-dhenu-veṣṭitam varṇitāli-kūla-kṛṣṇa-keli-śaila-kandaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Grief-stricken and overwhelmed with tragic feelings of separation, Lord Chaitanya quickly ran to the lion-gate of Lord Jagannāth's grand temple. Moments later, the Lord fell to the ground. In deep separation He manifested the form of the tortoise incarnation Kūrmadeva, and an extraordinarily sweet fragrance began to emanate from the Lord's unconscious figure. This attracted the *telāṅgī* cows who resided at Lord Jagannāth's Temple, and they surrounded the Lord. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

58

indu-sindhu-nṛtya-dīpta-kṛṣṇa-keli-mohitam ūrmi-śīrṣa-supta-deha-vāta-raṅga-vāhitam yāmunāli-kṛṣṇa-keli-magna-saukhya-sāgaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Once on a moonlit night, Lord Gaurāṅga-deva, relishing the sweet mellows of Lord Krishna's Pastimes, was wandering along the ocean's shore with His associates. Suddenly the Lord saw the reflection

of the moon dancing upon the rolling waves. Unexpectedly, the Lord became overwhelmed by recollections of Lord Krishna's Pastimes in the Yamunā River and fell unconscious. Next, Lord Gaurāṅga's body, unseen by the devotees, became as light as a piece of dried wood and was gracefully carried away by the wind-god while lying upon the crest of the ocean's rolling waves in a divine trance. Realizing Lord Krishna's watersport Pastimes in the Kālindī River with His dearmost cowherd-maiden friends, the Lord dove deep into an ocean of divine ecstasy. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

59

rātri-śeṣa-saumya-veśa-śāyitārdra-saikatam bhinna-sandhi-dīrgha-deha-pelavāti-daivatam śrānta-bhakta-chakratīrtha-hṛṣṭa-dṛṣṭi-gocharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

After searching for the Lord throughout the night, the exhausted devotees finally found Him at night's end near Chakratīrtha, His elongated form lying upon the moist sand. The devotees' eyes were filled with joy as they glanced upon the delicate and serene figure of their Lord. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

60

ārtta-bhakta-kaṇṭha-kṛṣṇa-nāma-karṇa-hṛdgataṁ lagna-sandhi-suṣṭhu-deha-sarvva-pūrvva-sammatam ardha-bāhya-bhāva-kṛṣṇa-keli-varṇanāturaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

As the anxious devotees began to loudly chant the Holy Names of Krishna, this divine vibration entered the Lord's ears and touched the depths of His heart. Immediately the Lord's dislocated joints reunited, and He displayed the beautiful figure which their eyes were accustomed to relishing. In a semiconscious state, the Lord began to describe with deep feelings of separation what He had seen while absorbed in divine trance. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

yāmunāmbu-kṛṣṇa-rādhikāli-keli-maṇḍalaṁ vyakta-gupta-dṛpta-tṛpta-bhaṅgi-mādanākulam gūḍha-divya-marma-moda-mūrchanā-chamatkaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

In the sacred waters of the Yamunā in Vṛndāvan, Śrī Rādhā-Govinda, along with Their dearmost cowherd-maiden friends, perform various charming water-sport Pastimes. These divine Pastimes are sometimes revealed, sometimes hidden, sometimes in opposition to each other, and sometimes harmonious. In this way the Lord's Pastimes are couched in different gestures which bring about different types of divine hankering. The melodious tune of this confidential spiritual treasure which astounds the entire universe was distributed by Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

62

āsya-gharṣaṇādi-chāṭakādri-sindhu-līlanam bhakta-marma-bhedi-tīvra-duḥkha-saukya-khelanam atyachintya-divya-vaibhavāśritaika-śaṅkaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Upon glancing at the Chāṭaka hill, intolerable feelings of separation overwhelmed the Lord, and different Pastimes in the mood of profound adoration were incited, whereby the Lord began to rub His beautiful face on the ground. When Śrī Gaurāṅga would remember the water-sport Pastimes of Lord Krishna, He would jump into the ocean and exhibit the divine symptoms of one intoxicated by pure love. By performing these Pastimes, the Lord would inundate the devotees' hearts with waves from the grand ocean of love of Krishna. Those desperate waves carried both transcendental anxiety and joy up onto the shore of the devotees' hearts. Such inconceivable auspiciousness was bestowed only upon the Lord's most surrendered associates. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

śrotra-netra-gatyatīta-bodha-rodhitādbhutam prema-labhya-bhāva-siddha-chetanā-chamatkṛtam brahma-śambhu-veda-tantra-mṛgya-satya-sundaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu is not only beyond the mundane experiences of sight and sound, but He also arrests all intellectual endeavors to know Him. Being situated in pure love of Godhead, He remains a mystery and astonishes even those living entities who are fixed in self-realization. The revealed Vedas of Lord Brahmā and the Tantric literatures of Lord Shiva are simply searching after Śrī Gaurasundar, reality the beautiful. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

64

vipra-śūdra-vijña-mūrkha-yāvanādi-nāmadam vitta-vikramocha-nīcha-sajjanaika-sampadam strī-pumādi-nirvvivāda-sārvvavādikoddharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

By freely distributing the Holy Name of Krishna, Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva purified the scholarly intellectual class, the labourer class, the illiterate, and even the lowest sections of society. The Lord alone was the embodiment of the greatest wealth for all sincere and gentle souls, both the rich and the poor, the aristocratic and the lowborn. Therefore, Lord Chaitanya is respected and honoured by men and women alike as the saviour of all, in both the mundane and spiritual worlds. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

65

sindhu-śūnya-veda-chandra-śāka-kumbha-pūrṇimā sāndhya-chāndrakoparāga-jāta-gaura-chandramā snāna-dāna-kṛṣṇa-nāma-saṅga-tat-parātparaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Like a golden moon, Śrī Gaurachandra appeared in the year 1407 Śakābda (1486 A.D.), at the onset of a lunar eclipse on a full-moon evening in the month of March. When the Absolute Truth Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva incarnated

in the beautiful courtyard of Śachīdevī, the residents of Māyāpur were bathing in the sacred Ganges, congregationally chanting the Holy Names of Hari, and making offerings of various types of jewels to the Lord. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

66

ātma-siddha-sāvalīla-pūrņa-saukhya-lakṣaṇaṁ svānubhāva-matta-nṛtya-kīrttanātma-vaṇṭanam advayaika-lakṣya-pūrṇa-tattva-tat-parātparaṁ p rema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

This is the all-conquering conclusion: the highest conception of the Ultimate Reality must also be the highest form of ānandam, ecstasy. Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu is Krishna, ecstasy Himself, tasting His own sweetness and dancing in ecstatic joy. His own Holy Name is the cause of His ecstasy, expressed as dancing, and the Holy Name is the effect of His ecstasy, expressed as chanting. The cause is the effect. The dynamo is creating ecstatic energy which makes Him dance, and His chanting distributes that ecstasy to others. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

67

śrī-purīśvarānukampi-labdha-dīkṣa-daivataṁ keśavākhya-bhāratī-sakāśa-keśa-rakṣitam mādhavānudhī-kiśora-kṛṣṇa-sevanādaraṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Śrī Īśvara Purī became very fortunate when Lord Gaurāṅga exhibited His causeless mercy by accepting initiation from him. Śrī Keśava Bhāratī was similarly favoured in that in his presence, Lord Gaurāṅga shaved His beautiful curly hair and accepted from him the garments of a renunciate. Lord Chaitanya gave undivided attention to Śrī Mādhavendra Purī, stating that his attachment for serving Lord Krishna's *kiśora* form in conjugal love was the highest expression of dedication. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

sindhu-bindu-veda-chandra-śāka-phālgunoditam nyāsa-soma-netra-veda-chandra-śāka-bodhitam vāṇa-vāṇa-veda-chandra-śāka-lochanāntaram prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

I offer my respects unto Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who rose like a golden moon in Śrī Māyāpur in 1407 Śakābda, revealed the pastime of accepting the garments of the renounced order, *sannyās*, in 1431 Śakābda in order to benedict the entire material universe, and disappeared beyond the ordinary vision of the people of this world in 1455 Śakābda. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-*prema*.

69

śrī-svarūpa-rāya-saṅga-harṣa-śeṣa-ghoṣaṇaṁ śikṣaṇāṣṭakākhya-kṛṣṇa-kīrttanaika-poṣaṇam prema-nāma-mātra-viśva-jīvanaika-sambharaṁ prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

With great joy Śrī Gaurasundar told His dearmost associates Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar and Rāmānanda Rāya that the process of congregationally chanting the Holy Names of Krishna bestows the highest benediction upon the living entities in this age of Kali:

harṣe prabhu kohena, "śuno svarūpa-rāma-rāya nāma saṅkīrttana kalau, parama upāya"

In His famous composition Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam also, Lord Gaurāṅga has placed the chanting of Lord Krishna's Names on the topmost level ofimportance. The Supreme Lord further taught that chanting Lord Krishna's Names in pure love of Godhead perfectly nourishes and fully satisfies all the living entities in the universe. I offer my obeisances to that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

prema hema-deva dehi-dāsareṣa manyatām kṣamyatām mahāparādha-rāśireṣa-gaṇyatām rūpa-kiṅkareṣu rāmānanda-dāsa-sambharam prema-dhāma-devam eva naumi gaura-sundaram

Oh my Golden Lord! (Suvarṇa-varṇa hemāṅga) Oh ocean of prema! Kindly grant me the wealth of Your divine love! Please give some slight attention to this fallen soul and pardon his unlimited offenses. There are so many servants of Śrī Rūpa who are so dear to You. My only aspiration is that You count me as one of those servitors. Oh Gaurasundar, You are the sole protector and embodiment of good fortune for me, Rāmānanda Dās. I offer my obeisances to you, Oh Gaurāṅga Sundar, my most beautiful Golden Lord, the divine form of Krishna-prema.

71

saśraddhaḥ sapta-daśakaṁ prema-dhāmeti-nāmakam stavaṁ ko 'pi paṭhan gauraṁ rādhā-śyāma-mayaṁ vrajet

Whoever faithfully recites this composition of seventy prayers known as the *Premadhāma-deva-stotram* will be granted the opportunity to serve that beautiful Golden Lord, Gaurāṅga Sundar, who is none other than Śyāmasundar Himself covered by the heart and halo (*bhāva* and *kānti*) of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī.

72

pañchame śata-gaurābde śrī-siddhānta-sarasvatī śrīdharaḥ ko 'pi tach chiṣyas tridaṇḍī-nauti-sundaram

These prayers have been composed in the fifth century after the appearance of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu by a certain *sannyās* disciple of Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur named Śrīdhar (Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj).

Songs to Lord Mityananda



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

nadīyā-godrume nityānanda mahājana pātiyāche nāma-haṭṭa jivera kāraṇa

1 In the land of Nadia, on the island of Godruma, the magnanimous Lord Nityānanda has opened up the marketplace of the Holy Name in order to deliver all the fallen souls.

(śraddhāvān jon he, śraddhāvān jon he) prabhura ājñāya, bhāi, māgi ei bhikṣā bolo 'kṛṣṇa,' bhajo kṛṣṇa, koro kṛṣṇa-śikṣā

Oh people of faith! People of faith! By the order of Lord Gaurāṅga, O brothers, I beg these three requests of you: Chant "Krishna!", worship Krishna, and teach others about Krishna.

aparādha-śūnya ho'ye loho kṛṣṇa-nāma kṛṣṇa mātā, kṛṣṇa pita, kṛṣṇa dhana-prāṇa

Being careful to remain free of offenses, just take the Holy Name of Lord Krishna. Krishna is your mother, Krishna is your father, and Krishna is the treasure of your life.

kṛṣṇera saṁsāra koro chāḍi' anāchāra jīve doyā, kṛṣṇa-nāma – sarvva-dharma-sāra

4 Give up all material activities and become a member of Krishna's family. Be kind to other souls by chanting and distributing the Holy Name of Krishna for this is the essence of all spiritual practices.

Manaḥ-Śikṣā

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

nitāi-pada-kamala, koṭī-chandra-suśītala, je chāyāya jagata juḍāy heno nitāi bine bhāi, rādhā-kṛṣṇa pāite nāi, dṛḍha kori dharo nitāira pāya

The holy lotus feet of Nitāi,
cooling like ten million moons—
In the shade of which
the world gains soothing relief;
Without that Nitāi, O brother,
No one can reach Rādhā and Krishna—
Clasp His lotus feet with full conviction.

se sambandha nāhi jāra, bṛthā janma gelo tāra, sei paśu bodo durāchāra nitāi nā bolilo mukhe, majilo saṁsāra-sukhe, vidyā-kule ki koribe tāra

One who never got His connection,

passed his life in vain—

Such an animal is so very wicked;

He whose mouth never uttered 'Nitāi,'

merged in mundane pleasures—

How can his aristocratic lineage save him?

ahankāre matta hoiyā, nitāi-pada pāsariyā, asatyere satya kori māni nitāiyer koruṇā habe, braje rādhā-kṛṣṇa pābe, dharo nitāiyer charaṇ du'khāni

Maddened with pride, forgetting the lotus feet of Nitāi— I embrace untruth as truth; But when Nitāi gives His Grace you'll reach Rādhā and Krishna in Braja— O embrace the lotus feet of Nitāi!

nitāiyer charaṇa satya, tā̈hāra sevaka nitya, nitāi-pada sadā koro āśa narottama boḍo duḥkhī, nitāi more koro sukhī rākho rāṅgā-charaṇera pāśa

The lotus feet of Nitāi are truth,

His servitors are eternal—

Ever aspire for the shelter of His feet;

Narottam is very sad— O Nitāi make me happy—

Please keep me at You-r lovely lotus feet!



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

dhana mora nityānanda pati mora gaurachandra prāṇa mora jugala-kiśora advaita āchāryya bolo gadādhara mora kula narahari vilasai mora

1 Lord Nityānanda is my wealth. Lord Gaurachandra is my master. The youthful Divine Couple is my life. Advaita Āchāryya is my strength. Gadādhara is my family. Narahari Sarakara is my glory.

vaiṣṇavera pada-dhūli tāhe mora snāna-keli tarpaṇ mora vaiṣṇavera nāma bichāra koriyā mane bhakti-rasa āsvādane madhyastha śrī-bhāgavata purāṇa

The dust of the devotees' lotus feet is my bathing water. The chanting of the devotees' names is my satisfaction. Considering the merits of all *Vedic* literatures in the light of devotional service, I have concluded that the *Śrīmad Bhāgavatam* is the best of all scriptures.

vaiṣṇavera uchiṣṭa tāhe mora mano-niṣṭha vaiṣṇavera nāmete ullāsa vṛndāvane chaturā tāhe mora mano-gherā kohe dīne narottama dāsa

My mind is firmly convinced of the spiritual benefit obtained by eating the remnants of foodstuff left by the devotees. The names of the devotees are my happiness. The land of Vṛndāvan is the enclosure within which I keep my mind. Thus speaks the lonley servant Narottam.



nitāi guņamaņi āmāra nitāi guņamaņi āniyā premera banyā bhāsāla abanī

1 Oh my Lord Nityānanda, the jewel of all good qualities; Oh Nitāi, the jewel of all good qualities has brought a flood of ecstatic love of Godhead that has drowned the whole world.

premabanyā loye nitāi āila gāuḍa deśe ḍubilo bhakata-gaṇa dīnahīna bhāse

2 Lord Nityānanda has brought this overwhelming deluge of love of Godhead to the land of Bengal on Lord Chaitanya's order. The devotees have been inundated by this deluge but the unfortunate non-devotees have remained floating on that ecstatic ocean.

dīnahīna patita pāmara nāhi bāche brahmāra durlabha prema sabākāre jāche

3 The sinful, lowly, fallen and wretched did not desire such divine love but my Lord Nitāi begged them all to accept this supreme form of divine love which is very difficult for even Brahmā to obtain.

ābaddha koruṇā-sindhu kāṭiyā muhāna ghore ghore bule prema-amiyāra bāna

The ocean of mercy had formerly been tightly sealed, but Lord Nitāi cut a channel in its boundary to allow the great flooding waves of ecstatic love to wash down from house to house.

lochan bole heno nitāi jebā nā bhajilo jāniyā śuniyā sei ātmaghātī hoilo

5 Lochan dās says, "Whoever has not worshipped this Lord Nitāi, or accepted the great gift offered by Him, that person knowingly commits suicide."

krodha paramānanda

by Śrīla Lochan dās Ṭhākur

akrodha paramānanda nityānanda rāy abhimāna-śūnya nitāi nagare beḍāy

1 The great personality, Lord Nityānanda Prabhu, is free from anger and full of transcendental ecstasy. He wanders throughout the towns, free from false pride and arrogance.

adhama patita jīver dvāre dvāre giyā harināma mahāmantra dena bilāiyā

2 He travels from door to door to the homes of the fallen souls, freely distributing the Hare Krishna Mahāmantra.

jāre dekhe tāre kohe dante tṛṇa kori āmāre kiniyā loho bhaja gaurahari

With straw between His teeth, He begs all who cross his path, "Worship Lord Gaurahari and you will purchase me."

eta boli' nityānanda bhūme goḍi jāy sonāra parvvata jena dhūlāte loṭāy

4 Saying this Nityānanda falls to the ground, appearing like a golden mountain rolling in the dust.

heno avatāre jāra rati nā janmilo lochan bole sei pāpī elo āra gelo

If within a person attachment for this incarnation of Nityānanda has not arisen, then Lochan Dās says, "That such a sinful person simply comes and goes (takes birth and dies) in futile misery."

rī Śrī Gaura-Nityānander Doyā

by Śrīla Lochan dās Ṭhākur

parama koruṇa, pahu dūi jana, nitāi gaurachandra saba avatāra- sāra śiromaṇi, kevala ānanda-kanda

1 Lord Nityānanda and Lord Gaurachandra, are the two most merciful lords. They are the crest-jewels of all incarnations and the only source of transcendental ecstatic joy.

bhaja bhaja bhāi, chaitanya nitāi, sudṛḍha biśvāsa kori' viṣoya chāḍiyā, se rase majiyā mukhe bolo hari hari

O brother! I implore you to worship Śrī Chaitanya-Nitāi with firm faith. Give up your attachment to sense gratification and merge into this nectar by chanting the Names of Hari.

dekho ore bhāi, tri-bhuvane nāi emona doyāla dātā paśu pākhī jhure, pāṣāṇa vidore, śuni jāra guṇa-gāthā

Look, O brother! There are no benefactors in the three worlds who are as merciful as Them. Even birds and animals are fulfilled and stones melt, by hearing about Their glorious qualities.

samsāre majiyā, rohili poḍiyā, se pade nahilo āśa āpana karama, bhuñjāye śamana, kohoye lochana-dāsa Absorbing myself in mundanity (the cycle of death and rebirth), remaining fallen, I have no desire or aspiration to serve Their lotus feet. Thus I am simply forced to suffer the reactions for my own *karma* by Yāmarāj, the Lord of death and punishment. So sings Lochan Dās.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

'dayāl nitāi chaitanya' bo'le nāch re āmār man nāch re āmār man, nāch re āmār man

1 Oh my mind, just dance! Oh my mind, just dance! Oh my mind, please dance, chanting, "Dayāl Nitāi Chaitanya!"

(emon dayāl to nāi he, mār kheye prema dey) (tabe) aparādha dūre jābe, pābe prema-dhan (aparādhera-bichāra to nāi he) tokhon kṛṣṇa-nāme ruchi hobe, ghuchibe bandhan

2 Such a merciful personality as Nityānanda Prabhu is not to be found anywhere. He suffers a beating from Jagāi and Mādhāi and still gives them love of God.

When you become offenceless, you will obtain love of God; but in the Names of Chaitanya and Nitāi there is no consideration of offences. Once you have a taste for the Holy Name of Krishna, bondage to this material world will come to an end.

(anurāg to hobe he) tokhon anāyāse saphal hobe jīvera jīvan (kṛṣṇa-rati binā jīvan to miche he) śeṣe vṛndāvane rādhā-śyāmer pābe daraśan (gaura-kṛpā hole he)

When there is attachment to the Holy Name of Krishna, then, very easily, the life of a living being becomes successful. Without attachment to Krishna, life is simply false. If the mercy of Lord Gaura is there, then at the end of life one will obtain the beautiful vision of Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Śyāma in Vṛndāvan.

Songs Lov. Etait gnya

āvaraṇa-Śrī-Gaura-mahimā

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

gaurāṅgera duṭi pada, jār dhana sampada, se jāne bhakati-rasa-sār gaurāṅgera madhura-līlā, jār karṇe praveśilā, hṛdoya nirmala bhelo tār

1 Anyone who has accepted the two lotus feet of Lord Chaitanya can understand the true essence of devotional service. Whoever hears of the sweet Pastimes of Lord Chaitanya, their heart will become pure.

je gaurāṅgera nāma loy, tāra hoy premodoy, tāre mui jāi bolihāri gaurāṅga-guṇete jhure, nitya-līlā tāre sphure, se jana bhakati-adhikārī

In one who takes the Holy Name of Gaurāṅga, there is an awakening of love of Godhead. To such a person I say, "Bravo, excellent!" If one appreciates the transcendental qualities of Lord Gaurāṅga, the eternal Pastimes manifest in their heart. Such a person has real devotional qualification.

gaurāṅgera saṅgi-gaṇe, nitya-siddha kori māne, se jāy brajendra-suta-pāś śrī-gauḍa-maṇḍala-bhūmi, jebā jāne chintāmaṇi, tāra hoy braja-bhūme bās

By considering the associates of Lord Gaurāṅga to be eternally perfect, one can attain the association of Śrī Krishna in Braja Dhām. Whoever considers the land of Lord Gaurāṅga, Śrī Nabadwīp Dhām to be the land of transcendental touchstone, that person takes residence in Braja Dhām, Śrī Vṛndāvan.

gaura-prema-rasārṇave, se taraṅge jebā ḍube, se rādhā-mādhava-antaraṅga gṛhe vā vanete thāke, 'hā gaurāṅga' bo'le ḍāke, narottama māge tāra saṅga

4 Whoever dives into the waves of the nectarean ocean of love of Lord Gaurānga becomes an intimate associate of ŚrīŚrīRādhā-Mādhava. Whether one lives in a house or in the forest, if they chant 'Oh Lord Gaurānga!' Narottam dās begs to attain their association.



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

gaurā pahū nā bhajiyā mainu prema ratana-dhana helāya hārāinu

1 Oh Lord Gaura! I have not worshiped You and have been robbed of the jewel of divine love by my own negligence.

adhane jatana kori dhana teyā-ginu āpana karama doṣe āpani ḍubinu

2 Although I am in need of Your wealth, I have endeavoured to reject Your riches and instead I have dived into sinful material activity.

sat-saṅga chāḍi koinu asate vilāsa te-kāraṇe lāgilo je karma-bandha-phāṅsa

Avoiding the association of saintly persons, I have enjoyed sporting with materialistic people. For that reason I have become bound in the noose of fruitive activity and its reactions.

viṣoya-biṣama-biṣa satata khāinu gaura-kīrttana rase magana nā hoinu

4 I have perpetually drunk the horrible poison of material sense gratification and have never become absorbed in the sweet nectar of the chanting of Lord Gaura's Names.

keno bā āchaye prāṇa ki sukha lāgiyā narottama dāsa keno nā gelo moriyā

5 Oh why has my heart not experienced any satisfaction and why has Narottam dās not simply perished?



by Śrīla Lochan dās Ṭhākur

avatāra sāra gorā avatāra keno nā bhajili tāre kori nīre bāsa gelo nā piyāsa āpana karama phere

1 The incarnation of Śrī Gaura is the most excellent of all incarnations. Why haven't I worshipped Him? It is as if I was surrounded by water but denied myself a drink, returning to my own fruitive activity.

kaṇṭa-kera taru sadāi sebili (mana) amṛta pā'bāra āśe prema-kalpataru śrī gaurāṅga āmāra tāhāre bhabili biṣe

I chewed the thorns of the tree of worldly life and considered the blood that flowed through my mouth to be nectar. When offered the fruits of the wish-fulfilling tree of ecstatic love of Lord Gaurāṅga, I rejected them, thinking them to be poison.

saura-bhera āśe palāśa śuṅkili (mana) nāsāte paśilo kīţa 'ikṣu-daṇḍa' bhāvi' kāṭha chuṣili (mana) kemone pāibi miṭha

Desirous of smelling a sweet scent, I sniffed at what I thought to be a fragrant flower. Alas, that flower was odourless like the *palāśa* flower and instead an insect flew up my nose and bit me. Thinking material life to be sweet like sugarcane, I tried to taste its nectar. Instead, it was like chewing dry wood. In this way all my attempts at enjoyment were false.

'hāra' boliyā golāya parili (mana) śamana kiṅkora sāpa 'śītala' boliyā āguna pohāli (mana) pāili bajara-tāpa

Admitting defeat, wasted and worn out, I await the snake of death. Declaring it to be cool and soothing, I have embraced the fire of material life, only to suffer intense misery, as if struck by lightning.

samsāra bhajili śrī-gaurānga bhulili nā śunili sādhura kathā iha-parakāla dukāla khoyāli (mana) khāili āpana māthā

Worshipping my family and my material life, I forgot Lord Gaurāṅga and didn't listen to the instructions of the saints. Now in my final days, I realise I have died twice, for not only am I leaving this mortal body, but I am also dead while living, having wasted my life in material indulgence.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

gāy gorā madhur svare hare kṛṣṇa hare kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa kṛṣṇa hare hare hare rāma hare rāma, rāma rāma hare hare

1 Lord Gaurasundar sings in a very sweet voice, "Hare Krishna, Hare Krishna, Krishna Krishna, Hare Hare, Hare Rāma, Hare Rāma, Rāma Rāma, Hare Hare."

gṛhe thāko, vane thāko, sadā 'hari' bole' ḍāko, sukhe duḥkhe bhulo nāko, vadane harinām koro re

Whether you live at home or in the forest always chant the Lord's Holy Name; in happiness or sadness, don't forget— chant and fill your lips with the Holy Name.

māyā-jāle baddha ho'ye, ācho miche kāja lo'ye, ekhona o chetana peye, rādhā-mādhava-nām bolo re

Bound in *māyā's* net you've slaved and toiled in vain. But now that you have a human life and consciousness, chant the Lord's Name, "Rādhā-Mādhava."

jīvana hoilo śeṣa, nā bhajile hṛṣīkeśa bhaktivinod-upadeśa, ekbār nām-rase māto re

This life must surely end soon, and you have not worshiped Hṛṣīkeśa, the master of the senses. Bhaktivinoda advises: at least once, taste the *nāma-rāsa*, the nectar of the Holy Name.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

kobe gaura-vane, suradhunī-taṭe, 'hā rādhe hā kṛṣṇa' bo'le kāṅdiyā beḍābo, deho-sukha chāḍi', nānā latā-taru-tole

1 Oh when, oh when will this soul chant in Gaura-forest on the Ganges banks the Holy Names "Rādhā," and "Krishna" renouncing all the body's joys and drenched with all the tears I've wept amidst the herbs, beneath a tree.

śva-pacha-gṛhete, māgiyā khāibo, pibo sarasvatī-jala puline puline gaḍā-gaḍi dibo, kori' kṛṣṇa-kolāholo

When, at some outcaste's home shall I give up all thoughts of caste and beg to share with him humble *prasādam* and drink the water of the Saraswatī? Along the banks, my voice choked with my ecstasy I'll chant "Krishna" in great delight.

dhāma-bāsī jane, praṇati koriyā, māgibo kṛpāra leśa vaiṣṇava-charaṇa- reṇu gāya mākhi, dhori' avadhūta-veśa

And when will I bow down before a resident of the holy *dhām* and beg from him a drop of mercy; when oh when will I smear my body with dust from a Vaiṣṇava's holy feet and wear the mendicant's cloth?

gauda-braja-bane, bheda nā heribo, hoibo baraja-bāsī dhāmera svarūpa, sphuribe nayane, hoibo rādhāra dāsī 4 Then I shall see no difference between the forest of Gauḍa and Braja, and I will be transformed into a resident of the *dhām*. The true nature of the Lord's divine abode will manifest before my eyes, and I will become a maidservant of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī.



kali-ghora timire garasala jagajana dharama karama bahu-dūra asādhane chintāmaņi vidhi milāola āni gorā bodo dayāla ṭhākura

1 The people of this world have now been devoured by the dense darkness of this age of Kali and all auspicious material and spiritual have gone far away. Thus the souls of Kali are apathetic to the transcendental gems offered by the greatly merciful Lord Gaura.

bhāi re bhāi! gorā guṇa kohone nā jāya koto śata-ānana koto chatur-ānana boroṇiyā ora nāhi pāya

"O my brother! O my dear brother! Hasn't anyone told you about the glories of Lord Gaura. How great is Lord Brahmā? How great is Lord Śeṣa? They cannot eclipse the greatness of Lord Gaura.

chāri veda ṣaḍ-dara- śana kori adhyayana se jadi gaurāṅga nāhi bhaje vṛthā tāra adhyayana lochana vihīna jana darpaṇe andhe kibā kāje

"What is the use of the four Vedas and the six systems of philosophy if one does not worship Lord Gaurāṅga? Why study them? What use is a mirror to a blind man?

veda vidyā dui kichui nā jānata se jadi gaurāṅga jāne sāra nayanānanda bhone sei to sakali jāne sarvva-siddhi karatale tāra 4 "If one knows these two kinds of *Vedic* knowledge, he still does not know anything. But if one knows Lord Gaurāṅga, he knows the most precious knowledge. Nayanānanda says: Such a person knows everything. All perfections are found in the palm of their hand."

adi Gaura nā ho'to by Śrīla Vāsudeva Ghoṣa

jadi gaura nā ho'to, tobe ki hoito, kemone dhoritām de rādhāra mahimā prema-rasa-sīmā jagate jānāta ke?

1 If Lord Gaura had not come, then what would have become of us? How could we have maintained our lives? If He had not come, then how could we know of the glories of Śrī Rādhā and the topmost limit of ecstatic love of Krishna?

madhura vṛndā, vipina mādhurī, praveśa chāturī sāra baraja-juvatī, bhāvera bhakati, śakati hoito kāra?

Who would have had the capacity to render ecstatic devotional service, following the mood of the damsels of Braja? Indeed, the clever expertise of the Braja-*gopīs* is essential for entering the supremely sweet forest of Vṛndā, Śrī Vṛndāvan.

gāo punaḥ punaḥ, gaurāṅgera guṇa, sarala koriyā mana e bhava-sāgare, emona doyāla, nā dekhiye eka-jana

3 Sing again and again the wonderful qualities of Lord Gaurāṅga while keeping your heart simple. In the ocean of this material world, not a single person has ever seen such a magnanimous and merciful Lord.

gaurāṅga boliyā, nā genu goliyā kemone dhorinu de vāsur hiyā, pāṣāṇa diyā kemone goḍiyāche Even though I am chanting 'Gaurāṅga!' somehow I have not melted in ecstatic love. So how have I maintained the burden of this body? How is it that the creator has given this Vāsu a stone in place of his heart?

Emona Gaurāṅga bine nāhi āra

by Śrīla Premānanda dās

emona gaurāṅga bine nāhi āra heno avatāra hobe ki hoyeche heno prema parachāra

1 Without Lord Gaurānga, it is not possible to go any further. Will there ever be an incarnation like Him, an incarnation that preached ecstatic love of Godhead as He did?

duramati ati patita pāṣaṇḍī prāṇe nā mārilo kore harināma diye hṛdoya śodhilo jachi giyā ghore ghore

He did not kill the fallen wicked-hearted blasphemers. Instead He went from house to house visiting them. He begged them to chant Lord Krishna's Holy Names. He gave them the Holy Names and purified their hearts.

bhava biriñchira vāñchito je prema jagata phelilo ḍhāli kāṅgāle pāiyā khā-ilo nāchiye bājāiye karatāli

To the world He freely gave the rare gift of ecstatic love of Godhead, a gift even Brahmā and Shiva attain only with great difficulty. Attaining that gift, the poor people of this world danced and clapped their hands.

hāsiye kằdiye preme gaḍāgaḍi pulake byāpilo aṅga chaṇḍāle brāhmaṇe kore kolākuli kobe bā chilo e raṅga 4 They laughed and wept. Overcome with ecstasy, they rolled on the ground. The hairs of their bodies stood erect. The priests and outcastes embraced. There was great bliss.

dākiye hākiye khol karatāle gāiye dhāiye phire dekhiyā śamana tarāsa pāiye kapāṭa hānilo dvāre

Loudly they called out the Holy Names playing the *mṛdaṅga* and *karatālas*. They sang, ran, and danced in a circle. Seeing all this, Yamarāj, the Lord of death became afraid, fled, and knocked on people's doors in order to hide.

e tina bhuvana ānande bhorilo uṭhilo maṅgala sora kohe premānanda emona gaurāṅga rati nā janmilo mora

6 An auspicious tumult arose. The three worlds were filled with bliss. Premānanda says: "Alas! Attachment for Lord Gaurāṅga did not arise in me."



ke jabi ke jabi bhāi bhava-sindhu pāra dhanya kali-yuge re chaitanya avatāra

1 Who will go, oh brother, who will go to cross the ocean of material existence? The wealth and great fortune of this age of Kali is the incarnation of Lord Chaitanya.

āmāra gaurāṅgera ghāṭe ujānakheyā boy kaḍipāti nāhi lāge amani pāra hoy

2 My Lord Gaurānga stands at the jetty ready to ferry his servants upstream across this material existence. For no charge he is immediately taking them.

harināmera tarīkhāni śrī-guru-kāṇḍārī saṅkīrttana-keroyāla du'bahu pasāri

The ferry-boat is the Holy Names of the Lord and the spiritual master is the captain. The oars are the outstretched arms in the *saṅkīrttan*.

sarvva-jīva uddhāra hoilo premera bātāse lochana paḍiyā roilo karamera doṣe

The favourable wind is divine love for Lord Kṛṣṇa and all the fallen souls have been rescued on this boat. Only Lochan dās is left behind due to the faults of his own misdeeds.



by Śrīla Vṛndāvan dās Ṭhākur

bimala hemajini tanu anupama re! tāhe śobhe nānā phuladāma kadamba keśara jini ektī pulaka re! tāra mājhe bindu bindu ghāma

1 His peerless form defeats the purest gold. His form is decorated with a garland of many kinds of flowers. His form is covered with hairs standing erect, hairs that defeat the filaments of *kadamba* flowers. His form is covered with drop after drop of perspirations.

jini' madamatta hāti gamana manthara ati bhāvāveśe ḍhuli ḍhuli jāya aruṇa-vasana chhobi jini prabhātera robi gorā-aṅge laharī khelāya

His slow walking defeats the walking of intoxicated elephants. Overcome with ecstatic love, He staggers and staggers as He walks. His saffron garments defeat the beautiful colour of the rising sun. His fair limbs play in the waves of spiritual pastimes.

chalite nā pāre gorā- chẳd gosāi re bolite nā pāre ādha-bola bhāvete āveśa hoiyā hari hari bolāiyā āchaṇḍāle dhari' deya kola

Overcome, Lord Gauracandra has no power to walk. Now He has no power to speak. Half words are all He speaks. Overcome with ecstatic love, He chants, "Hari! Hari!" Everyone, even the lowest outcaste, He embraces in His arms.

e sukha-sampada-kāle gorā nā bhajinu hele heno pade nā korinu āśa śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya-chandra ṭhākura śrī-nityānanda guṇa gāya vṛndāvana dāsa Alas! At that blissful fortunate time I did not worship Lord Gaura. I did not yearn to attain His feet. In this way Vṛndāvan das sings the glories of Lord Caitanyachandra and Lord Nityānanda.



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

'gaurāṅga' bolite hobe pulaka-śorīra 'hari hari' bolite nayane ba'be nīra

1 When will there be shivering of my body upon chanting Lord Gaurāṅga's Holy Name? When will there be tears in my eyes while chanting the Lord's Holy Name?

āra kabe nitāi-chāda koruņā koribe samsāra-bāsanā more kabe tucha ha'be

When will I obtain the mercy of Lord Nītyānanda? When, by His mercy, will my desire for material enjoyment become insignificant?

bişoya chāḍiyā kabe śuddha ha'be mana kabe hāma herabo śrī-vṛndāvana

When will my mind be completely purified, having given up all material desires? When will I attain the vision of Śrī Vṛndāvan Dhām?

rūpa-raghunātha-pade hoibe ākuti kabe hāma bujhabo se jugala-pirīti

When will I be eager to follow in the footsteps of Śrī Rūpa and Śrī Raghunāth, and when will I properly understand the loving affairs of the divine couple?

rūpa-raghunātha-pade rahu mora āśa prārthanā koroye sadā narottama-dāsa

My only aspiration is to attain the lotus feet of Śrī Rūpa and Śrī Raghunāth. Narottam dās continually submits this prayer.

rī Śrī Gaurasundarer Avirbhāva Vasare

The Holy Appearance Day of Śrī Gaurasundar by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

aruṇa basane sonara sūraja udiche keno re āja basanta suṣamā ujāri āpanā ḍhāle keno jagamājha

1 Why has the Lord appeared suddenly with golden complexion and with golden dress just like the morning sun? Why has He come in the middle of springtime as everything feels so beautiful and wonderful?

taru gulmalatā apūrvva baratā bahe keno phole phule bhṛṅga o bihaṅge keno heno raṅge saṅgīta taraṅga tule

I cannot understand why, but all the trees, plants and creepers are full of fruits and flowers and they are making song and dance with Mahāprabhu.

patita durjjana keno re garjjana ullāse phāṭhiyā poḍe vidyā kula dhana abhimānī jana keno mlāna duḥkha bhore

I am very fallen and unqualified. Why is this sound vibration coming to me, and why am I getting inspiration through it. Those who have high caste, vast knowledge and material wealth, they have so much ego and pride. Why are they suffering?

ākāśa bātāsa ghuchāiya trāsa āśvāse bhāsāye dey sādhu-jana mana sukha vitaraņa āveśe unmāda hoy The sky and the air are so beautiful in the spring season, and they are naturally nourishing and inspiring everybody. In the same way the sound vibration of the devotees spreads everywhere automatically as they distribute Krishna's Name.

chaudikete dhvani ki apūrva śuni bahujana ucharola hare kṛṣṇa rāma nāma divya-dhāma hari hari hari bolo

What a remarkable sound is heard in all directions bringing jubilation to all the people. The devotees chant the divine Names "Hare, Krishna, Rāma," and the transcendental abode manifests. Chant "Hari Hari!"

phālgunī pūrņimā hindola raṅgimā sujana-bhajana rāge saṅkīrttana sane marama gahane nā jāni kibhāva jāge

On His holy appearance day, the festival of Holly takes place. All the devotees are chanting as well as all the Hindus. No-one can understand the feeling and the substance that comes within the heart from that *saṅkīrttan*.

sandhyā samāgama tapana magana keno hema ghana kole aparūpa kata pūraba parvvata suvarṇa chandramā bhāle

As the sunset approaches, the sun shines on the mountain illuminating it like it has golden ornaments. This is especially so in the springtime. Then as the moon rises it also beautifies that mountain with its rays.

suvarṇa chandramā paśiche nīlimā se nīla bilīna heme ithe kiba bhāya sādhu-jana gāya kalaṅka nā rahe preme 8 The blue sky is covered by the Golden Moon and when the devotees glorify the Lord with their discussions, no other conception or motive can exist other than Krishna consciousness. At that time, *prema*, divine love descends automatically without any impediment.

mahājane bole grahaņera chole saṅge nāma saṅkīrttana gaurachandrodaya pāpa rāhu kṣaya chandraśobhā prema dhana

9 The great devotees say, take up your spiritual path with the congregational chanting of the Lord's Holy Names. With the appearance of Śrī Gaurachandra, all sinfulness is removed and everyone attains the treasure of love of Godhead.

marmajña sakale keho kutūhale nīlimā bilīna chāde channa avatāra lukāna kāhāra rādhā-ruchi-rūpa-chāde

10 Everyone who engages in this Nāma-saṅkīrttan of Mahāprabhu, comes to enquire sincerely and to know the innermost secret of the Lord's bluish colour absorbed by his golden features. This is the hidden incarnation of the Lord and the concealed feature of His form is that he is tasting the threefold relish of Śrī Rādhā.

ithe heno stuti rādhā-bhāva dyuti suvalita śyāmarāo udilo gaurāṅga nāma-prema saṅga jaya jaya gorā gāo

Thus I pray to the dark cowherd Śyāmasundar who has taken the mood and effulgence of Śrī Rādhā. That Lord, Śrī Chaitanya appeared with the chanting of the pure divine name; everyone chant the glories of that Golden Lord, Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu.



hākura-vaiṣṇava-pada

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

thākura-vaiṣṇava-pada, avanīra susampada, śuno bhāi! hoiya eka mana āśroya loiyā bhaje, tāre kṛṣṇa nāhi tyaje āro saba more akārana

1 O brother, hear my words with rapt attention: The lotus feet of the Vaiṣṇavas are the most valuable treasure in the world. Take shelter of those Vaiṣṇavas, and worship them. Krishna cannot abandon one who worships Him in this way. All others meet a meaningless death.

vaiṣṇava-charaṇa-jol, prema-bhakti dite bol, āro keho nahe balavanta vaiṣṇava-charaṇa-renu, mastake bhūṣaṇa vinu āra nāhi bhūṣaṇera anta

The water which has washed the lotus feet of the Vaiṣṇavas bestows devotional service in pure love of Godhead. There is nothing as effective in attaining this divine love. I place the dust from the lotus feet of the Vaiṣṇavas upon my head. I wear no other ornament.

tīrthajol-pavitra-guņe, likhiyāche purāņe, se saba bhaktira pravañchana vaiṣṇavera pādadoka, sama nahe ei saba, jāte hoya vāñchito pūraṇa

The purifying power of the waters of the various places of pilgrimage is described in the *Purāṇas*, although this is something of a deceptive trick. Actually there is nothing which is as purifying as the water which has washed the lotus feet of the Vaiṣṇavas. This water fulfills all desires.

vaiṣṇava-saṅgete mana, ānandita anukṣaṇa, sadā hoy kṛṣṇa-parasaṅga dīna narottama kằde, hiyā dhairja nāhi bāndhe, mora dośā keno hoilo bhaṅga 4 Moment by moment my mind finds constant pleasure in the association of the Vaiṣṇavas. I always seek the company of the devotees of Lord Krishna. Poor-hearted Narottam dās cries, "I cannot maintain my composure any longer. Why have I fallen into such a low condition of life that I cannot get the association of the Vaiṣṇavas?"



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

je ānilo prema-dhana koruņā prachura heno prabhu kothā gelā āchārya-ṭhākura

1 That personality who delivered the treasure of *prema-bhakti*, who was so intense with compassion— where is such a personality to be found as Śrī Āchāryya Ṭhākur (Śrīnivās Āchāryya)?

kahā mora svarūp rūpa kahā sanātana kahā dāsa raghunātha patita-pāvana

Where are the saviours of the fallen souls? Where is my Swarūp Dāmodar, and where are Rūpa Goswāmī and Sanātan Goswāmī? Where is Raghunāth dās to be found?

kā̇hā mora bhaṭṭa-juga kā̇hā kavirāja eka-kāle kothā gelā gaurā naṭa-rāja

Where are my Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa and Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmīs? Where am I to find Śrī Krishnadās Kavirāj now? All at once they have gone to join Lord Gaurāṅga, the great dancer.

pāṣāṇe kuṭibo māthā anale paśibo gaurāṅga guṇera nidhi kothā gele pābo

4 To reach such a perfect personality as Lord Chaitanya, I can only break my head against the stone in the anguish of separation.

se-saba saṅgīra saṅge je koilo vilāsa se-saṅga nā pāyā kānde narottama dāsa

They have all gone off together in their own Pastimes. Narottam dās Ṭhākur says: "Unable to obtain their association, I must simply weep."

Vaiṣṇava Vijñāpti

by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

ei-bāro koruņā koro vaiṣṇava-gosāi patita-pāvana tomā bine keho nāi

1 O saintly Vaiṣṇava, please be merciful to me this one time. You are the saviour of the fallen; without you there is no one else who can save me.

kāhāra nikaṭe gele pāp dūre jāya emona doyāla prabhu kebā kothā pāya

2 Just by being in your presence, sins go far away. Where can anyone find such kindness?

gangāra-parasa hoile paschāte pāvana darsane pavitra koro-ei tomāra guņa

Merely by the touch of the waters of the sacred Ganges one becomes liberated, even if he is the lowest of mankind; but just by seeing you, the same effect is achieved. Such is your quality.

hari-sthāne aparādhe tāre harināma tomā-sthāne aparādhe nāhiko eḍāna

4 If one commits an offence at the feet of Lord Hari, he can be forgiven if he chants the Holy Name. But if one offends you, there is no salvation for him.

tomāra hṛdoye sadā govinda-viśrāma govinda kohena—mama vaiṣṇava parāṇa

In your heart Govinda is always resting. Śrī Govinda Himself says, "'My devotees are My life and soul."

prati janme kori āśā charaņera dhuli narottame koro doyā āpnāra boli

6 I hope that in every birth I will obtain the dust of your lotus feet. Śrī Narottam prays, "Please, oh saintly Vaiṣṇava, be kind unto me."



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

kṛpa koro' vaiṣṇava ṭhākura sambandha jāniyā, bhajite bhajite, abhimān hau dūra

Please give your mercy to me now, oh revered pure devotee! Vaiṣṇava Ṭhākur! Then only my false ego will go far away by my constant worship in full knowledge of my real eternal position.

'ami to' vaiṣṇava' e buddhi hoile, amānī nā ho'bo āmi pratiṣṭhāśā āsi', hṛdoya dūṣibe, hoibo nirayagāmī

If I falsely think that 'I am a Vaiṣṇava', then I shall look forward to receiving respect from others. And if the desire for fame and reputation pollute my heart, then certainly I shall go to live in hell instantly.

tomāra kiṅkora, āpane jānibo, 'guru'-abhimān tyaji' tomāra uchiṣṭha, padajala-reṇu, sadā niṣkapaṭe bhaji

Renouncing the false conception that I am a 'guru', I will understand myself to be your humble servant. I sincerely worship the remnants of your food, oh pure devotee, as well as the water that has washed the sacred dust of your lotus feet.

'nije sreṣṭha' jāni', uchiṣṭhādi dāne, ha'be abhimān bhār tāi śiṣya tava, thākiyā sarvvadā, nā loibo pūjā kā'ra

4 By giving others the remnants of my food, I shall consider myself superior and shall be burdened with the weight of false pride. Therefore, always remaining your surrendered disciple, I shall not accept worship from anyone else.

amānī mānada, hoile kīrttane adhikār dibe tumi tomāra charaņe, niṣkapaṭe āmi, kằdiyā luṭibo bhūmi

If you will bestow upon me the capacity to chant the Holy Name, I will then give all honour to others without expecting any respect for myself. Thus I will sincerely weep in ecstasy while rolling on the ground at your lotus feet.

Various Songs of the Vaisnava Achāryas



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

nārada muni, bājāya vīṇā, 'rādhikā-ramaṇa'-nāme nāma amani, udita hoya, bhakata-gīta-sāme

1 When the great soul Nārada Muni plays his stringed *vīṇā*, the Holy Name of Rādhikā-Ramaṇa descends and immediately appears amidst the *kīrttan* of the Lord's devotees.

amiya-dhārā, bariṣe ghana, śravana-jugale giyā bhakata-jana, saghane nāche, bhoriyā āpana hiyā

Like a monsoon cloud, the Holy Name showers pure nectar into their ears. All the devotees, due to great ecstasy, enthusiastically dance to their heart's content.

mādhurī-pūra, āsabo paśi', mātāya jagata-jane keho vā kằde, keho vā nāche, keho māte mane mane

All the inhabitants of the universe become maddened upon entering these intoxicating showers of divine sweetness. Some people cry, some dance and others become fully intoxicated within their minds. pañcha-vadana, nārade dhori', premera saghana rol kamalāsana, nāchiyā bole, 'bolo bolo hari bolo'

4 Lord Shiva embraces Nārada Muni and repeatedly calls out with loud screams of ecstatic joy, while Lord Brahmā dances very ecstatically and exclaims, "Everyone chant 'Haribol! Haribol!"

sahasrānana, parama-sukhe, 'hari hari' boli gāy nāma-prabhāve, mātilo viśva, nāma-rasa sabe pāy

In supreme happiness the thousand-faced Ananta Śeṣa sings and calls out, "Hari! Hari!" By the influence of the transcendental vibration of that Name, the whole universe becomes ecstatically maddened as everyone tastes and relishes the mellows of the Holy Name.

śrī-kṛṣṇa-nāma, rasane sphuri', pūrā'o āmāra āśa śrī-rūpa-pade, jāchaye ihā, bhakativinoda-dāsa

The Holy Name of Śrī Krishna has fulfilled all of my desires by thus manifesting on everyone's tongue. Bhaktivinoda, the humble servant of the Lord, therefore prays at the feet of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī that the chanting of the Holy Name may always continue in this way.



by Śrīla Śrīnivās Āchāryya

kṛṣṇotkīrttana-gāna-narttana-parau premāmṛtāmbho-nidhī dhīrādhīra-janapriyau priya-karau nirmatsarau pūjitau śrī-chaitanya-kṛpā-bharau bhuvi bhuvo bhārāvahantārakau vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who are always engaged in chanting the Holy Name of Krishna and dancing. They are just like the ocean of love of God, and they are popular both with the gentle and with the ruffians, because they are not envious of anyone. Whatever they do, they are all-pleasing to everyone, and they are fully blessed by Lord Chaitanya. Thus they are engaged in missionary activities meant to deliver all the conditioned souls in the material universe.

nānā-śāstra-vichāraṇaika-nipuṇau sad-dharma-saṁsthāpakau lokānāṁ hita-kāriṇau tri-bhuvane mānyau śaraṇyākarau rādhā-kṛṣṇa-padāravinda-bhajanānandena mattālikau vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who are very expert in scrutinizingly studying all the revealed scriptures

with the aim of establishing eternal religious principles for the benefit of all human beings. Thus they are honoured all over the three worlds, and they are worth taking shelter of because they are absorbed in the mood of the *gopīs* and are engaged in the transcendental loving service of Rādhā and Krishna.

śrī-gaurāṅga-guṇānuvarṇana-vidhau śraddhā-samṛddhy-anvitau pāpottāpa-nikṛntanau tanu-bhṛtāṁ govinda-gānāmṛtaiḥ ānandāmbudhi-vardhanaika-nipuṇau kaivalya-nistārakau vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, ŚrīRaghunāthdāsGoswāmī, ŚrīJīvaGoswāmī, and ŚrīGopālBhaṭṭaGoswāmī, who are very much enriched in the understanding of Lord Chaitanya and who are thus expert in narrating His transcendental qualities. They can purify all conditioned souls from the reactions of their sinful activities by pouring upon them transcendental songs about Govinda. As such, they are very expert in increasing the limits of the ocean of transcendental bliss, and they are the saviours of the living entities from the devouring mouth of liberation.

tyaktvā tūrṇam aśeṣa-maṇḍala-patiśreṇīm sadā tucha-vat bhūtvā dīna-gaṇeśakau karuṇayā kaupīna-kanthāśritau gopī-bhāva-rasāmṛtābdhi-laharīkallola-magnau muhur vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

4 I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who kicked off all association of aristocracy as insignificant. In order to deliver

the poor conditioned souls, they accepted loincloths, treating themselves as mendicants, but they are always merged in the ecstatic ocean of the *gopīs'* love for Krishna and bathe always and repeatedly in the waves of that ocean.

kūjat-kokila-hamsa-sārasa-gaṇā
kīrṇe mayūrākule
nānā-ratna-nibaddha-mūla-viṭapaśrī-yukta-vṛndāvane
rādhā-kṛṣṇam ahar-niśam prabhajatau
jīvārthadau yau mudā
vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau
śrī-jīva-gopālakau

5 I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who were always engaged in worshiping Rādhā-Krishna in the transcendental land of Vṛndāvan, where there are beautiful trees full of fruits and flowers which have under their roots all valuable jewels. The Goswāmīs are perfectly competent to bestow upon the living entities the greatest boon of the goal of life.

saṅkhyā-pūrvvaka-nāma-gāna-natibhiḥ kālāvasānī-kṛtau nidrāhāra-vihārakādi-vijitau chātyanta-dīnau cha yau rādhā-kṛṣṇa-guṇa-smṛter madhurimānandena sammohitau vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who were engaged in chanting the Holy Names of the Lord and bowing down in a scheduled measurement. In this way they utilised their valuable lives, and in executing these devotional activities they conquered over eating and sleeping and were always meek and humble, enchanted by remembering the transcendental qualities of the Lord.

rādhā-kuṇḍa-taṭe kalinda-tanayātīre cha vaṁśīvaṭe premonmāda-vaśād aśeṣa-daśayā grastau pramattau sadā gāyantau cha kadā harer guṇa-varaṁ bhāvābhibhūtau mudā vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who were sometimes on the bank of the Rādhā-kuṇḍa lake or the shores of the Yamunā and sometimes at Vaṁśīvaṭa. There they appeared just like madmen in the full ecstasy of love for Krishna, exhibiting different transcendental symptoms in their bodies, and they were merged in the ecstasy of Krishna consciousness.

he rādhe vraja-devīke cha lalite he nanda-sūno kutaḥ śrī-govardhana-kalpa-pādapa-tale kālindī-vanye kutaḥ ghoṣantāv iti sarvato vraja-pure khedair mahā-vihvalau vande rūpa-sanātanau raghu-yugau śrī-jīva-gopālakau

I offer my respectful obeisances unto the Six Goswāmīs, namely Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī, Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, Śrī Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, Śrī Jīva Goswāmī, and Śrī Gopāl Bhaṭṭa Goswāmī, who were chanting very loudly everywhere in Vṛndāvan, shouting, "Queen of Vṛndāvan, Rādhārāṇī! O Lalitā! O son of Nanda Mahārāj! Where are you all now? Are you just on the hill of Govardhan, or are you under the trees on the bank of the Yamunā? Where are you?" These were their moods in executing Krishna consciousness.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

ohe harinām, tava mahimā apāra tava pade nati āmi kori bāro bāro

1 O Holy Name! Your glories are boundless! Therefore I bow down at Your lotus feet again and again.

gokuler mahotsava ānanda-sāgara tomāra charaņe poḍi hoiyā kātara

2 O grand festival of Gokula! O ocean of bliss! I fall down at Your lotus feet, for I am feeling very distressed and troubled at heart.

tumi kṛṣṇa, pūrṇa-vapu, rasera nidāna tava pade poḍi tava guṇa kori gāna

You are Lord Krishna, Your divine form is fully perfect and complete, and You are the origin of all transcendental mellows. Falling down at Your lotus feet, I sing of Your divine qualities.

je kore tomār pade ekānta āśroya tā'ra ārti-rāśi nāśa koroho niśchoya

4 You definitely destroy the multitude of afflictions of that person who takes exclusive shelter at Your holy feet.

sarvva aparādha tumi nāśa koro tā'ra nāma-aparādhāvadhi nāśaho tāhāra

You destroy all of their offences, even to the extent of the Nāma-aparādhas (the ten offenses against the chanting of the Holy Name).

sarvva-doṣa dhauta kori' tāhāra hṛdoya siṁhāsane baiso tumi parama āśroya

6 Cleansing them of all impurities, You are then seated upon the throne of their heart as their supreme shelter.

ati-ramya chid-ghana-ānanda-mūrtimān 'raso vai saḥ' boli' veda kore tuyā gān

You are delightful and beautiful, the personification of complete cognizance and condensed bliss. The *Vedas* sing of You, saying, "He is the emporium of all sweetness, the personification of all transcendental mellows and in the centre of all spiritual relationships."

bhaktivinoda rūpa-gosvāmī-charaņe māgaye sarvvadā nāma-sphūrti sarvva-kṣane

8 At the lotus feet of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī, Bhaktivinoda constantly begs at every moment for the direct revelation of the Holy Name.



ki-rūpe pāibo sevā mui durāchāra śrī-guru-vaiṣṇave rati na hoilo āmāra

1 I have no devotional attachment for either the Vaiṣṇavas or my Spiritual Master. How is it possible for a rascal like me to attain devotional service?

aśeṣa māyāte mana magana hoilo vaiṣṇavete leśa-mātra rati nā janmilo

2 My mind is always drowning in illusion. I have not even the smallest fragment of devotion for the Vaiṣṇavas.

bişoye bhuliya andha hoinu divā-niśi gole phẳsa dite phere māyā se piśāchī

I have become blind by constantly meditating on the objects of the senses. The witch Māyādevī has placed a hangman's noose around my neck.

māyāre koriyā jaya chāḍāna na jāya sādhu-kṛpā binā āro nahiko upāya

4 It is impossible for me (on my own) to overcome and leave behind Māyā (and be able to engage in divine service— $sev\bar{a}$). There is no means by which this is possible other than through the mercy of saintly devotees ($s\bar{a}dhus$).

adoșa daraśi-prabhu patita-uddhāra ei-bāro narottame koroho nistāra

Oh master, Oh purifier of the sinful, Oh saviour of the fallen souls! You do not see the faults of others. Please this time rescue Narottam dās.



by Śrīla Govinda dās Kavirāj

bhajahu re mana śrī-nanda-nandana abhaya-charaṇāravinda re dūrlabha mānava janama sat-saṅge taroho e bhava-sindhu re

1 O mind, just worship the lotus feet of the son of Nanda, which make one fearless. Having obtained this rare human birth, cross over this ocean of worldly existence through the association of saintly persons.

śīta ātapa bāta bariṣaṇa e dina jāminī jāgi re biphale sevinu kṛpaṇa durajana chapala sukha-laba lāgi' re

Both in the day and at night I remain sleepless, suffering the pains of the heat and cold, the wind and the rain. For a fraction of flickering happiness I have uselessly served wicked and miserly men.

e dhana, jauvana, putra, parijana ithe ki āche paratīti re kamala-dala-jala, jīvana ṭalamala bhajahu hari-pada niti re

What assurance of real happiness is there in all of one's wealth, youthfulness, sons, and family members? This life is tottering like a drop of water on a lotus petal; therefore you should always serve and worship the divine feet of Lord Hari.

śravaṇa, kīrttana, smaraṇa, vandana, pāda-sevana, dāsya re pūjana, sakhī-jana, ātma-nivedana govinda-dāsa-abhilāṣa re It is the desire and great longing of Govinda dās to engage himself in the nine processes of *bhakti*, namely hearing the glories of Lord Hari and chanting those glories, constantly remembering Him and offering prayers to Him, serving the Lord's lotus feet, serving the Supreme Lord as a servant, worshipping Him with flowers and incense and so forth, serving Him as a friend, and completely offering the Lord one's very self.



mānasa, deho, geho, jo kichū mora arpilū tuyā pade, nanda-kiśora!

1 Mind, body, and family, whatever may be mine, I have surrendered at Your lotus feet, O youthful son of Nanda!

sampade bipade, jīvane-maraņe dāy mama gelā, tuyā o-pada baraņe

In good fortune or in bad, in life or at death, all my difficulties have disappeared by choosing those feet of Yours as my only shelter.

mārobi rākhobi—jo ichā tohārā nitya-dāsa prati tuyā adhikārā

3 Slay me or protect me as You wish, for You are the master of Your eternal servant.

janmāobi moye ichā jadi tora bhakta-gṛhe jani janma hau mora

4 If it is Your will that I be born again, then may it be in the home of Your devotee.

kīṭa-janma hau jathā tuyā dāsa bahir-mukha brahma-janme nāhi āśa

May I be born again even as a worm, as long as I may remain Your devotee. I have no desire to be born as a Brahmā averse to You.

bhukti-mukti-spṛhā bihīna je bhakta labhaite tằka saṅga anurakta

6 I yearn for the company of the devotee completely devoid of all desire for worldly enjoyment or liberation.

janaka, jananī, dayita, tanoy prabhu, guru, pati—tuhu sarvva-moy

7 Father, mother, lover, son, Lord, preceptor, and husband—You are everything to me.

bhakativinoda kohe, śuno kāna! rādhā-nātha! tuhu hāmāra parāṇa

8 Bhaktivinoda says, "O Krishna, please hear me! Oh Lord of Rādhā, You are my life and soul!"



e ghora samsāre, poḍiyā mānava na pāya duḥkhera śeṣa sādhu-saṅga kori, hari bhaje yadi, tobe anta hoy kleśa

1 Fallen into this material world of birth and death, there is no end to a person's unhappiness. Still, if they associate with devotees and worship Lord Hari, then all their sadness and suffering will come to an end.

bişoya anale, jvaliche hṛdaya, anale boḍe anala aparādha chāḍi' loy kṛṣṇa-nāma, anale paḍaye jola

The heart burns in the fire of sense gratification and the fire burns more and more. Avoiding offences, chant the Holy Names of Lord Krishna, for that will pour water on the fire.

nitāi chaitanya, charaṇa-kamale, āśroya loilo jei kālidās bole jīvane maraṇe, āmāra āśroya sei

3 Kālidās says, "Anyone who has taken shelter of the lotus feet of Lord Chaitanya and Lord Nityānanda is my shelter in life and death."

aiṣṇava Ke?— "Who is a Real Vaiṣṇava?"

by Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta Saraswatī Ṭhākur

duṣṭa mana! tumi kisera vaiṣṇava? pratiṣṭhāra tore, nirjjanera ghore, tava 'harināma' kevala 'kaitava'

1 Oh wicked mind! What kind of Vaiṣṇava do you think you are? Your pretentious show of chanting Lord Hari's Holy Name in a solitary place is only for the sake of attaining the false prestige of a worldly reputation—it is nothing but pure hypocrisy.

jadera pratisthā, śūkarer bisthā, jāno nā ki tāhā māyār vaibhava kanaka kāminī, divasa-jāminī, bhāviyā ki kāja, anitya se saba

2 Such materialistic prestige is as disgusting as the stool of a hog. Do you not know that it is only a mere illusion cast by the potency of Māyā? What is the value of contemplating day and night your plans for enjoying wealth and women? All these things are only temporary.

tomāra kanaka, bhogera janaka, kanakera dvāre sevaho mādhava kāminīr kāma, nahe tava dhāma, tāhār—mālika kevala jādava

When you claim wealth as your own, it creates in you ever-increasing desires for material enjoyment. Your riches should be used for serving Mādhava, the Lord of all wealth. Neither is it your proper place to indulge in lust for women, whose only true proprietor is Lord Jādava.

pratiṣṭhāśā-taru, jaḍa-māyā-maru, nā pela rāvaṇa jujhiyā rāghava vaiṣṇavī pratiṣṭhā, tāte koro niṣṭhā, tāhā nā bhajile labhibe raurava

The demon Rāvaṇa (lust-incarnate) fought with Lord Rāmachandra (love-incarnate) in order to gain the tree of worldly reputation—but that oasis turned out to be but a mirage cast in the desert wasteland of the Lord's illusory material potency. Please cultivate fixed determination to attain only the steady and solid platform whereupon a Vaiṣṇava ever stands. If you neglect worshiping the Lord from this position, then you will ultimately attain a hellish existence.

harijana-dveṣa, pratisthāśā-kleśa, koro keno tobe tāhāra gaurava vaiṣṇaver pāche, pratisthāśā āche, tā'te kabhu nahe anitya-vaibhava

Why do you needlessly suffer the torment of blaspheming the devotees of Lord Hari, attempting to achieve their eminence, thereby only proving your own fruitless foolishness? The desire for spiritual eminence is easily fulfilled when one becomes a devotee of the Lord, for eternal fame automatically follows the heels of a Vaiṣṇava. And that fame is never to be considered a temporary worldly opulence.

se hari-sambandha, śūnya-māyā-gandha, tāhā kobhu noy jaḍer kaitava pratiṣṭhā-chaṇḍālī, nirjjanatā-jāli, ubhaye jāniho māyika raurava

The relationship between a devotee and Lord Hari is devoid of even a trace of worldly illusion; it has nothing to do with the materialistic cheating propensity. The prestige of so-called popularity in the material realm is compared to a treacherous dog-eating witch, and the attempt to live in solitude to supposedly engage in unalloyed *bhajan* is compared to an entangling network of distraction. Please know that anyone striving in either of these ways verily lives in the hell of Māyā's illusion.

kīrttana chāḍibo, pratiṣṭhā māgibo, ki kāja ḍhuḍiyā tādṛśa gaurava mādhavendra purī, bhāva-ghore churi, nā korilo kobhu sadāi jānabo

7 "I shall give up chanting the Lord's Name publicly in *kīrttan* and retire to solitude, thus smearing myself with worldly honour." Dear mind, what is the good of seeking such so-called glory? I will always remind you that the great soul Mādhavendra Purī never deceived himself in that regard by committing theft in his own storehouse of perception the way you do.

tomāra pratiṣṭhā,— śūkarera biṣṭhā, tār-saha sama kabhu nā mānava matsaratā-vaśe, tumi jaḍa-rase, ma'jecho chāḍiyā kīrttana-sauṣṭava

Your cheap reputation is equal to the stool of a hog. An ordinary ambitious man like you can never be equated with a devotee of Mādhavendra Purī's eminence. Under the sway of envy, you have drowned yourself in the filthy waters of material enjoyment after having abandoned the excellent perfection of congregational *kīrttan*.

tāi duṣṭa mana, nirjjana bhajan, prachāricho chole kuyogī-vaibhava prabhu sanātane, parama jatane, śikṣā dilo jāhā, chinto sei saba

9 Truly, Oh wicked mind, the glories of so-called solitary worship are propagated only by false yogīs using unscrupulous means to deceive others. To save yourself from these pitfalls, please contemplate the instructions that the Supreme Lord Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu kindly gave us while addressing Śrīla Sanātan Goswāmī with the utmost care.

sei duți kathā, bhulo' nā sarvathā, uchaiḥ-svare koro hari-nāma-rava phalgu āro jukta, baddha āro mukta, kabhu nā bhāviho, 'ekākār' saba

Do not forget for a moment the two most valuable concepts that He taught: 1) the principle of dry, apparent renunciation as opposed to real, appropriate renunciation; and 2) the principle of a soul being trapped in the bondage of matter as opposed to a soul who is liberated. Don't ever make the mistake of thinking that these conflicting concepts are on the same level. Please remember this while engaging yourself in chanting the Lord's Holy Names as loud as you possibly can.

kanaka-kāminī, pratiṣṭhā-bāghinī, chāḍiyāche jāre, sei to' vaiṣṇava sei anāsakta, sei śuddha-bhakta, saṁsāra tathā pāy parābhava

One is truly a Vaiṣṇava who has given up the habit of falling victim to the ferocious tigress of wealth, beauty, and fame. Such a soul is factually detached from material life, and is known as a pure devotee. Someone with this consciousness of detachment has thereby become victorious over the mundane world of birth and death.

jathā-jogya bhoga, nāhi tathā roga, anāsakta sei, ki āro kahabo āsakti-rohita, sambandha-sohito, viṣoya-samūha sakali mādhava

One is indeed detached who moderately partakes of worldly things that are deemed necessary for living in devotional service; a devotee acting in that manner does not fall prey to the disease of material infatuation. Thus devoid of selfish attachment, and endowed with the ability to see things in relation to the Lord, all sense objects are then directly perceived as being Lord Mādhava Himself.

se jukta-vairāgya, tāhā to' saubhāgya, tāhāi jaḍete harir vaibhava kīrttane jāhār, pratiṣṭhā-sambhār, tāhār sampatti kevala kaitava

This is the standard of befitting renunciation, and one who realizes this is most fortunate indeed. Everything involved in such a devotee's life represents Lord Hari's personal spiritual opulence as manifest

in the world of matter. On the other hand, one who engages in chanting the Lord's Name with hopes of enhancing his own material reputation finds that all his activities and paraphernalia represent only the riches of hypocrisy.

viṣoya-mumukṣu, bhoger bubhukṣu, du'ye tyajo mana, dui avaiṣṇava kṛṣṇer sambandha, aprākṛta-skandha, kobhu nāhe tāhā jaḍer sambhava

Oh mind, please reject the company of two types of persons—those desiring impersonal liberation from the material world, and those who desire to enjoy the pleasure of material sense objects. Both of these are equally non-devotees. The things that are used in relation to Lord Krishna are objects belonging directly to the transcendental realm, and thus having nothing to do with matter they cannot be either owned or forsaken by persons interested in mundane enjoyment or renunciation.

māyāvādī jana, kṛṣṇetara mana, mukta abhimāne se ninde vaiṣṇava vaiṣṇavera dāsa, tava bhakti-āśa, keno vā ḍākicho nirjjana-āhava

An impersonal philospher is opposed to thinking of Krishna as an object of devotion, and thus being puffed up with the false pride of imaginary liberation he dares to criticize the true devotees of the Lord. Oh mind, you are the servant of the Vaiṣṇavas, and you should always hope for attaining devotion. Why then do you make such a loud commotion by calling to me and trying to prove the supposed supremacy of your practice of solitary worship?

je phalgu-vairāgī, kohe nije tyāgī, se nā pāre kobhu hoite vaiṣṇava hari-pada chāḍi', nirjanatā bāḍi, labhiyā ki phol, phalgu se vaibhava

One who falsely gives up things that could actually be used in the Lord's service proudly calls himself a 'renunciate,' but unfortunately he can never become a Vaiṣṇava by such an attitude.

Abandoning his servitorship to the lotus feet of Lord Hari, and resigning himself to his solitary home—whatever is gained by that exercise can only be the worthless treasure of deception.

rādhā-dāsye rohi, chāḍi bhoga-ahi, pratiṣṭhāśā nahe kīrttana-gaurava rādhā-nitya-jana, tāhā chāḍi mana, keno vā nirjjana-bhajana-kaitava

17 Ever engage yourself in the service of Śrī Rādhā, and keep aloof from the vicious snake of materialistic sense gratification. The glory of participating in the Lord's *kīrttan* is not meant to bolster anyone's ambitions for personal recognition. Oh mind, why then have you abandoned the identity of being Rādhā's eternal servant in favour of retiring to a solitary place to practice the cheating process of so-called *bhajan*?

braja-vāsī-gaṇa, prachāraka-dhana, pratiṣṭhā-bhikṣuka tārā nahe śava prāṇa āche tāra, se-hetu prachāra, pratiṣṭhāśā-hīna-'kṛṣṇa-gāthā' saba

The most valuable treasures amongst the Lord's preachers are the eternal personalities residing in Braja-dhām. They never occupy themselves with begging for worthless material reputation, which is cherished only by the living dead. The Braja-vāsīs are truly infused with life, and therefore they preach in order to give life to the walking corpses of the mundane world. All the songs that the Braja-vāsīs sing about the glories of Lord Krishna are devoid of any tinge of desire for fame.

śrī-dayita-dāsa, kīrttanete āśa, koro uchaiḥ-svare harināma rava kīrttana-prabhāve, smaraṇa svabhāve, se kāle bhajana-nirjjana sambhava

This humble servant of Śrī Rādhā and Her beloved Śrī Krishna always hopes for *kīrttan*, and begs all to loudly sing the Names of Lord Hari. The transcendental power of congregational chanting automatically awakens remembrance of the Lord and His divine Pastimes in relation to one's own eternal spiritual form. Only at that time does it become possible to go off to a solitary place and engage in the confidential worship of Their Lordships.



(prabhu he!)
emona durmati, samsāra bhitore,
poḍiyā āchinu āmi
tava nija-jana, kono mahājane,
pāṭhāiyā dile tumi

1 A wicked mind brought me into this world, O Lord, but one of Your pure and elevated devotees has come to bring me out.

doyā kori more, patita dekhiyā, kohilo āmāre giyā ohe dīna-jon, śuno bhālo kathā ullasita ho'be hiyā

He saw me so fallen and wretched, took pity, and came to me saying, "O humbled soul, please listen to this good tiding, for it will gladden your heart."

tomāre tārite, śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya, nabadvīpe avatār tomā heno koto, dīna hīna jone, korilena bhava-pār

3 "Śrī Krishna Chaitanya has appeared in the land of Nabadwīp to deliver you. He has safely conducted many miserable souls such as you across the sea of worldly existence."

vedera pratijñā, rākhibāra tore, rukma-varņa vipra-suta mahāprabhu nāme, nadīyā mātāya, soṅge bhāi avadhūta 4 "To fulfil the promise of the *Vedas*, the son of a *brāhmaṇa*, bearing the Name Mahāprabhu of golden complexion, has descended with His brother, the *avadhūt* Nityānanda. Together They have overwhelmed all of Nadia with divine ecstasy.

nanda suta jini, chaitanya gosāi, nija-nāma kori' dāna tārilo jagat, tumi-o jāiyā, loho nija-paritrāņa

5 "Śrī Chaitanya, who is Krishna Himself, the son of Nanda, has saved the world by freely distributing His own Holy Name. Go also and receive your deliverance."

se kathā śuniyā, āsiyāchi, nātha! tomāra charaṇa-tole bhakativinoda, kādiyā kādiyā, āpana-kāhinī bole

6 O Lord, hearing those words, Bhaktivinoda has come weeping to the soles of Your lotus feet and tells the story of his life.



ki jāni ki bole, tomāra dhāmete, hoinu śaraṇāgata tumi doyāmoy, patita-pāvana, patita-tāraṇe rata

1 By what personal knowledge or strength has one such as I come to Your shelter? Surely it is by Your mercy alone, for You are ever seeking the purification and deliverance of the fallen souls.

bharasā āmāra, ei mātra nāth! tumi to' koruņāmoya tava doyā pātra, nāhi mora sama, avašya ghuchāre bhoya

You are my only hope, for You are full of compassion and mercy. There is no one who needs Your mercy more than I. You will surely drive away all fear.

āmāre tārite, kāhāro śakati, avanī-bhitore nāhi doyāla ṭhākura! ghoṣaṇā tomāra, adhama pāmare trāhi

3 No one else has the power to deliver me. O merciful Lord, by Your declaration, kindly deliver this vile and lowly sinner.

sakala chāḍiyā, āsiyāchi āmi, tomāra charaņe nātha! āmi nitya-dāsa, tumi pālayitā, tumi goptā, jagannātha!

4 I have given up everything and come to Your lotus feet. I am Your eternal servant, and You are my protector and maintainer, O Lord of the universe.

tomāra sakala, āmi mātra dāsa, āmāra tāribe tumi tomāra charaņa, korinu varaņa, āmāra nahi to' āmi

Everything is Yours. I am merely a servant, certain that You will deliver me. I have chosen Your lotus feet as my only shelter. I no longer belong to myself.

bhakativinoda, kādiya śaraṇa, lo'yeche tomāra pāya khomi aparādha, nāme ruchi diyā, pālana korohe tāya

6 Weeping, Bhaktivinoda takes shelter at Your feet. Forgive his offences, afford him a taste for the Holy Name, and kindly maintain him.



bhuliyā tomāre, samsāre āsiyā, peye nānābidha byathā tomāra charaņe āsiyāchi āmi, bolibo duḥkhera kathā

1 O Lord, forgetting you and coming to this material world, I have experienced various pains and sorrows. Now I am approaching your lotus feet to submit my tale of woe.

jananī-joṭhore, chilāma jokhon, viṣama vandhana-pāśe ekabāra prabhu! dekhā diyā more, vañchile e dīna dāse

While I was bound up tightly in the unbearable confines of my mother's womb, O Lord, You once revealed Yourself before me, but briefly, and then abandoned this poor servant of Yours.

tokhona bhāvinu, janama pāiyā, koribo bhajana tava janama hoilo, poḍi māyājāle nā hoilo jñāna-laba

At that moment, I promised that having taken birth I would worship you. But after taking birth, I fell into the entangling network of worldly illusion, devoid of even a drop of true knowledge.

ādarera chele svajanera kole, hāsiyā kāṭānu kāla janaka-jananī- snehete bhuliyā saṁsara lāgilo bhālo As a boy fondled in the lap of relatives, I passed my time smiling and laughing. My parents' affection helped me to forget You still more, my Lord, and I began to think the material world to be a very nice place.

krame dina dina, bālaka hoiyā, khelinu bālaka saha āra kichu dine, jñāna upajilo, pāṭha poḍi aharahaḥ

Day by day I grew and soon began playing with other boys. My powers of understanding emerged and I read and studied my school lessons incessantly.

vidyāra gaurave, bhrami deśe deśe, dhana upārjana kori' svajana-pālana, kori eka mane, bhulinu tomāre, hari!

6 Travelling from place to place, proud of my education, I grew wealthy and maintained my family with undivided attention. Oh Lord Hari, I forgot You!

vārdhakye ekhona,bhakativinoda, kādiyā kātara ati nā bhajiyā tore, dina vṛthā gelo, ekhona ki ho'be gati!

7 Now in old age, this Bhaktivinoda very sadly weeps. I failed to worship You, O Lord, and instead passed my life in vain. What will be my fate now?



hari he!
prapañche poḍiyā, agati hoiyā,
nā dekhi upāya āra
agatira gati, charaṇe śaraṇa,
tomāya korinu sāra

1 Oh my Lord Hari! Having fallen into the illusion of this world, thus rendered helpless, I see no other means of deliverance but You. Since You are the only recourse for the helpless, I accept the shelter of Your lotus feet as most essential.

karama geyāna, kichu nāhi mora, sādhana bhajana nāi tumi kṛpā-moya, āmi to' kāṅgāla, ahaitukī kṛpā chāi

I have no background of pious activities, nor any knowledge, nor any regulated devotional practice. But You are full of compassion and kindness; therefore I, being indeed destitute, solicit Your causeless mercy.

vākya-mano-vega, krodha-jihvā-vega, udara-upastha-vega miliyā e soba, saṁsāre bhāsāye, diteche paramodvega

The powerful urges of speech, mind, anger, tongue, belly, and genitals have banded together to cast me adrift on the sea of this material world, thus causing me grievous trouble.

oneka jatane, se soba damane, chāḍiyāchi āśā āmi anāthera nātha! ḍāki tava nāma, ekhona bharasā tumi

After numerous endeavours to subdue these material demands, I have completely given up all hope. Oh Lord of the destitute! I call upon Your Holy Name, for now You are my only hope.



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

hari hari!
biphole janama goyāinu
manuṣya-janama pāiyā, rādhā-kṛṣṇa nā bhajiyā,
jāniyā śuniyā biṣa khāinu

1 Oh Lord Hari, I have spent my life uselessly. Having obtained a human birth and having not worshipped Rādhā and Krishna, I have knowingly drunk poison.

golokera prema-dhana, harināma-saṅkīrttana, rati nā janmilo keno tāya saṁsāra-biṣānale, divā-niśi hiyā jvale, juḍāite nā koinu upāya

The treasure of divine love in Goloka Vṛndāvan has descended as the congregational chanting of the Lord's Holy Names. Why did my attraction for that chanting never come about? Day and night my heart burns from the fire of the poison of worldliness, and I have not taken the means to relieve it.

brajendra-nandana jei, śachī-suta hoilo sei, balarāma hoilo nitāi dīna-hīna jata chilo, harināme udhārilo, tāra śākṣī jagāi mādhāi

Lord Kṛṣṇa, who is the son of the King of Braja, became the son of Śachī (Lord Chaitanya), and Balarām became Nitāi. The Holy Name delivered all those souls who were lowly and wretched. The two sinners Jagāi and Mādhāi are evidence of this.

hā hā prabhu nanda-suta, vṛṣabhānu-sutā-juta, koruṇā koroho ei-bāro narottama-dāsa koy, nā ṭheliho rāṅgā pāy, tomā bine ke āche āmāra 4 Oh Lord Krishna, son of Nanda, accompanied by the daughter of Vṛṣabhānu, please be merciful to me now. Narottam dās says, "O Lord, please do not push me away from Your reddish lotus feet, for who is my beloved except for You?"



ātma-nivedana, tuyā pade kori, hoinu parama sukhī duḥkha dūre gelo, chintā nā rohilo, chaudike ānanda dekhi

1 I have become supremely joyful by surrendering myself at Your holy feet. Unhappiness has gone away, and there are no more anxieties. I see joy in all directions.

aśoka-abhaya, amṛta-ādhāra, tomāra charaṇa-dvaya tāhāte ekhona, biśrāma lobhiyā chāḍinu bhavera bhaya

Your two lotus feet are reservoirs of immortal nectar where one may live free from sorrow and fear. I have found peace there now and have given up the fear of worldly existence.

tomāra samsāre, koribo sevana, nahibo phalera bhāgī tava sukha jāhe, koribo jatana, ho'ye pade anurāgī

I shall render service in Your household and not endeavour to enjoy the fruits of that service, but rather I shall strive for whatever pleases You, fully devoted to Your lotus feet.

tomāra sevāya, duḥkha hoya jato, seo to' parama sukha sevā-sukha-duḥkha, parama sampada nāśaye avidyā-duḥkha 4 Troubles encountered in Your service shall be the cause of great happiness, for in Your devotional service joy and sorrow are equally great riches. Both destroy the misery of ignorance.

pūrvva itihāsa, bhulinu sakala, sevā-sukha pe'ye mane āmi to' tomāra, tumi to' āmāra, ki kāja apara dhane

I have completely forgotten all past history by feeling great joy in my mind. I am most certainly Yours, and You are indeed mine. What need is there of any other treasure?

bhakativinoda, ānande ḍubiyā, tomāra sevāra tore soba cheṣṭā kore, tava ichā-mata, thākiyā tomāra ghore

6 Bhaktivinoda, diving into the ocean of bliss, devotes all his efforts for Your service and dwells in Your house according to Your wishes.



āmāra jīvana, sadā pāpe rata, nāhiko puņyera leśa porere udvega, diyāchi je koto, diyāchi jīvere kleśa

1 My life is always attached to sinful activity and there is not even a small part of goodness in it. I have caused others anxiety and given trouble to other souls.

nija sukha lāgi', pāpe nāhi ḍori, doyā-hīna svārtha-paro para-sukhe duḥkhī, sadā mithya-bhāṣī, para-duḥkha sukha-koro

For the sake of my own happiness I have openly performed sinful activity. Devoid of compassion, I am concerned only with my own selfish interests. Always telling lies, I become miserable to see the happiness of others, while the misery of others brings great happiness to me.

aśeṣa kāmanā, hṛdi mājhe mora, krodhī, dambha-parāyana mada-matta sadā, viṣoye mohita, hiṁsā-garvva vibhūṣana

There are limitless material desires within the core of my heart. I am full of anger, attached to arrogance, intoxicated by vanity, and always bewildered by enjoying sense objects. Violence and pride are my ornaments.

nidrālasya hata, sukārje virata, akārje udyogī āmi pratiṣṭha lāgiyā, śāṭhya-ācharaṇa, lobha-hata sadā kāmī 4 Ruined by laziness and sleep, I resist all pious deeds, yet am very enthusiastic to perform wicked acts. For the sake of worldly fame and reputation I engage in the practice of deceitfulness. I am always lustful and a victim of my own greed.

e heno durjjana, sajjana-varjjita, aparādhi nirantara śubha-kārya-śūnya, sadānartha-manāḥ, nānā duḥkhe jara jara

A vile, wicked man such as this, rejected by saintly persons, is a constant offender, devoid of auspicious works, always in the mentality of separate interest, and wasted away by various kinds of miseries.

bārdhakye ekhona, upāya-vihīna, tā'te dīna akiñchana bhakativinoda, prabhura charaņe, kore duḥkha nivedana

Now in old age, deprived of all means of relief, thus humbled and destitute, this Bhaktivinoda submits his tale of grief at the feet of the Supreme Lord.

umi sarveśvareśvara

by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

tumi sarvveśvareśvara, brajendra-kumāra! tomāra ichāya viśve sṛjana saṁhāra

1 O youthful son of the King of Braja, You are the Lord of all lords. According to Your will, creation and destruction take place in the universe.

tava ichā-mato brahmā korena sṛjana tava ichā-mato viṣṇu korena pālana

2 According to Your desire Lord Brahmā creates and according to Your desire Lord Viṣṇu maintains.

tava ichā-mate śiva korena samhāra tava ichā-mate māyā sṛje kārāgāra

According to Your will Lord Śiva destroys, according to Your will Māyā constructs the prison house of this world.

tava ichā-mate jīver janama-maraņa samṛddhi-nipāta duḥkha sukha-saṅghaṭana

According to Your will the living beings take birth and die, and according to Your will they meet with prosperity and ruin, happiness and sorrow.

miche māyā-baddha jīva āśā-pāśe phire tava ichā binā kichu korite nā pāre

5 The tiny soul bound up by Māyā vainly struggles in the fetters of worldly desire. Without Your sanction the soul is unable to do anything.

tumi to' rakṣaka āro pālaka āmāra tomāra charaṇa binā āśā nāhi āra

6 You are my only protector and maintainer. Except for Your lotus feet there is no other hope for me.

nija-bola-cheṣṭa-prati bharasā chāḍiyā tomāra ichāya āchi nirbhara koriyā

7 No longer confident of my own strength and endeavour, I have become solely dependent on Your will.

bhakativinoda ati dīna akiñchana tomāra ichāya tā'ra jīvana maraņa

8 Bhaktivinoda is most poor, and his pride has been leveled. Now in accordance with Your will he lives and dies.

Sarvasva tomāra

by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

sarvasva tomāra, charaņe sắpiyā, poḍechi tomāra ghore tumi to' ṭhākur, tomāra kukkur, boliyā jānaho more

1 Now taking all that I possess and surrendering it unto Your lotus feet, O Lord, I throw myself down before Your house. You are the master of the house; kindly consider me Your own dog.

bằdhiyā nikaṭe, āmāre pālibe, rohibo tomāra dvāre pratīpa-jonere, āsite nā dibo, rākhibo goḍera pāre

2 Chaining me nearby, You will maintain me, and I shall lie at Your doorstep. I will not allow Your enemies to enter, but will keep them outside the bounds of the surrounding moat.

tava nija-jana, prasād seviyā, uchiṣṭa rākhibe jāhā āmāra bhojana, parama-ānande, prati-dina hobe tāhā

Whatever food remnants Your devotees leave behind after honouring Your *prasād* will be my daily sustenance. I will feast on those remnants in great bliss.

bosiyā śuiyā, tomāra charaṇa, chintibo satata āmi nāchite nāchite, nikaṭe jāibo, jokhona ḍākibe tumi

4 While sitting up or lying down, I will constantly meditate on Your lotus feet. Whenever You call me, I will immediately run to You and dance in rapture.

nijera poṣaṇa, kobhu nā bhāvibo, rohibo bhāvera bhore bhakativinoda, tomāra pālaka, boliyā varaṇa kore

I will never even think about arranging for my own nourishment, and will remain absorbed in ever cherishing love for my master. Bhaktivinoda now accepts You as his only maintainer.



by Śrīla Vidyāpati

tātala saikate bāri bindu-sama suta-mita-ramaņī-samāje tohe visari mana tāhe samarpala tava majhu hobo kon kāje

O Lord, completely forgetting You, I have offered my mind unto the society of women, children, and friends— but this experience has been just like offering a drop of water unto the burning hot sands of the beach. How can I possibly be relieved of this great misery?

madhava! hāma pariṇām-nirāśā tuhu jaga-tāraṇa dīna dayāmoy ataye tohāri viśoyāsā

O Madhava! As a consequence, I am rendered totally despondent. You are the savior of the universe, and are merciful to the helpless souls. Therefore, I place my hope only in You.

ādha janama hāma nide goyāola jarā śiśu koto-dina gela nidhuvane ramaņī rasa-raṅge mātala tohe bhajabo kon bela

Wandering about in a half-alive condition, I spent my life in utter disgrace. Uncountable days passed as a frivolous child and a useless old man. I have been intoxicated by the pleasure of sharing romantic adventures with beautiful young women. When will I ever get a chance to worship You?

koto chaturānana mari mari jāota na tuyā ādi avasānā tohe janami puna tohe samāota sāgara laharī samānā 4 Innumerable Brahmās have died one after another, whereas You are without beginning or end. All of them take birth from You and are again absorbed in You, just like the waves in the ocean.

bhaṇaye vidyāpati śeṣa śamana bhaya tuyā viṇu gati nāhi ārā ādi anādika nātha kahāosi bhava tāraṇa-bhāra tohārā

Vidyāpati confesses that now, at the end of his life, he is fearful of death. O Lord! There is no shelter other than You. You will always remain celebrated as being the Lord of both that which has beginning and the beginningless. Now the responsibility for my deliverance from the material world is entirely Yours.



hari he dayāla mora jaya rādhā-nātha bāro bāro ei-bāro loho nija sātha

1 Oh Hari! Oh my merciful Lord! All glories to You, the Lord of Rādhā! Many times I have avoided You, but this time please take me as Your own.

bahu joni bhrami nātha! loinu śaraṇa nija-guṇe kṛpā koro adhama tāraṇa

2 Oh Lord, after wandering through many wombs, I have taken refuge in You. Be merciful and deliver this wretched soul by Your divine power.

jagata-kāraņa tumi jagata-jīvana tomā chāḍā kāro na'hi he rādhā-ramaņa

3 Oh lover of Rādhā, You are the cause of the universe and the life of the universe. Without You no-one has anything.

bhuvana-maṅgala tumi bhuvanera pati tumi upekṣile nātha, ki hoibe gati

4 You bring about auspiciousness for the world, and You are the master of all the worlds as well. Oh Lord, what will be my refuge if You neglect me?

bhāviyā dekhinu ei jagata-mājhāre tomā binā keho nāhi e dāse uddhāre

I have considered that in this world there is no one except You who can deliver this fallen servant.



ātma-samarpaņe gelā abhimāna nāhi korobu nija rakṣā-vidhān

1 Surrendering my soul unto You has lifted from me the burden of false pride. No longer will I try to provide for my own safety.

tuyā dhana jāni' tuhu rākhobi, nāth! pālya godhana jāni kori' tuyā sāth

I know that You will give protection to Your treasured possessions, Oh Lord. I now understand the mentality of Your treasured cows safely maintained by Your side.

charāobi mādhava! jamunā-tīre baṁśī bājāoto ḍākobi dhīre

3 Oh Mādhava, when You lead Your herds to pasture on the banks of the Jamunā river, You will call to them by softly playing on Your flute.

agha-baka mārato rakṣā-vidhāna korobi sadā tuhu gokula-kāna!

4 By slaying great demons such as Aghāsura and Bakāsura You will always provide full protection, Oh Kān of Gokul!

rakṣā korobi tuhu niśchoy jāni pāna korobu hām jāmuna-pāni

5 Fearless and confident of Your protection, I will drink the waters of the Jamunā.

kālīya-dokha korobi vināśā śodhobi nadī-jala, bāḍāobi āśā The Kālīya serpent's venom poisoned the Jamunā's waters, yet that poison will be vanquished. You will purify the Jamunā, and by such heroic deeds enhance our faith.

piyato dāvānala rākhobi moy 'gopāla', 'govinda' nāma tava hoy

7 You will surely protect me by swallowing the forest fire. Thus You are called Gopāl (protector of the cows) and Govinda (pleaser of the cows).

sura-pati-durmati-nāśa vichāri' rākhobe varṣaṇe, giri-vara-dhāri!

8 In order to curb the malice of Indra, king of the demigods, You will protect me from his torrents of rain, Oh lifter of the mighty Govardhan Hill!

chatur-ānana korabo jabo chori rakṣā korobi meye, gokula-hari!

9 When the four-headed Brahmā abducts me along with Your cowherd boyfriends and calves, then also You will surely protect me, Oh Gokul Hari!

bhakativinoda—tuyā gokula-dhan rākhobi keśava! korato jatan

10 Bhaktivinoda is now the property of Gokul, Your holy abode. Oh Keśava! Kindly protect him with gentle loving care.



kobe ho'be bolo se-dina āmār (āmār) aparādha ghuchi', śuddha nāme ruchi, kṛpā-bole ho'be hṛdoye sañchār

1 Please tell me, when will that day be mine—when my offences will end and a taste for the pure Holy Name will be infused within my heart by the power of divine grace?

tṛṇādhika hīna, kobe nije māni, sahiṣṇutā-guṇa hṛdoyete āni' sakale mānada, āpani amānī, hoye āsvādibo nāma-rasa-sār

Considering myself lower than a blade of grass, bringing the quality of forbearance into my heart, showing respect to all, myself being freed from all false pride— when will I taste the essence of the liquid nectar of the Holy Name?

dhona jon āra, kobitā-sundarī, bolibo nā chāhi deho-sukha-karī janme-janme dāo, ohe gaurahari! ahaitukī bhakti charaņe tomār

Wealth, followers, beautiful women, as described in worldly poetry—I do not want any such bodily pleasures. O Lord Gaurahari, please give me unmotivated devotion to Your lotus feet, birth after birth.

(kobe) korite śrī-kṛṣṇa- nāma uchāraṇa, pulakita deho gadgada vachana baibarṇya-bepathu hobe saṅghaṭana, nirantara netre bo'be aśru-dhār When, while articulating the divine Name of Śrī Krishna, will my body be thrilled in ecstatic rapture and my words choked with emotion? When will my skin turn pale and ecstatic trembling occur, and when will streams of tears flow constantly from my eyes?

kobe navadvīpe, suradhunī-taṭe, 'gaura-nityānanda' boli' niṣkapaṭe nāchiyā gāiyā, beḍāibo chuṭe, bātulera prāya chāḍiyā bichār

When, in the land of Nabadwīp, on the banks of the Ganges, will I run about, guilelessly calling, "O Gaura! O Nityānanda!" dancing and singing like a madman, giving up all considerations?

kobe nityānanda, more kori' doyā, chāḍāibe mora viṣoyera māyā diyā more nija- charaṇera chāyā, nāmera hāṭete dibe adhikār

When will Lord Nityānanda be merciful to me and release me from the illusion of worldliness? Giving me the shade of His lotus feet, when will He allow me to enter the market-place of the Holy Name?

kinibo, luṭibo, hari-nāma-rasa, nāma-rase māti' hoibo bibaśa rasera rasika- charaṇa paraśa, koriyā mojibo rase anibār

Ishall buyand plunder the mellow of the Name Hari, and becoming thoroughly intoxicated by those liquid mellows of the Holy Name, I shall become stunned. By touching the feet of those great souls who are able to relish those mellows, I will be constantly immersed in the sweet nectar of the Holy Name.

kobe jīve doyā, hoibe udoya, nija-sukha bhuli' sudīna-hṛdoya bhakativinoda, koriyā binoya, śrī-ājñā-ṭoholo koribe prachār When will there be an awakening of compassion for all fallen souls, and when will this Bhaktivinoda, forgetting his own happines, with a meek heart set out to propagate by humble entreaty the sacred order of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu?



Part 1

gopīnāth, mama nivedana śuno viṣoyī durjana, sadā kāma-rata, kichu nāhi mora guṇa

1 Oh Gopīnāth, Lord of the *gopīs*, please hear my submission. I am a wicked materialist, always addicted to worldly desires, and I do not have any good qualities.

gopīnāth, āmāra bharasā tumi tomāra charaņe, loinu śaraņa, tomāra kiṅkoro āmi

2 Oh Gopīnāth, You are my only hope, and therefore I have taken shelter at Your lotus feet. I am now Your eternal servant.

gopīnāth, kemone śodhive more nā jāni bhakati, karme jaḍamati, poḍechi saṁsāra ghore

3 Oh Gopīnāth, how will You purify me? I do not know what devotion is, and my materialistic mind is absorbed in fruitive work. I have fallen into this dark and perilous worldly existence.

gopīnāth, sakali tomāra māyā nāhi mama bolo, jñāna sunirmala, svādhīna nahe e kāyā

4 Oh Gopīnāth, everything here is Your illusory energy. I have no strength or transcendental knowledge, and this body of mine is not independent nor free from the control of material nature.

gopīnāth, niyata charaņe sthāna māge e pāmara, kādiyā kādiyā, korohe koruņā dāna

5 Oh Gopīnāth, this sinner, who is weeping and weeping, begs for an eternal place at Your divine feet. Please give him Your mercy.

gopīnāth, tumi to sakali pāro durjane tārite, tomāra śakati, ke āche pāpīra āro

6 Oh Gopīnāth, You are able to do anything, and therefore You have the power to deliver all sinners. Who is there that is more of a sinner than myself?

gopīnāth, tumi kṛpā-pārābāra jīvera kāraṇe, āsiyā prapañche, līlā koile subistāra

7 Oh Gopīnāth, You are the ocean of mercy. Having come into this phenomenal world, You expand Your divine Pastimes for the sake of the fallen souls.

gopīnāth, āmi ki doṣera doṣī asura sakala, pāilo charaṇa, vinoda thākilo bosi

8 Oh Gopīnāth, I am so sinful that although all the demons attained Your lotus feet, Bhaktivinoda has remained in worldly existence.



Part 2

gopīnāth, ghuchāo samsāra-jvālā avidyā-jātanā, āro nāhi sahe, janama-maraņa-mālā

1 Oh Gopīnāth, please remove the torment of worldly existence. I can no longer tolerate the pain of ignorance and the succession of repeated birth and death.

gopīnāth, āmi to kāmera dāsa viṣoya-bāsanā, jāgiche hṛdoye, phāṅdiche karama phāṅsa

2 Oh Gopīnāth, indeed I am a servant of lust. Worldly desires are awakening in my heart, and thus the noose of fruitive work is beginning to tighten.

gopīnāth, kobe vā jāgibo āmi kāma-rūpa ari, dūre teyāgibo, hṛdoye sphuribe tumi

3 Oh Gopīnāth, when will I wake up and abandon afar this enemy of lust, and when will You manifest Yourself in my heart?

gopīnāth, āmi to' tomāra jon tomāre chāḍiyā, saṁsāra bhajinu, bhuliyā āpana-dhana

4 Oh Gopīnāth, I am Your devotee, but having abandoned You and thus having forgotten my real treasure, I have worshiped this mundane world.

gopīnāth, tumi to sakali jāno āpanāra jane, daņḍiyā ekhona, śrī-charaņe deho sthāno

5 Oh Gopīnāth, You know everything. Now, having punished Your servant, please give him a place at Your lotus feet.

gopīnāth, ei ki vichāra tava vimukha dekhiyā, chāḍa nija-jane, na koro koruṇā-laba

6 Oh Gopīnāth, is this Your judgement, that seeing me averse to You, You abandon Your servant and don't bestow even a particle of mercy upon him?

gopīnāth, āmi to mūrakha ati kise bhālo hoya, kabhu nā bujhinu, tāi heno mama gati

7 Oh Gopīnāth, I am certainly very foolish, and I have never known what is good for me. Therefore such is my condition.

gopīnāth, tumi to paṇḍita-bara mūḍhera maṅgala, sadā anveṣibe, e dāse nā bhāva para

8 Oh Gopīnāth, You are indeed the wisest person. Please look for a way to bring about auspiciousness for this fool, and please do not consider this servant as an outsider.



Part 3

gopīnāth, āmāra upāya nāi tumi kṛpā kori, āmāre loile, saṁsāre uddhāra pāi

1 Oh Gopīnāth, I have no means of success, but if You take me and bestow Your mercy upon me, then I will obtain deliverance from this world.

gopīnāth, poḍechi māyāra phere dhon, dārā, suta, ghireche āmāre, kāmete rekheche jere

2 Oh Gopīnāth, I have fallen into the perils of material illusion. Wealth, spouse, and children have surrounded me, and lust has wasted me away.

gopīnāth, mana je pāgala mora nā māne śāsana, sadā achetana, viṣoye royeche bhora

3 Oh Gopīnāth, my mind is crazy and does not care for any authority. It is always senseless and has remained in the dark pit of worldly affairs.

gopīnāth, hāra je menechi āmi oneka jatana, hoilo biphala, ekhona bharasā tumi

4 Oh Gopīnāth, I have accepted defeat. All of my various endeavours were useless. Now You are my only hope.

gopīnāth, kemone hoibe gati prabala indriya, bośī-bhūta mana, nā chāḍe viṣoya-rati 5 Oh Gopīnāth, how shall I make any advancement when my mind has come under the control of the powerful senses and does not abandon its attachment to materialism?

gopīnāth, hṛdoye bosiyā mora manake śamiyā, loho nija pāne, ghuchibe vipada ghora

6 Oh Gopīnāth, after siting down in the core of my heart and subduing my mind, please take me to You. In this way the horrible dangers of this world will disappear.

gopīnāth, anātha dekhiyā more tumi hṛṣīkeśa, hṛṣīka damiyā, tāro' he saṁsṛti-ghore

7 Oh Gopīnāth, You are Hṛṣīkeśa, the Lord of the senses. Seeing me so helpless, please control these senses of mine and deliver me from this dark and perilous worldly existence.

gopīnāth, golāya legeche phāsa kṛpā-asi dhori, bandhana chediyā, vinode koroho dāsa

8 Oh Gopīnāth, the noose of materialism has become fixed around my neck. Taking up the sword of Your mercy and cutting this bondage, make this Bhaktivinoda Your humble servant.



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

śrī-rūpa-mañjarī-pada, sei mora sampada, sei mora bhajana-pūjana sei mora prāṇa-dhana, sei mora ābharaṇa, sei mora jīvanera jīvana

sei mora rasa-nidhi, sei mora vāñchā-siddhi, sei mora vedera dharama sei brata, sei tapa, sei mora mantra-japa, sei mora dharama-karama

anukūla hobe viddhi, se-pade hoibe siddhi, nirakhibo e dui nayane se rūpa-mādhurī-rāśi, prāṇa-kuvalaya-śaśī, praphullita hobe niśi-dine

tuyā adarśana-ahi, gorole jāralo dehi, chiro-dina tāpita jīvana hā hā rūpa koro doyā, deho more pada-chāyā, narottama loilo śaraṇa

Commentary by Śrīla B.R. Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī

1 Śrī-rūpa-mañjarī-pada, sei mora sampada, sei mora bhajana-pūjana—my everything is Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī's holy feet. We are to discuss so many classifications and positions of rasa: śānta, dāsya, sakhya, vātsalya, madhura. And in madhura-rāsa Rādhārāṇī's camp is special. Then again there are so many gradations of sakhīs. Then there is the class of the mañjarīs, the younger girls, and they have more freedom to approach: when Rādhā and Govinda are in union in a private environment, the mañjarīs can still approach. They have such freedom to visit Them. If any materials

of service are necessary, the *sakhīs* send the *mañjarīs* to that place. The *sakhīs* do not approach there. In that way the *mañjarīs* enjoy the best confidence.

The most secret service of both can be supplied through the *mañjarīs*. In the highest position they have free entrance, and their leader is Rūpa Mañjarī. She is understood to be the leader of the whole group of younger girls, the *mañjarīs*, therefore in *madhura-bhajan* she is all-in-all. This has been taught to us by Narottama Ṭhākur. For us— and the younger batch—she is our highest resort.

Sei mora sampada—my wealth is there in her feet. Sei mora bhajana-pūjana—my worship and service is also in her. Sei mora prāṇa-dhana, sei mora ābharaṇa—the very wealth and gist of my life is there; and the ornaments of my life, if any there may be, that is within her grace. Sei mora jīvanera jīvana—indeed, the very life of my life, if there is anything, that is also her. I am for her pleasure.

2 Sei mora rasa-nidhi—if there is anything, the source of any and all desirable ecstasy is only to be found there. The mine, source, and fountainhead of all rāsa is there in her feet. Sei mora vānchā-siddhi—and if I am to expect any other fulfilment in life, that is also there in her feet. Sei mora vedera dharama—if any duty is recommended by the Vedas for me, I would like that such duty be at her feet.

Sei brata, sei tapa—if at all there is any desired accumulation from any penance or observance of vows, that is also to be found there—sei mora mantra-japa—and the continuous repetition of a mantra in japa all ends there: all things have only one end in my case, and that is that they all meet in different phases in the feet of Rūpa Mañjarī. If she is satisfied then the variegated nature of all sorts of my devotional practices are satisfied. Sei mor dharama-karama—and any of my conceptions of duty or activity of any phases or form all have one end and meet in one point: the holy feet of Rūpa Mañjarī.

Anukūla habe viddhi, se-pade hoibe siddhi—I only pray to the controller who is at the root of all these arrangements of affairs in this world, "Please connect me there. Oh Absolute Manager, may you grant my prayer that all my tendencies may go to attain her favour. Nirakhibo e dui nayane—and it will be so very intense and concrete as if I can see it with these eyes. It will not be vague, abstract,

or imagination, but I want the most concrete realisation by the grace of the Absolute Manager." *Se rūpa-mādhurī-rāśi, prāṇa-kuvalaya-śaśī*—what sort of high class beauty is there in her holy feet! I want to jump. Let my heart be a lotus.

There are two classes of lotus: the white lotus came from the sun and the red from the moon. The *kuvalaya* is a mixture of the two. The lustre of her body will feed me day and night as the life of my life which is compared to a *kuvalaya*. The *kuvalaya* is fed and nourished by the lustre of the moon, and her holy feet are the moon, and my very vitality is likened to the lotus. May the lustre of her beauty maintain and nourish my heart of hearts. *Praphullita hobe niśi-dine*— and the lotus of my heart will grow by that ray, and dance.

Tuyā adarśana-ahi—this is my prayer, but what is my present condition? My present condition is in the negative side, my Mistress. My present position is such that without having a sight of you, Your Grace, my heart will burn into ashes. That is my present position. *Gorole jāralo dehī*—this is just like the poison of a cobra which produces pain within my heart. I have been bitten by a snake, and what is that snake? It is that Iam not getting any direct contact with you, Your Grace. The serpent's poison has captured my heart and I am going to die. *Chiro-dina tāpita jīvana*—and this is not a sudden thing, but from the beginning I have been suffering this sort of pain of separation from such a beautiful and hopeful life of fulfilment.

Hā hā rūpa koro doyā, deho more pada-chāyā, narottama loilo śaraṇa—but I have now reached the extreme position and for the last time I am begging for your favour; otherwise I am going to be finished.

This was composed by Narottam Ṭhākur in praise of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī. In this way he has given us light of the higher quarter of *bhajan* life. This *sampradāya* is named as the *Rūpānuga-sampradāya*, and our Guru-*paramparā* and all these things are adjusted according to that. He wrote many songs and they are of very substantive firmament, very ecstatic, and of deep faith.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

durlabha mānava-janma labhiyā samsāre kṛṣṇa nā bhajinu duḥka kohibo kāhāre?

1 The human form of life is the rarest opportunity for attaining spiritual perfection. But now I am lamenting, because I've somehow or other been born with such an opportunity, and I wasted it by never worshiping Lord Krishna. Oh, to whom shall I tell the tale of this misery?

'samsār' 'samsār', kori miche gelo kāl lābha nā koilo kichu, ghaṭilo jañjāl

Living life after life in this mundane world, all my time has passed in vain (in the bondage of materialistic family life). I have not gained anything whatsoever and undergone only trouble and botheration.

kisera samsār ei chāyābāji prāy ihāte mamatā kori bṛthā dina jāy

What sort of world is this? It's like a magician's illusion (like a magic lantern show, wherein so many shadows and optical illusions play before my eyes). Being selfishly attached to such illusion, considering the temporary illusions of this world in relation to "me" and "mine"), day after day passes by in vain.

e deho patana ho'le ki robe āmār? keho sukha nāhi dibe putra paribār

4 When this body drops dead on the ground then what will remain mine? At that moment, all of my sons and dearest loved ones will not be able to give me any happiness.

garddabher mata āmi kori pariśram kāra lāgi' eto kori, nā ghuchilo bhram I work hard just like an ass every day, and now I am wondering for whom am I working so hard? I am still surrounded by so many illusions.

dina jāy michā kāje, niśā nidrā-baśe nāhi bhāvi maraņa nikaţe āche bose

I waste every day in useless, insignificant work, and I waste every night controlled by sleep. And in every twenty-four hours I never for one second consider that death is sitting very close by my side.

bhālo manda khāi, heri, pari, chintā-hīna nāhi bhāvi, e deho chādibo kon dina

7 I live a very carefree life-style, eating, going out, wearing nice clothes as I please, but I never consider that one day I will have to give up this body.

deho-geho-kalatrādi-chintā abirata jāgiche hṛdoye mor buddhi kori hoto

8 My poor heart is plagued by constant anxieties about the maintenance and daily turmoils created by my body, my house, my wife, my family members and my social obligations. All these anxieties are pinching me and destroying all my intelligence.

hāy, hāy! nāhi bhāvi — anitya e saba jīvana bigote kothā rohibe vaibhava?

Alas, alas! What a remorseful situation has arisen! I am absorbed in all this trouble, but I never consider that all these things are temporary and subject to perish very soon. After I'm dead and gone, where will all of my material opulences remain?

śmaśāne śorīra mama poḍiyā rohibe bihaṅga-pataṅga tāy bihāra koribe

When my body will be thrown in the pit at the cremation grounds, it will simply lie there motionless. Then many crows, vultures, ants, and worms will come and playfully sport there.

kukkur sṛgāl sob ānandita ho'ye mahotsava koribe āmār deho lo'ye

All the stray dogs and jackals will then become very much delighted, and in great ecstasy they will make a festival ground out of my body and will have a huge celebration and feast.

je deher ei gati, tāra anugata saṁsār-vaibhava āro bondhu-jon jata

Just see, this is the ultimate destination of this material body. And the most amazing thing is that all of my material opulences, house, family and friends have exactly the same destination.

ataeva māyā-moha chāḍi buddhimān nitya-tattva kṛṣṇa-bhakti koruna sandhān

13 Therefore I ask of anyone who has any sharp intelligence: please give up all of these temporary illusions presented by Māyā, and kindly search after the means to get pure devotion to Lord Krishna, for this is the only really tangible eternal truth.



by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

anya-abhilāsa chāḍi jñāna karma parihari kāya mane koribo bhajana sādhu-saṅge kṛṣṇa-sevā nā pūjibo devī-devā ei bhakti parama-kāraṇa

1 Worship the Lord with body and mind, giving up the desire for material endeavour and mundane knowledge. Perform service in the association of devotees and do not worship the various demigods. These activities are the prime cause of devotion to Krishna.

mahājanera jei patha tā'te ho'be anurata pūrvāpara koriyā bichāra sādhana-smaraṇa-līlā ihāte nā koro helā kāya mane koriyā sūsāra

The essence of devotional practice is to carefully consider and follow the path revealed by the great devotees. One should not neglect the practice of remembering the Pastimes of the Lord, for devotional service should be performed with the mind as well as the body.

asat-saṅga sadā tyāga chāḍa anya gīta-rāga karmī jñānī parihari dūre kevala bhakata-saṅga prema-kathā-rasa-raṅga līlā-kathā braja-rasa-pure

Always give up bad association and avoid singing mundane songs. Keep at a distance materialistic people as well as those absorbed with mundane knowledge. Associate only with the devotees and merge in the happiness of topics of the loving Pastimes of Krishna in Vṛndāvan.

jogī nyāsī karmī jñānī anya-deva-pūjaka dhyānī iha-loka dūre parihari karma dharma duḥkha śoka jebā thāke anya joga chāḍi' bhaja girivara-dhārī

4 Please give up the association of the *yogīs*, *sannyāsīs*, *karmīs*, *jñānīs*, meditators, and the worshippers of the demigods. Also abandon attachment for all varieties of fruitive activities, religious duties, distresses, lamentations and material objects. Just worship Krishna, the lifter of Govardhan Hill.

tīrtha-jātrā pariśrama kevala-manera-bhrama sarva-siddhi govinda-charaṇa dṛdha-viśvāsa hṛde dhori mada-mātsaryya parihari sadā koro ananya bhajana

Travelling to the holy places is only so much hard labour to attain some mental illusion when really the lotus feet of Śrī Govinda are the perfection of one's life. One should give up pride and envy and with firm determination in the heart, one should always perform unalloyed worship of the Lord.

kṛṣṇa-bhakta saṅga kori kṛṣṇa-bhakta saṅga heri śraddhānvita śravaṇa-kīrttana archana vandana dhyāna nava-bhakti mahā-jñāna ei bhakti parama-kāraṇa

The best process of devotional service is to hear, chant, worship, glorify and meditate with faith on the Names, Forms, Qualities and Pastimes of Krishna in the association of the devotees of Krishna through the nine forms of *bhakti*.

hṛṣīke govinda-sevā nā pūjibo devī-devā ei to' ananya-bhakti-kathā āra jata upālambha viśeṣa sakali dambha dekhite lāgaye mane vyathā

7 Engage the senses in the service of Śrī Govinda and do not worship the various demigods. This principle is in the line of unalloyed devotion. All other activities are simply done through pride and to see them gives great pain to one's heart.

dehe baise ripū-gaṇa jateka indriya-gaṇa keho kāra vādhya nāhi hoy śunile nā śune kāṇa jānile nā jāne prāṇa daḍhāite nā pāre niśchoy

The six enemies; lust, anger, greed, illusion, pride and envy and the five senses of sight, sound, smell, taste, and touch reside in my body but I am unable to control them. Although I hear and understand repeatedly that one should serve Krishna with all his senses, still I cannot accept this fact with firm determination.

kāma krodha moha lobha mada mātsaryya dambha-saha sthāne sthāne nijūkta koribo ānanda kori hṛdoy ripu' kori' parājaya anāyāse govinda bhajibo

9 I will engage lust, anger, greed, illusion, envy and pride in their proper places. In this way, I will defeat the enemies and with ecstasy in my heart, I will worship Govinda without difficulty.

kāma kṛṣṇa-karmārpaṇe krodha bhakta-dveśi-jane lobha sādhu-saṅge hari-kathā moha iṣṭa-lābha-bine mada kṛṣṇa-guṇa-gāne nijūkta koribo jathā tathā

10 I will engage my lust in eagerness to serve Krishna and I will use my anger against those who are envious of the devotees. I will be greedy to hear the topics of Hari in the association of the devotees. I will be illusioned if I fail to achieve my worshipable Lord and I will feel proud to chant the glories of Krishna. In this way, I will engage them in their respective duties.

anyathā svatantra kāma anarthādi jāra dhāma bhakti-pathe sadā deya bhaṅga kibā bā korite pāre kāma-krodha sādhakere jadi hoy sādhu-janāra saṅga Otherwise, independent lusty desires, which are the source of all unwanted things will always disturb the path of devotional service. What harm can lusty desires and anger do to a practioner of devotional service if they associate with devotees?

krodha bā nā kore kibā krodha-tyāga sadā dibā lobha moha ei to' kathana choya ripū sadā hīna kṛṣṇachandra koriyā smaraṇa

Anger spoils everything. Therefore, I will always give up anger, greed and illusion. I will control the six enemies with the help of my mind while remembering Lord Krishna.

āpani palābe saba śuniyā govinda raba siṁha-rabe jena kori-gaṇa sakali vipatti jābe mahānanda sūkha pābe jāra hoy ekānta bhajana

All the enemies will run away by hearing the sound vibration of Govinda's name just as a deer flees upon hearing the roar of a lion. One who performs unalloyed devotional service will feel great happiness and all his dangers will be vanquished.

nā koriho asat-cheṣṭa lābha pūjā pratiṣṭhā sadā chinta govinda-charaṇa sakala santāpa jābe parānanda sukha pābe prema-bhakti parama-kāraṇa

14 Therefore my dear mind, do not endeavour for bad association, profit, adoration and distinction, but always remember the lotus feet of Govinda. Please engage in loving devotional service with great happiness and all your dangers will be destroyed.

asat-kriya kuṭināṭi chāḍa anya paripāṭī anya deve nā koriho rati āpana āpana sthāne pirīti sabāi ṭāne bhakti-pathe paḍaye bigati Please give up all duplicity, illusory activities and the search for bodily happiness. Do not be attached to the worship of various demigods. Mundane love and affection for material relationships attracts everyone to their respective illusions and thus advancement on the path of devotional service is checked.

āpana bhajana-patha tāhe hobo anūrata iṣṭa-deva-sthāne-līlā-gāna naiṣṭhika bhajana ei tomāre kohinū bhāi hanumān tāhāte pramāṇa

Be continuously engaged on the path of devotional worship and be attached to glorifying the Pastimes of Śrī Krishna in Vṛndāvan. This process of devotional service is known as steady devotional service. The prime example of this is Hanumān.

Śrī Śikṣāṣ takam by Śrīta Bhak fivinoda Thākur



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

Song 1 The first verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

cheto-darpaṇa-mārjanam bhava-mahā-dāvāgni-nirvāpaṇam śreyaḥ-kairava-chandrikā-vitaraṇam vidyā-vadhu-jīvanam ānandāmbudhi-vardhanam prati-padam pūrṇāmṛtāsvādanam sarvvātma-snapanam param vijayate śrī-kṛṣṇa-saṅkīrttanam

The Holy Name of Krishna cleanses the mirror of the heart and extinguishes the fire of misery in the forest of birth and death. As the evening lotus blooms in the moon's cooling rays, the heart begins to blossom in the nectar of the Name.

And at last the soul awakens to its real inner treasure— a life of love with Krishna. Again and again tasting nectar, the soul dives and surfaces in the ever-increasing ocean of ecstatic joy.

All phases of the self of which we may conceive are fully satisfied and purified, and at last conquered by the all-auspicious influence of the Holy Name of Krishna.

pīta-baraņa kali-pāvana gorā gāoyāi aichana bhāva-bibhorā

1 Lord Gaurāṅga, whose complexion is golden and who is the deliverer of the fallen souls of the age of Kali, sings as follows, overwhelmed with spiritual ecstasy.

chitta-darpaṇa-parimārjana-kārī kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya chitta-bihārī 2 "All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! It thoroughly cleanses the mirror of the heart and is the delight of the soul."

helā-bhava-dāva-nirvāpaṇa-vṛtti kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya kleśa-nivṛtti

3 "All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! It extinguishes the forest fire of material existence and removes all material tribulations."

śreyaḥ-kumuda-bidhu-jyotsnā-prakāśa kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya bhakti-vilāsa

4 "All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! It appears like the moon in the heart and distributes its cooling moonlight, making the white lotus of the soul's good fortune blossom and bloom. Krishna-kīrttan is the bhakti-vilāsa, the beautiful pastime of devotion."

viśuddha-vidyā-vadhu jīvana-rūpa kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya siddha-svarūpa

"All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! It reveals one's pure identity in relationship with the Lord even up to divine consorthood. This chanting is the real perfection of life."

ānanda-payo-nidhi-vardhana-kīrtti kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya plābana-mūrtti

6 "All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! Kṛṣṇa-kīrttan causes the ocean of ecstatic joy to overflow. It is an inundation of divine love."

pade pade pījuṣa-svāda-pradātā kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya prema-bidhātā

7 "All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! Kṛṣṇa-kīrttan gives one a taste of fully satisfying nectar at every step; ultimately it bestows ecstatic love of Godhead."

bhakativinoda-svātma-snapana-vidhān kṛṣṇa-kīrttana jaya prema-nidān

8 "All glories to the chanting of the Holy Name of Krishna! It bathes the soul of Bhaktivinoda. This chanting is a store-house of love of Godhead."



Song 2 The second verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

nāmnām akāri bahudhā nija-sarvva-śaktis tatrārpitā niyamitaḥ smaraņe na kālaḥ etādṛśī tava kṛpā bhagavan mamāpi durdaivam īdṛśam ihājani nānurāgaḥ

"Oh my Lord, Your Holy Name bestows auspiciousness upon all. And You have unlimited Names such as Krishna and Govinda by which You reveal Yourself. In Your many Holy Names You have kindly invested all Your transcendental potency. And in chanting these Names, there are no strict rules concerning time or place. Out of Your causless mercy, You have descended in the form of divine sound, but my great misfortune is that I have no love for Your Holy Name."

tuhu doyā-sāgara tārayite prāņī nāma aneka tuyā śikhāoli āni

1 O Lord! You are an ocean of mercy, and so you have brought the teachings of the glories of your unlimited Holy Names to deliver all souls.

sakala śakati dei nāme tohārā grahaņe rākholi nāhi kāla-bichārā

You have conferred all Your power upon Your Name. And there are no rules governing the appropriate time or place for chanting the Holy Name.

śrī-nāma-chintāmaņi tohāri samānā biśve bilāoli koruņā-nidānā

The Holy Name is a *chintāmaṇi* gem, a divine touch-stone, and is nondifferent from You. Out of Your kindness for all souls, You have distributed Your Holy Name throughout the universe.

tuyā doyā aichana parama udārā atiśoya manda nātha! bhāga hāmārā

This is Your mercy, Oh Lord. You are supremely kind. But, Oh Lord, I am most wicked and unfortunate.

nāhi janamalo nāme anurāga mora bhaktivinoda-chitta duḥkhe bibhora

5 I have never known any attraction for the Holy Names. And so, the heart of Bhaktivinoda is filled with sadness.



Song 3 The third verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

tṛṇād api sunīchena taror iva sahiṣṇunā amāninā mānadena kīrttanīyaḥ sadā hariḥ

One who is humbler than a blade of grass, more forbearing than a tree who gives due honour to others without desiring it for himself is qualified to always chant the Holy Name of Krishna.

śrī-kṛṣṇa-kīrttane jodi mānasa tohāra parama jatane tāhi lobho adhikāra

1 If your mind is always carefully absorbed in the chanting of the Holy Name, then you will become qualified for chanting the Holy Name of Krishna.

tṛṇādhika hīna, dīna, akiñchana chāra āpane mānobi sadā chāḍi' ahaṅkāra

2 Humbler than a blade of grass considering yourself low, poor, and mean, give up your false ego.

vṛkṣa-sama kṣamā-guṇa korobi sādhana pratihiṁsā tyaji anye korobi pālana

Tolerant as a tree, you should forgive and forbear, giving up violence. Practice nurturing and protecting others.

jīvana-nirvāhe āne udvega nā dibe para-upakāre nija-sukha pāsaribe

4 Live without causing anxiety to others; do good unto others without considering your own happiness.

hoile-o sarvva-guņe guņī mahāśoy pratiṣṭhāśā chāḍi koro amānī hṛdoy

A great soul who has all these qualities should not become proud of his saintly qualities, but, giving up position and prestige he should always remain prideless within his heart.

kṛṣṇa-adhiṣṭhān sarvva-jīve jāni sadā korobi sammāna sobe ādare sarvvadā

6 Always knowing that Krishna dwells within the hearts of all living beings, you should always properly respect and honour others.

doinya, doyā, anye mān, pratiṣṭhā-varjjan chāri guṇe guṇī hoi koroho kīrttan

7 Humility, mercy, consideration of others, and giving up position are the four qualities needed to perform *kīrttan*.

bhakativinoda kằdi bole prabhu-pāya heno adhikāra kobe dibe he āmāya

8 Bhaktivinoda, crying at the Lord's holy feet says, "O my Lord, when will You bestow upon me the qualifications for Krishna-kīrttan?"



Song 4 The fourth verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

na dhanam na janam na sundarīm kavitām vā jagad-īśa kāmaye mama janmani janmanīśvare bhavatād bhaktir ahaitukī tvayi

"Oh Lord, I have no desires to accumulate wealth, followers, beautiful women, or salvation. My only prayer is for Your causeless devotional service, birth after birth."

prabhu tava pada-juge mora nivedana nāhi māgi deho-sukha, vidyā dhana, jana

1 O Lord! This is my humble submission at Your lotus feet. I do not ask for sense pleasure, learning, wealth or followers.

nāhi māgi svarga, āro mokṣa nāhi māgi nā kori prārthanā kono vibhūtira lāgi

I do not beg for residence on the celestial planets, nor do I desire liberation from this mundane existence. Nor do I pray for the attainment of any mystic powers.

nija-karma-guṇa-doṣe je je janma pāi janme janme jeno tava nāma-guṇa gāi

Whatever birth I may obtain due to the results of my previous worldly activities let it be so. I simply pray that I may sing the glories of Your Holy Name birth after birth.

ei mātra āśā mama tomāra charaņe ahaitukī bhakti hṛde jāge anukṣaņe

This alone is my cherished hope, my aspiration, my prayer at Your lotus feet: Let causeless and uninterrupted devotion awaken within my heart and flow towards You.

bişoye je prīti ebe āchoye āmāra sei-mata prīti hauk charaņe tomāra

5 Let me love Your lotus feet as much as I now love sense gratification; transfer my affection from the objects of the senses to Your lotus feet.

bipade sampade tāhā thākuka samabhāve dine dine bṛddhi hauk nāmera prabhāve

In danger or success, good fortune or disaster, let me remain equipoised. And let my affection for You increase day by day by the influence of the Holy Name.

paśu-pakṣī hoye thāki svarge bā niroye tava bhakti rahu bhaktivinoda-hṛdoye

7 Whether I live as bird or beast, in heaven or in hell, let the humble Bhaktivinoda always cherish devotion to You in his heart of hearts.



Song 5 The fifth verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

ayi nanda-tanuja kiṅkaraṁ patitaṁ māṁ viṣame bhavāmbudhau kṛpayā tava pāda-paṅkajasthita-dhūli-sadṛśaṁ vichintaya

"Oh son of Nanda Mahārāj, I am Your eternal servant, yet because of my own *karma*, I have fallen into this terrible ocean of birth and death. Please accept this fallen soul and consider me a particle of dust at Your holy lotus feet."

anādi karama-phole, poḍi bhavārṇava-jole, toribāre nā dekhi upāy, e-viṣoya-holāhole, divā-niśi hiyā jvole, mon kobhu sukha nāhi pāy

As a result of my selfish fruitive activities, which are without beginning, I have fallen into the ocean of material existence. And now I can see no means of deliverance. Day and night my heart burns from the vicious poison of these worldly affairs, and due to this my mind never finds any true happiness.

āśā-pāśa-śata-śata kleśa deya abirata, pravṛti-ūrmira tāhe khelā kāma-krodha-ādi choy, bāṭapāḍe dey bhoy, abasāna hoilo āsi belā

I am bound by hundreds and hundreds of desires that give unending distress and these desires play in the waves of ever-increasing materialistic tendency. Lust, anger, greed, pride, illusion and envy are like six highway robbers making me greatly fearful, and in this way my life is coming to an end.

jñāna-karma — ṭhāga dui, more pratāriyā loi, abaśeṣe phele sindhu-jole e heno somoye, bandhu, tumi kṛṣṇa kṛpā-sindhu kṛpā kori' tolo more bole

The two highway robbers named intellectual knowledge and fruitive activity have cheated and misled me, and finally they have thrown me into the ocean of misery. At such a time as this, dear Krishna, You are my only friend. You are an ocean of mercy. Please be kind and lift me up from this condition of suffering by Your divine power.

patita-kiṅkore dhori', pāda-padma-dhūli kori', deho bhaktivinode āśroy āmi tava nitya-dās bhuliyā māyāra pāś, baddha ho'ye āchi doyāmoy

4 I am Your eternal servant, oh merciful Lord. Having forgotten this relationship since time immemorial, I have become bound up in this network of illusion. Take this fallen servant of Yours, give him a place in the dust of Your lotus feet; give your shelter to this humble Bhaktivinoda.



Song 6 The sixth verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

nayanam galad-aśru-dhārayā vadanam gadgada-ruddhayā girā pulakair nichitam vapuḥ kadā tava nāma-grahaṇe bhaviṣyati

"Oh Lord, when will tears flow from my eyes like waves, And my voice tremble in ecstasy? When will the hairs of my body stand on end while chanting Your Holy Name?"

aparādha-phole mama chitta bhela vajra sama tuyā nāme nā lobhe bikāra hatāś hoiya hari tava nāma ucha kori bodo duḥkhe dāki bāro bāro

1 Oh Lord Hari, as a result of my offences incurred in previous lifetimes, my heart has become as hard as a thunderbolt, and feels no change upon chanting Your Holy Name. Disappointed, hopeless, and in great distress, I loudly call Your Name again and again.

dīna doyāmoy koruņā-nidān bhāva-bindu dei rākhoho parāņ

2 Oh Lord, you are compassionate towards the fallen souls and the origin of mercy. Please give me a drop of divine ecstasy and thereby save my life!

kobe tuyā nāma-uchāraņe mor nayane jharabo daro daro lor

When will an incessant stream of tears flow from my eyes as I chant Your Name in divine ecstasy?

gada-gada-svara kanthe upajabo mukhe bolo ādha ādha bāhirābo

When will my voice be choked with divine emotion, and when will words garbled due to ecstasy come from my mouth?

pulake bharabo śorīra hāmāra sveda-kampa-stambha hobe bāro bāro

When will the hairs of my body stand up in ecstasy? When will I become stunned with ecstasy, shiver and perspire out of the ecstasy of divine love? When will these symptoms of ecstasy overwhelm me again and again?

bibarṇa-śorīre hārāobu jñāna nāma-samāśraye dharobu parāṇa

When will my body turn colours and become pale out of ecstasy? When will I lose consciousness? And when will my very life be under the shelter of the Holy Name?

milabo hāmār kiye aiche dina roye bhakativinoda mati hīna

7 Bhaktivinoda, who is devoid of good intelligence cries, "When will I meet with such a day?"



Song 7a

The seventh verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

yugāyitam nimeṣeṇa chakṣuṣā prāvṛṣāyitam śūnyāyitam jagat sarvam govinda-viraheṇa me

"Oh Govinda! Without You, the world is empty. Tears are flooding my eyes like rain, and a moment seems like forever."

gāite gāite nāma ki dośā hoilo 'kṛṣṇa-nitya-dāsa mui' hṛdoye sphurilo

1 Chanting the Name again and again, what was my condition? Within my heart I realised, "I am an eternal servant of Krishna."

jānilām māyā-pāśe e jaḍa-jagate govinda-virahe duḥkha pāi nānā-mate

I realised that I was bound by Māyā's ropes, in this dull mundane universe, and I simply experience misery in various ways due to separation from Lord Govinda.

āro je samsāra mora nāhi lāge bhālo kāhā jāi kṛṣṇa heri e chintā biśālo

3 And I don't much like this world of birth and death. Where shall I go to see Krishna? This was my biggest worry.

kādite kādite mora ākhi-bariṣoy barṣā-dhārā heno chakṣe hoilo udoy

4 I began weeping and weeping; my tears fell. Torrents of rain poured from my eyes just like the rains of the monsoon season.

nimeșa hoilo mora śata-juga-sam govinda-viraha āra sohite akṣam

Now, a moment for me is like a hundred ages. I cannot bear this separation from Lord Govinda.

śūnya dharā-tala, chaudike dekhiye, parāṇa udāsa hoya ki kori, ki kori, sthira nāhi hoya, jīvana nāhiko roya

The world is empty; as I survey the four directions, the entire surface of the world is void. My life is empty, my mind is listless; I am indifferent and apathetic towards everything. Depressed, melancholy and forlorn, my life has no meaning now. What do I do now? I cannot remain steady. I can no longer maintain my life.

braja-bāsi-gaṇa mora prāṇa rākho dekhāo śrī-rādhā-nāthe bhakativinoda- minati māniyā, laohe tāhāre sāthe

7 Oh residents of Vṛndāvan; save my life and show me Rādhānāth, the Lord of Śrī Rādhā. Considering this humble prayer of Bhaktivinoda, please give him Your association and take him with You.

śrī kṛṣṇa-viraha āro sohite nā pāri parāṇa chāḍite āro din dui chāri

8 I am unable to further tolerate this separation from my Lord Krishna and I am ready to give up my life in two days or four.



Song 7b

gāite 'govinda'-nām, upajilo bhāva-grām, dekhilām jamunāra kūle vṛṣabhānu-sutā-saṅge, śyāma-naṭa-boro-raṅge, bằśarī bājāya nīpo-mūle

And while I sang the name of Govinda a host of ecstasies arose within me. I saw Sundar-śyāma the best of dancers, on Jamunā's shores, with Śrī Rādhā, Vṛṣabhānu's daughter, sporting in Pastimes of love playing His flute beside the water while a *kadamba* tree above cast shade upon the divine couple.

dekhiyā jugala-dhana, asthira hoilo mana, jñāna hārā hoilu tokhon koto-kṣane nāhi jāni, jñāna-labha hoilo māni, āro nāhi bhelo daraśan

On seeing this, my mind was stunned. I lost my senses. Unaware of time, I fainted. When I awoke after immeasurable time, the treasured couple had gone. My vision of Braja had broken.



Song 7c

sakhi go kemote dhoribo parāņ nimeṣa hoilo jugera samān

1 Oh my dear girlfriend! How will I maintain my life? The passing of a mere moment has become like a vast age of time.

śrāvaņera dhārā, ākhi-bariṣoy, śūnya bhelo dharā-tala govinda-virahe, prāṇa nāhi rohe, kemone bằchibo bolo

Tears flow from my eyes like torrents of rain in the month of Śrāvaṇa, and the face of the earth has become totally void. In separation from Govinda my life cannot go on... please tell how I will be able to live.

bhakativinoda, asthira hoiyā, punaḥ nāmāśroya kori' ḍāke rādhānātha, diyā daraśana, prāṇa rākho, nahe mori

Bhaktivinoda has become very restless and again takes shelter of the Holy Name, calling out, "Oh Lord of Rādhā! By bestowing Your audience, please save my life! By Your mercy alone I shall not perish!"



Song 8a The eighth verse of the Śrī Śikṣāṣṭakam is as follows:

āśliṣya vā pāda-ratām pinaṣṭu mām adarśanān marma-hatām karotu vā yathā tathā vā vidadhātu lampaṭo mat-prāṇa-nāthas tu sa eva nāparaḥ

"Krishna may embrace me in love or trample me under His feet. He may break my heart by hiding Himself from me. Let that debauchee do whatever He likes, but He will always be the only Lord of my life."

bondhu-goṇ! śunoho vachana mora bhāvete bibhora, thākiye jokhon, dekhā deya chitta-chora

1 Oh my friends! Listen to my words. I am filled to overflowing with devotional ecstasy when I have a divine vision of that thief who has stolen my heart.

bichakṣaṇa kori' dekhite chāhile, hoya ằkhi-agochara punaḥ nāhi dekhi', kằdaye parāṇa, duḥkhera nā thāke ora

And when I want to see Him more clearly, He disappears from sight and becomes invisible. Again, not seeing Him, my soul weeps and my grief knows no bounds.

jagatera bandhu sei kobhu more loya sātha jathā tathā rākhu more āmāra se prāṇanātha

3 Sometimes Krishna, the friend of the universe, takes me as one of His own, and sometimes He ignores me, but however He keeps me, He is the only Lord of my life.

darśan-ānanda-dāne, sukha dey mora prāṇe, bole more praṇoya-vachan punaḥ adarśan diyā, dagdha kore mora hiyā, prāṇe more māre prāṇa-dhan

When He gives His blissful audience to me, He gives happiness to my soul. He gives me great ecstasy by allowing me to see Him and by speaking affectionately to me. Again He goes away, removing Himself from my sight. And by not letting me see Him, He burns my heart with the fire of separation.

jāhe tā'ra sukha hoy, sei sukha mama nija sukhe-duḥkhe mora sarvvadāi sama

But even though He pains my soul in this way, He is still the Lord of my life. Whatever is His happiness is also my happiness. And so, for me, my own happiness and distress is all the same.

bhakativinoda, samjoge bijoge, tāhe jāne prāņeśvara tā'ra sukhe sukhī, sei prāṇa-nātha, se kobhu nā hoya paro

In this way, Bhaktivinoda, in both union and separation, knows that Krishna is the only Lord of his soul. Krishna's happiness is my happiness. He is the Lord of my life; there is no other Lord for me than Him.



Song 8b

yoga-pīṭhopari-sthita, aṣṭa-sakhī-subeṣṭita, vṛndāraṇye kadamba-kānane rādhā-saha vaṁśī-dhārī, biśva-jana-chitta-hārī, prāṇa mora tằnāra charaṇe

1 At the *yoga-pīṭha*, surrounded by the *aṣṭa-sakhīs*, in the Vṛndāvan forest, in a grove of *kadamba* trees, by the side of Śrī Rādhā, holding His flute, Śrī Krishna enchants all souls within the universe. I fall at His feet and surrender my life to Him.

sakhī-ājñāmata kori dohāra sevana pālya-dāsī sadā bhāvi dohāra charaņa

Following the orders of a *sakhī*, I engage in service to the holy couple, Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Krishna, always considering myself a dependent maidservant at Their lotus feet.

kobhu kṛpā kori, mama hasta dhori', madhura vachana bole tāmbula loiyā, khāya dui jone, mālā loya kutūhole

3 Sometimes being kind, They take me by the hand and speak sweet words to me out of affection. Taking the betel nuts I have prepared, They eat them and accept a garland from me with great delight.

adarśana hoya kokhona ki chole nā dekhiyā dohe hiyā mora jvole

4 Again, They disappear from my vision by some trick. Not seeing Rādhā and Krishna, my heart burns in agony.

jekhāne sekhāne, thākuka du' jane, āmi to charaṇa-dāsī milane ānanda, virahe jātanā, sakala samāna bāsi

Here or there, wherever They stay, I am the maidservant of Their lotus feet. Through the happiness of union and the agony of separation, I am Their maidservant.

rādhā-kṛṣṇa prāṇa mor jīvane maraṇe more rākhi' māri' sukhe thākuka du' jone

6 Rādhā and Krishna are my life and soul both in life and in death; whether They protect me or take my life away—may they always be happy.

bhakativinoda, āna nāhi jāne, poḍi' nija-sakhī-pāy rādhikāra goņe thākiyā satata, jugala-charaņa chāy

7 Bhaktivinoda knows nothing else. Falling at the feet of the *sakhīs*, Bhaktivinoda always stays among the intimate confidants of Śrī Rādhā. The lotus feet of Śrī Rādhā and Śrī Krishna is Bhaktivinoda's eternal desire.





by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

Song 1

rādhikā-charaṇa-padma, sakala śreyera sadma, jatane je nāhi ārādhilo rādhā-padāṅkita dhāma, vṛndāvana jār nāma, tāhā je nā āśroya korilo

1 The lotus feet of Śrī Rādhā are the abode of all auspiciousness and the supreme goal of life. One who in his life has failed to take shelter of that holy dhām named Vṛndāvan which is identified by the footprints of Rādhā,...

rādhikā-bhāva-gambhīra, chitta jebā mahādhīra goṇ-soṅga nā koilo jīvane kemone se śyāmānanda, rasa-sindhu-snānānanda, lobhibe bujhoho ek-mane

2 ...who in his life has failed to associate with the intimate of Śrī Rādhā who are deeply filled with Rādhā's mood of devotion and who are greatly intelligent — how will such a person bathe in the rāsa-sindhu, the ocean of ecstatic joy which is Śyāmasundar? You must singlemindedly understand this point.

rādhikā ujvala-rasera āchārya rādhā-mādhava-śuddha-prema bichārya

3 Śrī Rādhā is the exemplary teacher of the mellows of conjugal love. Pure ecstatic love for Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Mādhava is what is to be considered and discussed.

je dhorilo rādhā-pada parama jatane se pāilo kṛṣṇa-pada amūlya-ratane 4 One who holds tightly to the lotus feet of Śrī Rādhā with great care will certainly attain the priceless jewels of the lotus feet of Krishna.

rādhā-pada binā kobhu kṛṣṇa nāhi mile rādhāra dāsīr kṛṣṇa sarvva-vede bole

Without taking shelter of the lotus feet of Śrī Rādhā, one will never meet Krishna. All the Vedas say that Krishna belongs to the maidservants of Śrī Rādhā.

choḍata dhona-jon, kalatra-suta-mita, choḍata karama geyān rādhā-pada-paṅkaja, madhurata sevana, bhakativinoda paramāṇ

Having given up wealth, followers, wife, children, family, and friends, material activities and intellectual knowledge, one should become absorbed in the divine sweetness of service to the lotus feet of Śrī Rādhā as one of Her maidservants in *madhura-rāsa*. This is Bhaktivinoda's solemn declaration.

Song 2

virajār pāre śuddha-paravyoma-dhām tad upari śrī-gokula-vṛndāraṇya nām

1 Beyond the Virajā River lies the pure spiritual sky, and above that Vaikuṇṭha realm lies the divine abode known as Śrī Goloka Vṛndāvan.

vṛndāvana chintāmaṇi, chid-ānanda-ratna-khani, chinmoy apūrvva-daraśan tahi mājhe chamatkār, kṛṣṇa vanaspati sār, nīla-maṇi tamāla jemon

The land of Vṛndāvan is made of spiritual gems and is therefore likened to a mine of fully cognizant and blissful jewels. This transcendentally conscious realm is certainly a wonderful and extraordinary sight. Within that abode is the most astonishing presence of Lord Krishna, who is compared to a *tamāl* tree, the king of trees possessing the hue of a dark sapphire.

tāhe eka svarna-mayī, latā sarvva-dhāma-jayī, uthiyāche parama-pāvanī hlādinī-śaktir sār, 'mahābhāva' nām jār, tribhuvana-mohana-mohinī

3 Entwined upon that blackish tree a beautiful golden creeper has arisen, who is the conqueror of all realms, being the supreme purifier. Her name is *Mahābhāva*, being the essence of the supreme pleasure-giving *hlādinī* potency. She is the enchantress of Śrī Krishna, who is Himself the enchanter of the three worlds.

rādhā-nāme parichita, tuṣiyā govinda-chita, virājaye parama ānande sei latā-patra-phul, lalitādi sakhī-kul, sobe mili' vṛkṣe dṛḍha bāndhe

4 Known by the name of Rādhā, She remains shining there in great ecstasy, always engaged in satisfying Govinda's heart. The leaves and flowers of that creeper form the assembly of Her girlfriends headed by Lalitā. Together She and all Her friends entwine that blackish tree in a tight embrace.

latāra paraše praphulla tamāl latā chāḍi' nāhi rohe kono kāl

5 At the touch of this creeper, the Tamāl tree blooms; without the embrace of the creeper, He can no longer exist.

tamāla chaḍiyā latā nāhi bắche se latā milan sadā-kāla jāche

6 The creeper never desires to leave the company of the Tamāl tree; the creeper perpetually craves Their union.

bhakativinoda milana döhār nā chāhe kokhona vinā kichu ār

7 Other than the meeting of these Two, Bhaktivinoda desires but nothing else.

rādhā-bhajane jodi moti nāhi bhelā kṛṣṇa-bhajana tava akāraṇe gelā

1 If one does not develop within their heart the desire for Rādhā-bhajan, then their Krishna-bhajan goes for nothing.

ātapa-rohita sūray nāhi jāni rādhā-birahita mādhav nāhi māni

Without sunlight the sun cannot be known, similarly without Śrī Rādhā, Krishna cannot be understood.

kevala mādhav pūjaye so ajñānī rādhā anādara koroi abhimānī

3 One who worships Krishna alone is ignorant. Who does not adore Śrī Rādhā is an egotist.

kobohi nāhi korobi tākor saṅga chitte ichāsi jadi braja-rasa-raṅga

4 Never keep company with those who envy Śrī Rādhā if within your heart you at all aspire to the loving Pastimes of Braja.

rādhikā-dāsī jodi hoy abhimān śīghrai milai tava gokula kān

Those who consider themselves maidservants of Śrī Rādhā will quickly meet Gokul-Krishna.

brahmā, śiva, nārada, śruti, nārāyaṇī rādhikā-pada-raja pūjaye māni

6 Brahmā, Shiva, Nārada, the *śrutis*, and Nārāyaṇī (Lakṣmī) worship with regard the holy feet of Śrī Rādhā.

umā, ramā, satyā, śachī, chandrā, rukmiņī rādhā-avatār sobe, — āmnāya-vāņī

7 Umā, Ramā, Satyā, Śachī, Chandrāvālī, and Rukminī are all personal expansions of Śrī Rādhā — this is the self-evident verdict of the *Vedas*.

heno rādhā-paricharjyā jākara dhana bhakativinoda tāra māgaye charaṇa

8 Bhaktivinoda, whose only wealth is the service of Śrī Rādhā, humbly prays to be a serving maid at Her lotus feet.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

rādhākuṇḍataṭa-kuñjakuṭīra govardhana-parvvata jāmuna-tīra

1 The grove-dwelling on the banks of Rādha-kuṇḍa, Govardhan mountain, the banks of River Jamunā;

kusuma-sarovara, mānasa-gaṅgā kalinda-nandinī vipula-taraṅgā

2 Kusuma-*sarovar* lake, Mānasa-*gaṅgā* river, The rolling waves of Jamunā, daughter of the sun;

vamśīvaţa, gokula, dhīrasamīra vṛndāvana-taru latikā-vānīra

Place of the Rasa dance, and Gokula, the gentle breezes, The trees, vines, and Vetasa palms of Braja;

khaga-mṛgakula, malaya-bātāsa mayura, bhramara, muralī-vilāsa

The birds and animals, the sweet air of spring,
The peacocks, bumblebees, the flute's sweet song;

veņu, śṛṇga, padachihna, meghamālā vasanta, śaśāṅka, śaṅkha karatālā

Flute, horn, His footsteps, range of clouds in the sky, Season of spring, the moon, the conch, hand-cymbals;

jugala vilāse anukūla jāni līlā-vilāsa-uddīpaka māni

6 I know all these things are nourishing the Pastimes of the Divine Couple, I can feel they arouse the holy Pastimes of the Lord;

e soba choḍata kẳhā nāhi jāu e soba choḍata parāṇa hārāu

7 I can never leave all these things so dear to me, Without them I know I'll surely die;

bhaktivinoda kohe, śuno kāna tuyā uddīpaka hāmārā parāņa

8 Hear me, O Kāna, says Śrī Bhaktivinoda: You are the only light of my life.



by Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī

rādhe jaya jaya mādhava-dayite gokula-taruņī-maṇḍala-mahite

1 Oh Rādhā! Oh beloved of Mādhava! You are worshiped by all the young girls of Gokula! All glories unto You! All glories unto You!

dāmodara-rati-vardhana-veśe hari-nişkuţa-vṛndā-vipineśe

You dress Yourself in such a way as to increase Lord Dāmodar's love and attachment for You. Oh Queen of Vṛndāvan, which is the pleasure grove of Lord Hari!

vṛṣabhānūdadhi-nava-śaśi-lekhe lalitā-sakhi guṇa-ramita-viśākhe

Oh new moon who has arisen from the ocean of King Vṛṣabhānu! O friend of Lalitā! Viśākhā loyally serves You due to Your wonderful qualities of friendliness, kindness, and faithfulness to Krishna!

koruņām kuru moyi koruņā-bhorite sanaka-sanātana-varņita-charite

You who are filled with compassion! Your divine characteristics are described by the great sages Sanaka and Sanātan! O Rādhā, please be merciful to me!



He Deva bhavantam vande

by Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī

he deva bhavantam vande man-mānasa-madhukaram arpaya nija-padapaṅkaja-makarande

1 Oh Lord, I offer my respectful obeisances to You. May you place the bumblebee of my mind in the honey of Your lotus feet.

yadapi samādhişu vidhir api paśyati na tava nakhā gramarīchim idam ichāmi niśamya tavāchyuta tad api kṛpādbhuta vīchim

Although Brahmā in his *samādhi* cannot obtain a glimpse of even a ray of the tips of the nails of Your feet, still Oh Achyuta! Having heard of the waves of Your astonishing mercy, I yearn to see You.

bhaktir udañchati yad api mādhava na tvayi mama tila-mātrī parameśvaratā tad api tavādhikadurghaṭa-ghaṭana-vidhātrī

3 Oh Mādhava, although I don't have even a sesame seed of devotion for You, Your supreme power can make even the impossible become possible.

ayam avilola tayādya sanātana kalitādbhuta-rasa-bhāram nivasatu nityam ihāmṛta-nindini vindan madhurima-sāram

4 Oh eternal Lord, may the bumblebee of my mind, finding there the most wonderful sweetness, eternally stay in the honey of Your lotus feet, which rebuke the sweetest nectar.



(jaya) rādhā-mādhava (jaya) kuñja-bihārī (jaya) gopī-jana-vallabha (jaya) giri-vara-dhārī (jaya) jaśodā-nandana, (jaya) braja-jana-rañjana, (jaya) jāmuna-tīra-vana-chārī

Śrī Krishna is the lover of Śrī Rādhā. He displays many amorous Pastimes in the groves of Vṛndāvan, He is the lover of the cowherd maidens of Braja, the holder of the great hill named Govardhan, the beloved son of Mother Jaśodā, the delighter of the inhabitants of Braja, and He wanders in the forests along the banks of the River Jamunā.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

mayura-mukuṭa pītāmbara-dhārī muralīdhara govardhana-dhārī

1 Oh Kṛṣṇa holder of the flute, Muralī and lifter of Govardhan Hill! Oh Kṛṣṇa who wears a crown adorned with a peacock feather dressed in golden coloured clothes.

śrī-rādhā-mādhava kuñja-bihārī muralīdhara govardhana-dhārī

Oh Kṛṣṇa holder of the flute, Muralī and lifter of Govardhan Hill! Oh Kṛṣṇa the Lord of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī who plays in the groves of Śrī Vrndāvan.

(jaya) jaśodā-nandana kṛṣṇa murāri muralīdhara govardhana-dhārī

3 Oh Kṛṣṇa holder of the flute, Muralī and lifter of Govardhan Hill! All glories to you Kṛṣṇa, son of Mother Jaśodā and killer of the Mura demon.

(jaya) gopī-jana-ballabha vaṁśī-bihārī muralīdhara govardhana-dhārī

4 Oh Kṛṣṇa holder of the flute, Muralī and lifter of Govardhan Hill! All glories to you Kṛṣṇa, dearmost lover of all the cowherd girls of Vṛndāvan and player of the flute Vaṁśī.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

jaya jaya rādhā-kṛṣṇa jugala-milan ārati koroye lalitādi sakhī-goṇ

1 All glories, all glories to the meeting of the transcendental couple, Śrī Śrī Rādhā Krishna. The *gopīs* headed by Lalitā Devī perform the ceremony of their worship.

madana-mohana rūpa tri-bhaṅga-sundara pītāmbara śikhi-pucha-chūḍā-manohara

2 Krishna is the attractor of Cupid, and His beautiful form is bending in three places with yellow garments and a charming peacock-feather crown.

lalita-mādhava-bāme vṛṣabhānu-kanyā nīla-basanā gaurī rūpe guņe dhanyā

3 Dressed in blue garments, Her complexion fair, and Her virtues glorious, King Vṛṣabhānu's daughter, Śrīmatī Rādhikā is on the left of the charming Lord Mādhava.

nānā-bidha alaṅkāra kore jhalamala hari-mano-bimohana vadana ujvala

4 Her various ornaments sparkle and Her effulgent face charms the heart of Lord Krishna.

viśākhādi sakhī-goņ nānā rāge gāya priya-narma-sakhī jata chāmāra ḍhulāya

Viśākhā and the other girls sing songs in various tunes and moods as Krishna's intimate playful girlfriends fan the divine couple with whisks.

śrī-rādhā-mādhava-pada-sarasija-āśe bhakativinoda sakhī-pade sukhe bhāse

Yearning to attain the lotus feet of Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Krishna, Bhaktivinoda floats in happiness at the *gopīs'* feet.

Sakhi-vṛnde Vijñaptiḥ

Prayer to the Gopīs by Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur

rādhā-kṛṣṇa prāṇa mora jugala-kiśora jīvane maraṇe gati āro nāhi mora

1 The youthful Divine Couple Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Krishna are my life and soul. In life or death I have no other refuge but Them.

kālindīra kūle keli-kadambera bon ratana-bedira upara bosābo du'jon

2 I shall install the Divine Couple on a jewelled throne in a pleasant forest of *kadamba* trees on the shore of the Jamunā river.

śyāma-gaurī-aṅge dibo chandanera gandha chāmara dhulābo kobe heri mukha-chandra

When will I place aromatic sandalwood paste on the limbs of Lord Śyāmasundar and Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī? When will I fan Them with a *chāmara* wisk? When will I see Their moonlike faces?

gāṅthiyā mālātir mālā dibo doṅhara gole adhare tuliyā dibo karpūra-tāmbule

When will I string garlands of *malati* flowers and place them on the necks of the Divine Couple? When will I place betel nuts mixed with camphor in Their lotus mouths?

lalitā visākhā-ādi jata sakhī-vṛnda ājñāya koribo sevā charaṇāravinda

When, following the orders of Lalitā, Viśākhā and the other *gopīs*, will I serve the lotus feet of the Divine Couple?

śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya-prabhur dāser anudāsa sevā abhilāṣa kore narottama-dāsa

6 Narottam dās, the servant of the servant of Śrī Krishna Chaitanya Mahāprabhu, longs for this service to the Divine Couple.



by Śrīla Krishnadās Kavirāj Goswāmī

jaya rādhe, jaya kṛṣṇa, jaya vṛndāvan śrī-govinda, gopīnātha, madana-mohan

1 All glories to Śrī Rādha and Śrī Krishna and the divine forest of Vṛndāvan. All glories to the three presiding Deities of Vṛndāvan— Śrī Govinda, Śrī Gopīnāth, and Śrī Madana-Mohan.

śyāma-kuṇḍa, rādhā-kuṇḍa, giri-govardhan kālindī jamunā jaya, jaya mahāvan

2 All glories to Śyāma-kuṇḍa, Rādhā-kuṇḍa, Govardhan Hill, and the Jamunā River (Kālindī). All glories to the great forest known as Mahāvan, where Krishna and Balarām displayed all of Their childhood Pastimes.

keśī-ghāṭa, vaṁśī-vaṭa, dvādaśa-kānan jā̇̀hā sob līlā koilo śrī-nanda-nandan

All glories to Keśī-ghāṭa, where Krishna killed the Keśī demon. All glories to the Vaṁśī-vaṭa tree, where Krishna attracted all the *gopīs* to come by playing His flute. All glories to the twelve forests of Braja. At these places the son of Nanda, Śrī Krishna, performed all of His Pastimes.

śrī-nanda-jaśodā jaya, jaya gopa-gaņ śrīdāmādi jaya, jaya dhenu-vatsa-gaņ

4 All glories to Krishna's divine father and mother, Nanda and Jaśodā. All glories to the cowherd boys, headed by Śrīdāmā, the elder brother of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, and Anaṅga Mañjarī. All glories to the cows and calves of Braja.

jaya vṛṣabhānu, jaya kīrttidā sundarī jaya paurṇamāsī, jaya ābhīra-nāgarī 5 All glories to Śrī Rādhā's divine father and mother, Vṛṣabhānu and the beautiful Kīrtidā. All glories to Paurṇamāsī, the mother of Sāndīpani Muni, grandmother of Madhumaṅgal and Nāndīmukhī, and beloved disciple of Devarṣi Nārada. All glories to the young cowherd maidens of Braja.

jaya jaya gopeśvara vṛndāvana-mājh jaya jaya kṛṣṇa-sakhā baṭu dvija-rāj

6 All glories, all glories to Gopeśvara Shiva, who resides in Vṛndāvan in order to protect the holy *dhām*. All glories, all glories to Krishna's funny *brāhmaṇa* friend, Madhumaṅgal.

jaya rāma-ghāṭa, jaya rohiṇī-nandan jaya jaya vṛndāvana-bāsī jata jon

7 All glories to Rāma-ghāṭa, where Lord Balarām performed His rāsa dance. All glories to Lord Balarām, the son of Rohiṇī. All glories, all glories to all of the residents of Vṛndāvan.

jaya dvija-patnī, jaya nāga-konyā-goņ bhaktite jāhārā pāilo govinda-charaņ

8 All glories to the wives of the proud *Vedic brāhmaṇas*. All glories to the wives of the Kālīya serpent. Through pure devotion they all obtained the lotus feet of Lord Govinda.

śrī-rāsa-maṇḍala jaya, jaya rādhā-śyām jaya jaya rāsa-līlā sarvva-manoram

9 All glories to the place where the Rasa dance of Śrī Krishna was performed. All glories to Rādhā and Śyāma. All glories, all glories to the divine Rasa dance, which is the most beautiful of all of Lord Krishna's Pastimes.

jaya jayojvala-rasa sarvva-rasa-sār parakīyā-bhāve jāhā brajete prachār

All glories, all glories to the mellow of conjugal love, which is the most excellent of all *rāsas* and is propagated in Braja by Śrī Krishna in the form of the divine paramour love, *parakīyā-bhāva*.

śrī-jāhnavā-pāda-padma koriyā smaraņ dīna kṛṣṇadāsa kohe nāma-saṅkīrttan

11 Remembering the lotus feet of Lord Nityānanda's consort, Śrī Jāhnavā Devī, this very fallen and lowly Krishnadās sings the saṅkīrttan of the Holy Name.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

janama saphala tā'ra, kṛṣṇa-daraśana jā'ra bhāgye hoiyāche eka-bāra bikaśiyā hrin-nayana kori' kṛṣṇa daraśana chāḍe jīva chittera bikāra

1 His birth is successful whose good fortune dawns so as to have the vision of Lord Krishna just once. When the soul gives up all delusions of the mind, then only will they see the vision of Krishna blooming within the eyes of their heart.

vṛndāvana-keli chatur vanamālī tribhaṅga-bhaṅgimārūpa vaṁśī-dharī aparūpa rasamoya nidhi, guṇa-śālī

One sees Krishna there fully decorated with garlands of forest flowers as the most expert connoisseur of all the amorous love-sports in Vṛndāvan. His transcendental form bent in three places, playing wonderfully on His flute, He is the reservoir of all relishable mellows and the abode of all virtuous qualities.

varņa nava jaladhara śire śikhi picha vara alakā tilaka śobhā pāya paridhāne pīta-vāsa vadane madhūra hāsa heno rūpa jagat mātāya

By such a beautiful form He is maddening the entire universe. His complexion is like that of a fresh new rain cloud, His head is decorated with a peacock feather, and the sandalwood *tilak* on His forehead is most becoming. Wearing brilliant yellow-coloured garments, He stands with His face decorated by a wide, sweet smile.

indranīla jini kṛṣṇa-rūpakhāni heriyā kadamba-mule mon uchāṭana na chole charaṇa saṁsāra gelāma bhūle

4 Beholding Him standing at the base of a *kadamba* tree, I can see that Krishna's beauty is conquering the lustre of an entire mine of sapphires. Seeing this, my mind has become so restless that my feet will move no longer, and I've completely forgotten about my family and home life in this world.

(sakhī he) sudhāmoya se rūpa-mādhurī dekhile nayana, hoya achetana, jhore premamoya bāri

4 O sakhī! Oh dear girlfriend! Seeing that sweet form abounding in nectar, I have fallen unconscious as a fountain of tears gushing with ecstatic love cascades from my eyes.

kibā chūḍā śire kibā vaṁśī kore kibā se tribhaṅga-ṭhāma charaṇa-kamale, amiyā uchole, tāhāte nūpura dāma

What a wonderful crown upon His head! What a wonderful flute He is holding in His hand! What a wonderfully beautiful form as He stands in His three-fold bending posture! The nectar of His lotus feet is overflowing with the tinkling sound coming from the clusters of ankle bells which are decorating them.

sadā āśā kori bhṛṅga-rūpa dhori charaṇa kamale sthāna anāyāse pāi kṛṣṇa-guṇa gāi āro nā bhajibo āna

Accepting the form of a honeybee, I always hope for a residence near His lotus feet. And I will get it very easily because I always sing the glories of Krishna, adoring no-one else.



śuno, he rasika jon kṛṣṇa guṇa agaṇon ananta kohite nāhi pāre kṛṣṇa jagatera guru kṛṣṇa vāñchākalpataru nāviko se bhava-pārābāre

1 Listen to this, oh wisest relishers of mellows! The transcendental qualities of Śrī Krishna are innumerable; indeed it is not possible to describe such unlimited divine attributes. Krishna is the spiritual master of the entire universe, He is like a wish-fulfilling desire-tree, and He is the helmsman of the boat on the ocean of material existence.

hṛdoya pīḍita jā'ra kṛṣṇa chikitsaka tā'ra bhava roga nāśite chatura kṛṣṇa bahirmukha jone premāmṛta vitaraṇe krame loya nija antaḥpura

2 Krishna is just like a doctor for those whose hearts are ailing, as He is very expert at destroying the diseased condition of material existence. By distributing the nectar of ecstatic love to all of the inimical souls, He gradually takes them back into His own confidential realm.

karma-bandha jñāna-bandha, āveśe mānava andha tāre kṛṣṇa koruṇā sāgara pādapadma madhu diyā, andha-bhāva ghuchāiyā charaṇe korena anuchara

3 Krishna is an ocean of compassion for those who are bound up in fruitive reactions, as well as for those bound up in philosophical speculation, and for those blinded by other human perplexities. Giving the honey of His lotus feet, and thus relieving the darkness of such worldliness, He makes one an attendant of His own feet.

vidhi-mārga rata jone svādhīnatā ratna dāne rāgamārge karāna praveša rāga-bašavarti ho'ye pārakīya-bhāvāśroye lobhe jīva kṛṣṇa-premāveša

4 Krishna eventually bestows the jewel of independence unto those persons who are attached to the path of rules and regulations, thereby allowing them entrance into the path of spontaneous loving service. Becoming influenced by such spontaneity, remaining under the shelter of the mellows of unwedded love (pārakīya-bhāva), the soul finally attains all the symptoms of ecstatic love for Krishna.

premāmṛta-vāri-dhārā sadā pānarata tā'rā kṛṣṇa tā̈hādera bandhu pati sei saba braja-jana sukalyāṇa-niketana dīnahīna vinodera gati

Krishna is the dearmost friend and husband of those who are always attached to drinking the fountain of ecstatic tears of love. Thus, the goal of this most fallen and lowly Bhaktivinoda is to be with all such residents of Braja within the abode of supreme auspiciousness.

aya Jaśodā-Nandana Kṛṣṇa by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

(jaya) jaśodā-nandana kṛṣṇa gopāla govinda (jaya) madana-mohana hari ananta mukunda

1 All glories to Krishna, the son of Mother Jaśodā, the cowherd boy and giver of pleasure to the cows! All glories to the conquerer of Cupid, Lord Hari, who takes away all inauspiciousness, who is unlimited, and the awarder of liberation!

(jaya) achyuta mādhava rām vṛndāvana-chandra (jaya) muralī-vadana śyāma gopī-janānanda

All glories to the infallible Lord, husband of the goddess of fortune, the supreme enjoyer, and the moon of Vṛndāvan! All glories to Krishna, who always holds a flute to His mouth, who is the colour of a dark blue raincloud, and is the bliss of the *gopīs*!



by Śrila Jayadeva Goswāmī

śrita-kamalā-kucha-maṇḍala dhṛta-kuṇḍala he kalita-lalita-vana-māla jaya jaya deva hare

1 Glories, glories to Lord Hari, the Supreme Lord of Godhead, who is bedecked with jeweled earrings and a garland of forest flowers and whose feet are marked with a lotus!

dina-maṇi-maṇḍala-maṇḍana bhava-khaṇḍana he muni-jana-mānasa-haṁsa jaya jaya deva hare

The Lord's face shines like the whorl of the sun. He removes the miseries of His devotees and is the resting place of the minds of the swan-like sages. Glories! Glories to Lord Sri Hari!

kāliya-viṣa-dhara-gañjana jana-rañjana he yadukula-nalina-dineśa jaya jaya deva hare

3 O Supreme Lord who destroyed the demoniac Kaliya serpent! O Lord, You are the beloved of all living entities and the sun in the galaxy of the Yadu dynasty. Glories! Glories to Lord Sri Hari.

madhu-mura-naraka-vināśana garuḍāsana he sura-kula-keli-nidāna jaya jaya deva hare

4 O Lord, destroyer of the demons Madhu, Mura and Naraka! Seated on Garuda, You are the source of joy for the demigods. All glories to Hari!

amala-kamala-dala-lochana bhava-mochana he tribhuvana-bhuvana-nidhāna jaya jaya deva hare

O Lord Your eyes are like lotus petals, and You destroy the bondage of the material world. You are the maintainer of the three worlds. Glories to Lord Hari!

janaka-sutā-kṛta-bhūṣaṇa jita-dūṣaṇa he samara-śamita-daśa-kaṇṭha jaya jaya deva hare

O Lord, as the gem of the sons of Janaka, You were victorious over all the *asuras*, and You smashed the greatest *asura*, the ten-headed Ravana. Glories to Lord Hari!

abhinava-jala-dhara-sundara dhṛta-mandara he śrī-mukha-chandra-chakora jaya jaya deva hare

O Supreme Lord who held the Govardhana Hill! Your complexion is like a fresh monsoon cloud, and Sri Radharani is like a *chakora* bird who is nourished by drinking the light of Your moonlike face. Glories! Glories to Lord Hari.

tava charaṇam praṇatā vayam iti bhāvaya he kuru kuśalam praṇateṣu jaya jaya deva hare

8 O Lord, I offer my humble obeisances at Your lotus feet. Please bless me by Your limitless mercy. Glories! Glories to Lord Sri Hari!

śrī-jayadeva-kaver idam kurute mudam he mangalam ujjvala-gītam jaya jaya deva hare

9 The poet Sri Jayadeva offers this song of devotion and shining good fortune to Thee. All glories! All glories to Lord Sri Hari!

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Chāryya-charaṇa-vandana

Composed by Śrīpād Bhakti Ānanda Sāgar Mahārāj

jaya śrīla mahārāja charaṇāravinda śrī bhakti sundara deva-gosvāmī govinda

1 Glory to the lotus feet of our Śrī Gurudeva, Śrī Bhakti Sundara Deva-Goswāmī Govinda.

jagatera sumangala koribāra āśe tumi avatīrņa hoilā snigdha guru-veśe

Wishing Grace Divine upon the whole of the creation, From Goloka came thee down, most Gracious Incarnation.

praphulla nalina jena hāsimākhā mukha dekhi vṛddha-bāla-juvā pāya mahā-sukha

3 Hundred-petalled lotus flower—Lotus Face ablooming, Young and old behold thee, all their hearts' joy overflowing.

svadeśe-videśe harināmera prachāre abhinava gaura-preme bhāsāle sabāre

4 Both home and abroad Lord's Hallowed Name thou art apreaching, Flood of Love for Gaura entire planet inundating.

śrī-kore lekhanī jena ananta phoyārā sumadhura divyavāņī-vigalita-dhārā

5 Benedictine fountain from thy pen in hand awriting, Sweetest songs of Love Divine a flow is never ending.

su-siddhānta-dhārādhara satya sugambhīra śrī-guru-vaiṣṇava-sevā-niṣṭha mahādhīra

6 Agent of the Waves of Perfect Truth—fathomless ocean, Serve Śrī Guru and Vaiṣṇava! thy heart's dedication.

sādhu-priya saralatā tomāra bhūṣaṇa amānī mānada sadā miṣṭha-sambhāṣaṇa

7 Truthful heart adored by saints—thy natural compassion, Always humble, giving honour, in sweet conversation.

guru-mahārāja jatirāja-rāješvara śrī-bhakti-rakṣaka deva-gosvāmī śrīdhara

8 Guru Mahārāj of Nyāsī Kings the Great Grandfather, Śrī-Bhakti-Rakṣaka Deva-Goswāmī Śrīdhara.

parama santuṣṭa tava viśrambha-sevāya nija-hāte vyāsāsane vasā'la tomāya

9 Satisfied supremely with thy Service dedicated, By his own hand did he place thee on his chair exalted.

sukhe manonīta koilā uttarādhikārī ehena apūrvva sneha kothāo nā heri

Joyfully as his successor he hath thee achosen, Such benign affection ne'er we find in all creation.

rūpa-sarasvatī-śrīdhar-dhārā-srotasvinī tava hṛde vahe sadā bhuvana pāvanī

Rūpa-Saraswatī-Śrīdhar River flowing freely, From thy heart throughout the world makes everything so holy.

śīva-guru-saṅkarṣaṇa koruṇā-nilaya nityānanda-rūpe tava hṛde vilasaya

Supreme God of Good our Guide, compassion's Divine Treasure, Ever plays within thy heart as Nityānanda's Pleasure.

sujana sudhīra-gaņa tava guņa-gāya durbhāgā vañchita aparādhe more hāya

Faithfully the true devotees sing thy Supreme Glories, Lost, deluded souls dishonour thee, alas! and perish.

guru-gaura-kṛṣṇa-sevā-saubhāgya-prakāśe sānande sāgara bhāse saṅkīrttana rāse

By thy Grace shall we now serve our Lord and Golden Master, Sāgara exults in thy Sweet Chanting Dance forever.



Verses 1-9 composed by Śrīla Saraswati Ṭhākur

kṛṣṇa hoite chatur-mukha, hon kṛṣṇa sevonmukha, brahmā hoite nāradera mati nārada hoite vyāsa, madhva kohe vyāsa dāsa, pūrṇaprajña padmanābha gati

In the beginning of creation the science of devotional service was received by the four-headed Brahmā from the Supreme Lord Śrī Krishna. Devarṣi Nārada's understanding of this divine science was obtained from Brahmā. The great sage Krishna Dvaipāyana Vyāsa, who was empowered to compile the *Vedic* literatures, became a disciple of Devarṣi Nārada.Śrīpād Madhvāchāryya, the founder of the Śuddha-dvaita school of *Vedānta* philosophy, who visited Vyāsadeva at Badarīkāśram in the thirteenth century to learn from him *Vedānta* philosophy, calls himself a servant of Krishna Dvaipāyana Vyāsa. Pūrṇaprajña Tīrtha (Madhva) is the guru and sole refuge of Padmanābha Tīrtha.

nṛhari mādhava-baṁśe, akṣobhya paramahaṁse, śiṣya boli aṅgīkāra kore akśobhyera śiṣya jaya- tīrtha nāme parichaya, tāra dāsye jñānasindhu tore

The two other principal disciples of Madhva are Nṛhari Tīrtha and Mādhava Tīrtha. Mādhava Tīrtha accepted the great paramahaṁsa Akṣobhya Tīrtha as a disciple. The principal disciple of Akṣobhya Tīrtha was known as Jayatīrtha. Jayatīrtha's service was for his disciple Jñānasindhu.

tahā hoite dayānidhi, tara dāsa vidyānidhi, rājendra hoilo tahā hoite tahāra kinkora jaya- dharma nāme parichoya, paramparā jāno bhālo mate

3 Dayānidhi received the science of devotional service from Jñānasindhu, and the servant of Dayānidhi was Vidyānidhi (Vidyādhirāja Tīrtha). Rājendra Tīrtha became a disciple of Vidyādhirāja Tīrtha. Rājendra Tīrtha's servant was known as Jayadharma or Vijayadhvaja Tīrtha. In this way you should properly understand this disciplic succession.

jayadharma-dāsye khyāti, śrī puruṣottama-yati, tā'ha'te brahmaṇya-tīrtha sūri vyāsatīrtha tāra dāsa, lakṣmīpati vyāsa-dāsa, tāha hoite mādhavendra purī

The great *sannyāsī* Śrī Puruṣottama Tīrtha received his knowledge in the service of his guru, Vijayadhvaja Tīrtha (Jayadharma). The principal disciple of Puruṣottama Tīrtha was Subrahmaṇya Tīrtha. His servant was the great Vyāsatīrtha (Vyāsa Rāya). Vyāsatīrtha's servant was Lakṣmīpati Tīrtha, whose disciple was Mādhavendra Purī Goswāmī.

mādhavendra purī-bara, śiṣya-bara śrī-īśvara, nityānanda, śrī-advaita vibhu īśvara-purīke dhonya, korilena śrī-chaitanya, jagad-guru gaura mahāprabhu

The chief disciple of Mādhavendra Purī was Īśvara Purī, and two of his other disciples were the renowned incarnations of Godhead Śrī Nityānanda and Śrī Advaita Āchāryya. Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu, the spiritual preceptor of all the worlds, made Īśvara Purī greatly fortunate by accepting him as His spiritual master.

mahāprabhu śrī-chaitanya, rādhā-kṛṣṇa nahe anya, rūpānuga jonera jīvana viśvambhara priyaṅkara, śrī svarūpa-dāmodara, śrī gosvāmī rūpa-sanātana

6 Mahāprabhu Śrī Chaitanya is nondifferent from Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Krishnaand is the very life of those Vaiṣṇavas who follow Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī. Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar Goswāmī, Rūpa Goswāmī and Sanātan Goswāmī were the givers of great happiness to Viśvambhara (Śrī Chaitanya).

rūpapriya mahājana, jīva-raghunātha hon, tāra priya kavi kṛṣṇadāsa kṛṣṇadāsa-priyabara, narottama sevāpara, jāra pada viśvanātha-āśa

The great souls Jīva Goswāmī and Raghunāth dās Goswāmī became very dear to Rūpa Goswāmī. Jīva Goswāmī was a disciple of Rūpa Goswāmī. Raghunātha dās Goswāmī, a disciple of Advaita Āchāryya's disciple Jadunandan Āchāryya, was accepted by Rūpa and Sanātan as their third brother. Raghunāth dās Goswāmī's beloved student was Krishnadās Kavirāj Goswāmī. Kṛṣṇādās Kavirāj was an intimate friend of Lokanāth Goswāmī. They lived together in Vṛndāvan and always discussed the topics of Krishna with one another. Lokanāth Goswāmī, a disciple of Gadādhara Paṇḍit, had only one disciple, whose name was Narottam dās. Narottam dās was always engaged in the service of his guru, and he also engaged himself in the service of his guru's intimate friends. Thus he became very dear to Krishnadās Kavirāj Goswāmī. To serve the feet of Narottam dās Ṭhākur was the only desire of Viśvanāth Chakravartī Ṭhākur, who was the fourth āchāryya in disciplic succession from Narottam dās.

viśvanātha-bhakta-sāth, baladeva jagannāth, tāra priya śrī-bhaktivinoda mahā-bhāgavata-bara, śrī-gaurakiśora-bara, hari-bhajanete jāra moda

8 Viśvanātha Chakravartī Ṭhākura was the śikṣā-guru (instructing spiritual master) of Baladeva Vidyābhūṣaṇa, to whom he taught the precepts of Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam. Jagannāth dās Bābājī was a very prominent Āchāryya after Śrī Baladeva Vidyābhūṣaṇa and was the beloved śikṣā-guru of Śrī Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur. Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur's intimate friend and associate was the eminent mahā-bhāgavat Śrī Gaura Kiśora dās Bābājī, whose sole joy was found in hari-bhajana.

tadanuga-mahājon śrī-kṛṣṇa-kīrttana-dhon jebā dilo puri jaga kāma śrī vārṣabhānavībarā sadā sevya sevāparā tā̈hāra dayita-dāsa nāma **9** The followers of Śrīla Gaura Kiśora dās Bābājī fill up the world with the wealth of Śrī Krishna-*kīrttan*. He who is always serving Krishna the dearmost lover of Rādhārāṇī, is Śrī Vārṣabhānavī Dayita Dās (Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur).

tadabhīnna deho-divya svarūpa-rūpa-raghu-jivya sadā sevya jāra pādapadma susiddhānta mūrtti-dhara śrī śrīdhara guruvara rupānuga-sādhu śreya sadma

The nondifferent personality and embodiment of *bhakti-siddhānta* as well as Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur; and who is living within the conception of Śrīla Swarūp Dāmodar, Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī and Śrīla Raghunāth dās Goswāmī; and whose lotus feet are always the worshipable happy shelter of the followers of Rūpa Goswāmī, he is Śrīla Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī.

tāra priya mano' bhīṣṭa sthāpane sadāsacheṣṭa bhakti sundara śrī govinda nāma

He who is a very dear disciple of that Śrīla Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj, and who is establishing his divine conception, and who is fulfilling his desire continuously, he is Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī.

tara priya manonīta āchāra-prachāre rata śrī bhakti-nirmal-āchārya nāma

He who is the very dear disciple of Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī, who is his chosen successor, and who is always devotedly engaged in practicing and preaching his divine conception, is Śrīla Bhakti Nirmal Āchārya Mahārāj.

ei paramparā dhana sabe gaura-nijajana tādera uchiṣṭe mora kāma

13 This is our grand preceptorial line and all of them are very dear to Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu. My sustenance is their remnants alone.

rī Dayita Dās Praṇati Pañchakam

Homage unto Śrīla Saraswati Ṭhākur by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhara Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

bhayabhañjana jayaśamsana-karuṇāyata-nayanam kanakotpala janakojjvala-rasasāgara-chayanam mukharīkṛta-dharaṇītala-harikīrttana-rasanam kṣitipāvana-bhavatāraṇa-pihitāruṇa-vasanam śubhadodaya-divase vṛṣaravijā-nija-dayitam praṇamāmi cha charaṇāntika-parichāraka-sahitam

He (of divine form) came forth from the birthplace of the golden lotus - the ocean of the mellow of divine consorthood. His large, merciful eyes dispel (the suffering souls') fear and proclaim (the surrendered souls') victory. His tongue (constantly) vibrates the whole Earth planet with Śrī Krishna-saṅkīrttan, his beauty resplendent in the robes of the sun's radiance (saffron) that purifies the universe and dispels the suffering of material existence. On his Holy Day of Advent, I (again and again) bow down unto that beloved associate of Śrī Vṛṣabhānunandinī, and the servitors of his lotus feet.

śaraṇāgata-bhajanavrata-chirapālana-charaṇam sukṛtālaya-saralāśaya-sujanākhila-varaṇam harisādhana-kṛtabādhana janaśāsana-kalanam sacharāchara-karuṇākara-nikhilāśiva-dalanam śubhadodaya-divase vṛṣaravijā-nija-dayitam praṇamāmi cha charaṇāntika-parichāraka-sahitam

The devotees surrendered in pure devotion are eternally protected at his lotus feet. He is worshippable by the pure souls endowed with sincerity and good fortune, and he accepts (even) those who obstruct the service of Śrī Hari, just to rectify them. As the very fountainhead of mercy upon all mobile and immobile beings, he crushes the inauspiciousness of the whole universe. On his Holy Day of Advent, I (again and again) bow down unto that beloved associate of Śrī Vṛṣabhānunandinī, and the servitors of his lotus feet.

atilaukika-gatitaulika-ratikautuka-vapuṣam atidaivata-mativaiṣṇava-yati-vaibhava-puruṣam sasanātana-raghurūpaka-paramāṇugacharitam suvichāraka iva jīvaka iti sādhubhiruditam śubhadodaya-divase vṛṣaravijā-nija-dayitam praṇamāmi cha charaṇāntika-parichāraka-sahitam

Like a miracle, his body moves with a joyful elegance and charm beyond the world's understanding, fulfilling the artist's aspiration. (Or, dancing in Pastimes transcendental to the world, his artistic form incites divine love's hankering). His intellect surpasses that of (even) the demigods, and he is nobility incarnate as the commander in-chief of the Vaiṣṇava sannyāsīs (tridaṇḍi-yatis). The sādhus of profound intellect describe the nature of his personality as meticulously in the line of Śrī Sanātan, Śrī Rūpa, and Śrī Raghunāth, and they speak of him as being on the same plane as Śrī Jīvapāda (being superbly replete in perfect theistic conclusions). On his Holy Day of Advent, I (again and again) bow down unto that beloved associate of Śrī Vṛṣabhānunandinī, and the servitors of his lotus feet.

sarasītaţa-sukhadoţaja-nikaţapriyabhajanam lalitāmukha-lalanākula-paramādarayajanam vrajakānana-bahumānana-kamalapriyanayanam guṇamañjari-garimā-guṇa-harivāsanavayanam śubhadodaya-divase vṛṣaravijā-nija-dayitam praṇamāmi cha charaṇāntika-parichāraka-sahitam

4 On the bank of Śrī Rādhā Kuṇḍa at Svānanda Sukhada Kuñja, he is devoted to the service of his Beloved, and (further-more) he is greatly endeared to the divine damsels of Braja headed by Lalitā. He is most favourite to Kamala-mañjarī who is pre-eminent in Vṛndāvan, and with the glorious qualities of Guṇamañjarī he builds the residence of Śrī Hari. On his Holy Day of Advent, I (again and again) bow down unto that beloved associate of Śrī Vṛṣabhānunandinī, and the servitors of his lotus feet.

vimalotsavam amalotkala-puruṣottama-jananam patitoddhṛti-karuṇāstṛti-kṛtanūtana-pulinam mathurāpura-puruṣottama-samagaurapuraṭanam harikāmaka-haridhāmaka-harināmaka-raṭanam śubhadodaya-divase vṛṣaravijā-nija-dayitam praṇamāmi cha charaṇāntika-parichāraka-sahitam

He is immaculate joy incarnate, or, he is the graciousness or the joy of Bimalā Devī. He manifested the Pastimes of his Advent at Puruṣottama Kṣetra in the holy land of Orissa, and he revealed his Pastimes of delivering the fallen souls and extending his mercy upon them (by awarding them the gift of divine love) at the 'new isles,' or Nabadwīp. Circumambulating Gaura Dhām in the same way as traditionally done at Braja Dhām and Puruṣottama Dhām, he continuously propagates - the loving desire of Braja, the divine abode of Vaikuṇṭha, and the Holy Name of Krishna. On his Day of Holy Advent, I (again and again) make my obeisance unto that dear associate of Śrī Vṛṣabhānunandinī, and the servitors of his holy lotus feet.



Composed by Gopāl Govinda Mahanta

jayare jaya paramahamsa mahāsay śrī bhaktisiddhānta sarasvatī gosvāmī ṭhākura jaya parama koruṇāmoy dīnahīna agatira gati

1 All glories, all glories to the topmost personality, Śrīla Bhaktisiddhānta Saraswatī Goswāmī Ṭhākur, who is an ocean of mercy and the only resort for the fallen souls.

nilāchale hoiyā uday śrī gauḍamaṇḍale āsi' prema bhakti parakāśi' jivera nāśilā bhava-bhay

He made his advent in Śrī Nilāchala, Śrī Puri Dhām. He came to the Holy *dhām* of Mahāprabhu, manifesting the line of pure devotion and destroying the fear of material life of the conditioned souls.

tomāra mahimā gāi heno sādhya mora nāi tobe pāri jodi deho śakti viśvahite avirata āchāra-prachāre rata viśuddha śrī rūpānuga bhakti

I have no capacity to sing your glories. Only if you empower me can I do so. You are travelling unceasingly all over India, practising and preaching in a dedicated way, the pure and genuine line of devotion in the current of Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī.

śrīpāṭ khetari dhāma ṭhākura śrī narottama tomāte tā̈hāra guṇa dekhi śāstrera siddhānta-sāra śuni lāge chamatkāra kutārkika dite nāre phā̈ki We see your qualities are like Śrīla Narottam dās Ṭhākur who in the festival at Khetari Dhām delivered all the wonderful conclusions of the Scriptures which defeated the unfair argument and deception of the scholars there.

śuddha bhakti-mata jata upadharma-kavalita heriyā lokera mone trāsa hāni' susiddhānta-vāṇa upadharma khāna khāna sajjanera vāḍāle ullāsa

5 By presenting the line of pure devotion he devoured the path of unscriptural practice, and seeing this everybody was afraid. He struck this unscriptural path leaving it in pieces, giving increasing joy to all honest and noble men.

smārttamata jaladhara śuddha bhakti robi-kara āchādila bhāviyā antare śāstra sindhu manthanete susiddhānta jhañjhāvāte uḍāilā dig digantare

6 Pure devotion is like the sun risen in the heart, while the path of logic is like clouds covering that sun. By churning the ocean of the Scriptures, you spread perfect conclusions in all directions like a hurricane to disperse the clouds.

sthāne sthāne koto moṭh sthāpiyācha niṣkapoṭ prema sevā śikhāite jīve moṭhera vaiṣṇava goṇ kore sadā vitaroṇ hari guṇa-kathāmṛta bhave

You founded many temples in many places without reservation, teaching the fallen souls service in divine love. In these temples the Vaiṣṇavas constantly distribute talks on the nectarean qualities of the Supreme Lord Hari.

śuddha-bhakti-mandākinī vimala pravāha āni śitala korilā taptaprāņa deśe deśe niṣkiñchan prerilā vaiṣṇava goṇ vistārite hariguṇa gāna 8 The current of pure devotion descends like the flow of the Ganges, cooling the fire of suffering of material life. Similarly, you sent the Vaiṣṇavas from place to place, widely distributing and chanting the qualities of Lord Hari.

pūrvve jathā gaurahari māyāvāda cheda kori vaiṣṇava korilā kāśivāsī vaiṣṇava darśana-sukṣma vichāre tumi he dakṣa temati toṣilā vārāṇasī

9 Just as in the past, Lord Gaurahari severed the *māyāvāda* conception, converting the residents of Vārāṇasī into Vaiṣṇavas, similarly by expert analysis of the Vaiṣṇava philosophy you have enraptured all in Vārāṇasī.

daiva-varṇāśrama-dharma hari bhakti jāra marma śāstra jukte korilā-niśchoy jñana-joga-karma choy mūlya tāra kichu noy bhaktira virodhī jodi hoy

10 You showed that certainly devotion to Lord Hari at the core of daiva-varṇāśrama-dharma, is the directive of the revealed Scriptures, while knowledge, yoga and material activities, if averse to such devotion are of absolutely no value.

śrī gauḍamaṇḍala bhūmi bhakta saṅge parikrami sukīrtti sthāpilā mahāśoy abhinna braja maṇḍala gauḍabhūmi premojvala prachāra hoilo viśvamoy

11 You founded *parikramā* of Śrī Gauḍa Maṇḍala, Śrī Nabadwīp Dhām in the association of the devotees, showing your glories as a great devotee. You showed the whole world the nectarean blissful nature of Śrī Gauḍa Maṇḍala and how it is non-different from Śrī Braja Maṇḍala, Śrī Vṛndāvan.

kuliyāte pāṣaṇḍīrā atyāchāra koilo jā'rā tā sabāra doṣa kṣomā kori jagate koile ghoṣaṇā 'taroriva sahiṣṇunā' hon 'kīrttanīyaḥ sadā hariḥ' 12 You forgave all the atheists of Kuliyā village, despite their blasphemous behaviour. Loudly you proclaimed to one and all, one who is more tolerant than a tree can chant the glories of Lord Hari endlessly.

śrī viśva-vaiṣṇava-rāja sabhā-madhye 'pātrarāja' upādhi-bhūṣaṇe vibhūṣita viśvera maṅgala lāgi' hoiyācho sarvva' tyāgī viśvavāsī jon-hite rata

13 In the grand assembly of Vaiṣṇava kings you are adorned with the title 'Pātrarāj', as the head of the assembly. For the benefit of the whole world, you have renounced everything and devoted yourself to the good of all.

koritecho upakāra jāte para upakāra lobhe jīva śrī kṛṣṇa-sevāya dūre jāya bhava-roga khaṇḍe jāhe karma bhoga hari pāda padma jā'te pāya

14 You untiringly perform benevolent works just to help the souls of this world to attain the service of Lord Śrī Krishna. Then the disease of material suffering would leave them, their bondage to fruitive works would break and they would attain the lotus feet of the Lord.

jīva moha-nidrā gata jāgā'te vaikuņṭha dūta 'gauḍīya' pāṭhāo ghore ghore uṭhore uṭhore bhāi āro to samoya nāi 'kṛṣṇa bhaja' bole uchaiḥsvare

15 Seeing the souls of this world sleeping in illusion, you are sending the 'Gauḍīya' magazine from door to door just like a messenger from the transcendental plane. It calls aloud, "Awake, arise, O brother, there is no more time to waste, Serve and worship your Lord, Śrī Krishna."

tomāra mukhāravinda- vigalita makaranda siñchita achyuta-guṇa-gāthā śunile juḍāya prāṇa tamo moha antardhāna dūre jāya hṛdoyera vyathā Hearing the nectarean verses of the glorious qualities of the infallible Lord Krishna, issuing from your lotus mouth soothes our souls, dissipates our ignorance and illusion, and the pain in our hearts goes far away.

jāni āmi mahāśoy jaśovāñchā nāhi hoy bindu mātra tomāra antare tava guṇa vīṇādhārī, mora kaṇṭha-vīṇā dhori' avaśete bolāya āmāre

17 O great soul! I know that there is no trace of desire for fame in your heart. Your qualities, like an expert musician, take hold of the $v\bar{n}\bar{a}$ of my voice and make me speak, devoid of any power over myself.

vaiṣṇavera guṇa-gāna korile jīvera trāṇa śuniyāchi sādhu guru mukhe kṛṣṇa bhakti-samudoy janama saphala hoy e bhava-sāgara tore sukhe

18 I have heard from the great saints and gurus mouths that upon hearing the qualities of the Vaiṣṇava saints, the conditioned souls attain liberation. And beyond this, devotion to Krishna develops, makes the soul's birth perfect and the soul crosses this material ocean happily with ease.

te-kāraņe prayāsa jathā vāmanera āśa gaganera chāda dhori bāre adoṣa-daraśī tumi adhama patita āmi nija guņe kṣomivā āmāre

For this reason I endeavour thus, just like a dwarf aspiring to reach the moon. I am lowly and fallen, but your nature is not to consider any offence, so I beg you to pardon my flaws.

śrī gaurāṅga-pāriṣada ṭhākura bhaktivinoda dīnahīna patitera bandhu kali-tamaḥ vināśite ānilena avanīte toma' akalaṅka pūrṇa indu

20 Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur, the associate of Śrī Gaurāṅga Mahāprabhu and friend of the lowly fallen souls brought you here, and you came like a spotless full moon to dispel the ignorance of this age of Kali.

koro kṛpā vitaraṇa premasudhā anukṣaṇa mātiyā uṭhuka jīva goṇ harināma-saṅkīrttane nāchuka jagata-jane vaiṣṇava-dāsera nivedan

So please keep incessantly showering your mercy, the nectar of ecstatic love of Godhead, and let all the souls of this world be uplifted by that. May all the people of the world dance in the congregational chanting of the Lord's Holy Name - this is the prayer of this servant of the Vaiṣṇavas.



by Śrīla Jayadeva Goswāmī

pralaya-payodhi-jale dhṛtavān asi vedam vihita-vahitra-charitram akhedam keśava dhṛta-mīna-śarīra jaya jagadīśa hare

1 Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of a fish! All glories to You! You easily acted as a boat in the form of a giant fish just to give protection to the Vedas, which had become immersed in the turbulent sea of devastation.

kṣitir iha vipulatare tiṣṭhati tava pṛṣṭhe dharaṇi-dharaṇa-kina-chakra-gariṣṭhe keśava dhṛta-kūrma-śarīra jaya jagadīśa hare

Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of a tortoise! All glories to You! In this incarnation as a divine tortoise the great Mandara Mountain rests upon Your gigantic back as a pivot for churning the ocean of milk. From holding up the huge mountain a large scarlike depression has marked Your back, which has become most glorious.

vasati daśana-śikhare dharaṇī tava lagnā śaśini kalaṅka-kaleva nimagnā keśava dhṛta-śūkara-rūpa jaya jagadīśa hare

3 Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of a boar! All glories to You! The earth, which had become immersed in the Garbhodaka Ocean at the bottom of the universe, sits fixed upon the tip of Your tusk like a spot upon the moon.

tava kara-kamala-vare nakham adbhuta-śṛṅgaṁ dalita-hiraṇyakaśipu-tanu-bhṛṅgam keśava dhṛta-narahari-rūpa jaya jagadīśa hare 4 Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of half-man, half-lion! All glories to You! Just as one can easily crush a wasp between one's fingernails, so in the same way the body of the wasp-like demon Hiraṇyakaśipu has been ripped apart by the wonderful pointed nails on Your beautiful lotus hands.

chalayasi vikramane balim adbhuta-vāmana pada-nakha-nīra-janita-jana-pāvana keśava dhṛta-vāmana-rūpa jaya jagadīśa hare

Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of a dwarf-brāhmaṇa! All glories to You! Oh wonderful dwarf, by Your massive steps You deceive King Bali, and by the Ganges water that has emanated from the nails of Your lotus feet, You deliver all living beings within this world.

kṣatriya-rudhira-maye jagad-apagata-pāpaṁ snapayasi payasi śamita-bhava-tāpam keśava dhṛta-bhṛgupati-rūpa jaya jagadīśa hare

Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of Bhṛgupati (Paraśurāma)! All glories to You! At Kurukṣetra You bathe the earth in the rivers of blood from the bodies of the demoniac kṣatriyas that You have slain. The sins of the world are washed away by You, and because of You people are relieved from the blazing fire of material existence.

vitarasi dikṣu raṇe dik-pati-kamanīyam daśa-mukha-mauli-balim ramaṇīyam keśava dhṛta-rāma-śarīra jaya jagadīśa hare

7 Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of Rāmachandra! All glories to You! In the battle of Laṅkā You destroy the ten-headed demon Rāvaṇa and distribute his heads as a delightful offering to the presiding deities of the ten directions, headed by Indra. This action was long desired by all of them as they were greatly harassed by this monster.

vahasi vapuşi viśade vasanam jaladābham hala-hati-bhīti-milita jamunābham keśava dhṛta-haladhara-rūpa jaya jagadīśa hare

Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of Balarām, the wielder of the plow! All glories to You! On Your brilliant white body You wear garments the colour of a fresh blue rain cloud. These garments are coloured like the beautiful dark hue of the River Jamunā, who feels great fear due to the striking of Your plowshare.

nindasi yajña-vidher ahaha śruti-jātam sadaya-hṛdoya darśita-paśu-ghātam keśava dhṛta-buddha-śarīra jaya jagadīśa hare

Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of Buddha! All glories to You! Oh Buddha of compassionate heart, you decry the slaughtering of poor animals performed according to the rules of *Vedic* sacrifice.

mlecha nivaha-nidhane kalayasi karavālam dhūmaketum iva kim api karālam keśava dhṛta-kalki-śarīra jaya jagadīśa hare

10 Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, having assumed the form of Kalki! All glories to You! You appear like a comet and carry a terrifying sword for bringing about the annihilation of the wicked barbarian men at the end of the age of Kali.

śrī-jayadeva-kaver idam uditam udāram śṛṇu sukha-dam śubha-dam bhava-sāram keśava dhṛta-daśa-vidha-rūpa jaya jagadīśa hare

11 Oh Keśava! Oh Lord of the universe! Oh Lord Hari, who assumed these ten different forms! All glories to You! Oh readers, please hear this hymn of the poet Jayadeva, which is most excellent, an awarder of happiness, a bestower of auspiciousness, and the best news in this material world of darkness.

vedān udharate jaganti vahate bhū-golam udbibhrate daityam dārayate balim chalayate kṣatra-kṣayam kurvate paulastyam jayate halam kalayate kāruṇyam ātanvate mlechān mūrchayate daśākṛti-kṛte kṛṣṇāya tubhyam namaḥ

12 Oh Lord Krishna, I offer my obeisances unto You, who appear in the forms of these ten incarnations. In the form of Matsya You rescue the *Vedas*, and as Kūrma You bear the Mandara Mountain on Your back. As Varāha You lift the earth with Your tusk, and in the form of Nṛṣiṁha You tear open the chest of the demon Hiraṇyakaśipu. In the form of Vāmana You trick the demoniac king Bali by asking him for only three steps of land, and then You take away the whole universe from him by expanding Your steps. As Paraśurāma You slay all of the wicked *kṣatriyas*, and as Rāmachandra You conquer the *rākṣasa* king Rāvaṇa. In the form of Balarām You carry a plough with which You subdue the wicked and draw toward You the River Jamunā. As Lord Buddha You show compassion toward all the living beings suffering in this world, and at the end of the age of Kali You appear as Kalki to bewilder the degraded low-class people.



namas te narasimhāya prahlādāhlāda-dāyine hiraņyakasipor vakṣaḥśilā-ṭaṅka-nakhālaye

1 I offer my obeisances to Lord Narasimha, who gives joy to Prahlād Mahārāj and whose nails are like chisels on the stonelike chest of the demon Hiraṇyakaśipu.

ito nṛsiṁhaḥ parato nṛsiṁho yato yato yāmi tato nṛsiṁhaḥ bahir nṛsiṁho hṛdaye nṛsiṁho nṛsiṁham ādiṁ śaraṇaṁ prapadye

Lord Nṛsiṁha is here and also there. Wherever I go Lord Nṛsiṁha is there. He is in the heart and is outside as well. I surrender to Lord Nṛsiṁha, the origin of everything and the supreme refuge.



by Śrī Satyavrat Muni

namāmīśvaram sachchidānanda rūpam lasat-kuṇḍalam gokule bhrājamānam yaśodā-bhiyolūkhalād dhāvamānam parāmṛṣṭam atyam tato drutya gopyā

To the Supreme Lord, whose form is the embodiment of eternal existence, knowledge, and bliss, whose shark-shaped earrings are swinging to and fro, who is beautifully shining in the divine realm of Gokul, who (due to the offence of breaking the pot of yoghurt that his mother was churning into butter and then stealing the butter that was kept hanging from a swing) is quickly running from the wooden grinding mortar in fear of Mother Yaśodā, but who has been caught from behind by her who ran after Him with greater speed—to that Supreme Lord, Śrī Dāmodar, I offer my humble obeisances.

rudantam muhur netra-yugmam mṛjantam karāmbhoja-yugmena sātanka-netram muhuḥ śvāsa-kampa-trirekhānka-kanṭha-sthita-graiva dāmodaram bhakti-baddham

2 (Seeing the whipping stick in His mother's hand,) He is crying and rubbing His eyes again and again with His two lotus hands. His eyes are filled with fear, and the necklace of pearls around His neck, which is marked with three lines like a conchshell, is shaking because of His quick breathing due to crying. To this Supreme Lord, Śrī Dāmodar, whose belly is bound not with ropes but with His mother's pure love, I offer my humble obeisances.

itīdṛk sva-līlābhir ānanda-kuṇḍe sva-ghoṣaṁ nimajjantam ākhyāpayantaṁ tadīyeṣita-jñeṣu bhaktair jitatvaṁ punaḥ prematas taṁ śatāvṛtti vande 3 By such childhood Pastimes as this He is drowning the inhabitants of Gokul in pools of ecstasy, and is revealing to those devotees who are absorbed in knowledge of His supreme majesty and opulence that He is only conquered by devotees whose pure love is imbued with intimacy and is free from all conceptions of awe and reverence. With great love I again offer my obeisances to Lord Dāmodar hundreds and hundreds of times.

varam deva mokṣam na mokṣāvadhim vā na chānyam vṛṇe 'ham vareśād apīha idan te vapur nātha gopāla-bālam sadā me manasy āvirāstām kim anyaiḥ

4 Oh Lord, although You are able to give all kinds of benedictions, I do not pray to You for the boon of impersonal liberation, nor the highest liberation of eternal life in Vaikuṇṭha, nor any other boon (which may be obtained by executing the nine processes of *bhakti*). Oh Lord, I simply wish that this form of Yours as Bāla Gopāl in Vṛndāvan may ever be manifest in my heart, for what is the use to me of any other boon besides this?

idan te mukhāmbhojam avyakta-nīlair vṛtaṁ kuntalaiḥ snigdha-raktaiś cha gopyā muhuś chumbitaṁ bimba-raktādharaṁ me manasy āvirāstām alaṁ lakṣa-lābhaiḥ

Oh Lord, Your lotus face, which is encircled by locks of soft black hair tinged with red, is kissed again and again by Mother Yaśoda, and Your lips are reddish like the *bimba* fruit. May this beautiful vision of Your lotus face be ever manifest in my heart. Thousands and thousands of other benedictions are of no use to me.

namo deva dāmodarānanta viṣṇo prasīda prabho duḥkha-jālābdhi-magnam kṛpā-dṛṣṭi-vṛṣṭyāti-dīnam batānugṛhāṇeśa mām ajñam edhy akṣi-dṛśyaḥ

6 O Supreme Godhead, I offer my obeisances unto You. O Dāmodar! O Ananta! O Viṣṇu! O Master! O my Lord, be pleased upon me. By showering Your glance of mercy upon me, deliver this poor ignorant fool who is immersed in an ocean of worldly sorrows, and become visible to my eyes.

kuverātmajau baddha-mūrtyaiva yadvat tvayā mochitau bhakti-bhājau kṛtau cha tathā prema-bhaktim svakām me prayacha na mokṣe graho me 'sti dāmodareha

O Lord Dāmodar, just as the two sons of Kuvera— Maṇigrīva and Nalakīśvara— were delivered from the curse of Nārada and made into great devotees by You in Your form as a baby tied with rope to a wooden grinding mortar, in the same way, please give to me Your own *prema-bhakti*. I only long for this and have no desire for any kind of liberation.

namas te 'stu dāmne sphurad-dīpti-dhāmne tvadīyodarāyātha viśvasya dhāmne namo rādhikāyai tvadīya-priyāyai namo 'nanta-līlāya devāya tubhyam

O Lord Dāmodar, I first of all offer my obeisances to the brilliantly effulgent rope which binds Your belly. I then offer my obeisances to Your belly, which is the abode of the entire universe. I humbly bow down to Your most beloved Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, and I offer all obeisances to You, the Supreme Lord, who displays unlimited Pastimes.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

nadīyā-nagare nitāi neche neche gāy re

(Refrain:) In the towns and villages of Nadia, Lord Nityānanda ecstatically dances and sings these Names of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu.

jagannātha-suta mahāprabhu viśvambhara māyāpura-śaśi navadvīpa-sudhākara

1 Lord Chaitanya is the beloved son of Jagannāth Miśra; He is Mahāprabhu, the great master, protector, and maintainer of the whole world. He is the shining moon of Māyāpur, dissipating the dark ignorance of the world, and the source of all nectar for the Land of Nabadwīp.

śachī-suta gaurahari nimāi-sundara rādhā-bhāva-kānti-āchādito naṭabara

He is the beloved son of Śachī Mātā and is Lord Hari with a golden complexion. As He was born under a Neem tree He was called Nimāi-sundar (beautiful Nimāi). He is covered by the sentiment and lustre of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī, and He is the best of all dancers.

nāmānanda chapala bālaka mātṛ-bhakta brahmāṇḍa-badana tarkī kautukānurakta

Lord Chaitanya becomes ecstatic upon hearing the Holy Name of Hari. As a boy He was swift and agile, devoted to His mother, a great logician, and fond of joking. Millions of worlds are contained in His mouth.

vidyārthi-uḍupa chaura-dvayera mohana tairthika-sarvvasva grāmya-bālikā-krīḍana

He bewildered two thieves who tried to steal His jewels when He was a small child, and He teased and joked with the village girls of Nadia. He is the moon among scholars and preeminent among all philosophers.

lakṣmī-prati boro-dātā udhata bālaka śrī-śachīra pati-putra-śoka-nibāraka

Lord Chaitanya is the giver of blessings to Lakṣmī-prīya (His first wife). He was a mischievous child and is the Lord, son and preventer of all kinds of grief of Śachī-mātā.

lakṣmī-pati pūrvva-deśa-sarvva-kleśa-hara digvijayi-darpa-hārī viṣṇu-priyeśvara

He is the Lord and husband of Lakṣmī-priyā. By His *saṅkīrttan* movement, He removed the distresses of East Bengal. He removed the pride of the conquering *paṇḍit* Keśava Kasmiri. He is the Lord of Viṣṇu-priyā (His second wife).

āryya-dharma-pāla pitṛ-gayā piṇḍa-dātā purī-śiṣya madhvāchārya-sampradāya-pātā

7 He was the protector and preserver of *sanātana-dhārma* and the giver of *piṇḍa* at Gayā after the disappearance of His father, Jagannāth Miśra. He became the disciple of Īśvara Purī and is the protector of the Madhvāchāryya Sampradāya.

kṛṣṇa-nāmonmatta kṛṣṇa-tattva-adhyāpaka nāma-saṅkīrttana-juga-dharma-pravarttaka

8 Lord Chaitanya became intoxicated by and mad for the Holy Name of Krishna, and began to profess the science of Krishna. Thus He inaugurated the religion of the age, Harinām-saṅkīrttan.

advaita-bāndhava śrīnivāsa-gṛha-dhon nityānanda-prāṇa gadādharera jīvan

9 He was the friend of Advaita Āchāryya, the treasure of Śrīvās Ṭhākur's home, the life and soul of Nityānanda Prabhu, and the very source of life to Gadādhara Paṇḍit.

antadvīpa-śaśadhara sīmanta-bijoy godruma-bihārī madhyadvīpa-līlāśroy

10 Śrī Gaurāṅga Mahāprabhu is the moon of Antardwīp and the triumph of Sīmantadwīp. He is wandering on the island of Godruma and is the shelter of Pastimes in Madhyadwīp.

koladvīpa-pati rtudvīpa-maheśvara jahnu-modadruma-rudradvīpera īsvara

11 Śrī Chaitanya is the Lord of Koladwīp, Rtudwīp, Jahnudwīp, Modadrumadwīp, and Rudradwīp.

navakhaṇḍa-raṅganātha jāhnavī-jīvana jagāi-mādhāi-ādi durbṛtta tāraṇa

He is thus the Lord of Nabadwīp which serves as the stage for His wonderful Pastimes. He is the life of the River Ganges and He delivers all sorts of rogues and rascals beginning with Jagāi and Mādhāi.

nagara-kīrttana-simha kājī-udhāraņa śuddha-nāma-prachāraka bhaktārti-haraņa

13 Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu is the lion of the village *kīrttan*. He delivered the Chānd Kazi. He is the preacher of the pure Holy Name, and the remover of the distresses of His devotees.

nārāyaṇī-kṛpā-sindhu jīvera niyantā adhama-paḍūyā-daṇḍī bhakta-doṣa-hantā

He is the ocean of mercy for Nārāyaṇī; the controller of all souls; the chastiser of the fallen student who criticised His chanting of "Gopī, gopī!", and the destroyer of the sins of His devotees.

śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya-chandra bhāratī-tāraṇa paribrāja-śiromaṇi utkala-pāvana

He was initiated into *sannyās* with the Name of Śrī Krishna Chaitanya, and He is beautiful like the moon. He delivered Keśava Bhārati; is the crest-jewel of all wandering *sannyāsīs*, and the saviour of Orissa.

ambu-liṅga-bhuvaneśa-kapoteśa-pati kṣīra-chora-gopāla-darśana-sukhī jatī

Lord Chaitanya is the master of Lord Śiva, who is known as Ambu-liṅga, Bhuvaneśvara, and Kapoteśvara at three different Śaiva *tīrthas* visited by Śrī Chaitanya on His way to Jagannātha Purī. As a *sannyāsī* He rejoiced at the sight of Kṣīra-chora Gopīnāth and Sākṣī Gopāl.

nirdaņģi-sannyāsī sārvabhauma-kṛpāmoy svānanda-āsvādānānandī sarva-sukhāśroy

17 He became a *sannyāsī* without a *daṇḍa* (staff) due to Lord Nityānanda's breaking it and throwing it in the Bhargi River. He is full of mercy for Sārvabhauma Bhaṭṭāchāryya. He is ecstatic by tasting the bliss of Himself in the form of Krishna, and He is the resting place of all happiness.

purața-sundara vāsudeva-trāṇa-karttā rāmānanda-sakhā bhaṭṭa-kula-kleśa-harttā

Lord Gaurāṅga is beautiful like molten gold and He delivered the leper Vāsudeva. He is the friend of Rāmānanda Rāy, and the remover of all miseries from the family of Vyeṅkaṭa Bhaṭṭa.

bauddha-jaina-māyāvādi-kutarka-khandana daksina-pāvana bhakti-grantha-udhārana

19 He refuted the atheistic arguments of the Buddhists, Jains, and Māyāvādīs. He is the saviour of South India, and He has brought to light the two devotional literatures, *Krishna-karṇāmṛta* and *Brahma-saṁhitā*.

ālāla-darśanānandī rathāgra-narttaka gajapati-trāṇa devānanda-udhāraka

20 Śrī Chaitanya became ecstatic at the sight of Ālānātha. He danced in front of the Jagannāth cart during Rathayātrā, He delivered King Prataparudra, and He was the saviour of Devānanda Paṇḍit.

kuliyā-prakāśe duṣṭa paḍuyāra trāṇa rūpa-sanātana-bandhu sarvva-jīva-prāṇa

By His appearance at Kuliyā He delivered the ill-behaved student community. He is the friend of Rūpa and Sanātan, and the life of all souls.

vṛndāvanānanda-mūrtti balabhadra-saṅgī javana-udhārī bhaṭṭa-vallabhera raṅgī

Śrī Gaurāṅga is the personification of bliss in the transcendental realm of Vṛndāvan. He is the companion and friend of Balabhadra Bhaṭṭāchāryya. On His return from Vṛndāvan He delivered many Mohammedans. He is very fond of Vallabhāchāryya.

kāśībāsi-sannyāsī-udhārī prema-dātā markaṭa-vairāgī-daṇḍī ā-chaṇḍāla-trātā

He delivered the Māyāvādī sannyāsīs of Kāśī, and He is the bestower of love of God. To set a strict example for sannyāsīs He chastised the great devotee Choṭo Haridās's begging rice from Mādhavī Devī. Śrī Chaitanya is the saviour of everyone down to the lowest class of men.

bhaktera-gaurava-kārī bhakta-prāṇa-dhana haridāsa-raghunāth-svarūpa-jīvana

24 Śrī Chaitanya is the glorifier of His devotees and is the wealth of their lives. He is the life of such devotees as Haridās Ṭhākur, Raghunāth dās Goswāmī, and Swarūp Dāmodar.

nadiyā-nagare nitāi neche neche gāy re bhakativinoda tắra pode rāṅgā-pāy re

In the towns and villages of Nadia, Lord Nityānanda dances ecstatically, singing these divine Names, and Ṭhākur Bhaktivinoda falls down at His reddish lotus feet.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

nagare nagare gorā gāy

From village to village Lord Gaura sings these names of Śrī Krishna.

jaśomatī-stanya-pāyī śrī-nanda-nandana indra-nīla-maņi braja-janera jīvana

1 Krishna is the baby who feeds on the breast of Mother Jaśodā. He is the son of Mahārāj Nanda, dark blue like an *indranīla* gem, and the life of the residents of Braja.

śrī gokula niśācharī-pūtanā ghātana duṣṭa-tṛṇāvarta-hantā śakaṭa-bhañjana

2 Krishna destroyed the witch of Gokul, Pūtanā; He broke the cart in which the demon Śakaṭāsura was hiding; and He destroyed the wicked demon, Tṛṇāvarta.

navanīta-chora dadhi-haraṇa-kuśala jamala-arjuna-bhañjī govinda gopāla

He is an expert thief of butter and yoghurt, He broke the two Jamala Arjuna trees, and He is a cowherd boy who is always giving pleasure to the cows, land and senses.

dāmodara vṛndāvana-go-vatsa-rākhāla vatsāsurāntaka hari nija-jana-pāla

4 He is so naughty that His mother bound Him around the waist with ropes. Thus He is known as Dāmodar. He is the keeper of Vṛndāvan's cows and calves, the destroyer of the demon Vatsāsura, He is the remover of all evils and is the protector of His devotees.

baka-śatru agha-hantā brahma-vimohana dhenuka-nāśana kṛṣṇa kālīya-damana

5 Krishna is the enemy of the demon Bakāsura, the slayer of Aghāsura, the bewilderer of Lord Brahmā, the destroyer of Dhenukāsura and the subduer of the Kālīya serpent. He is all-attractive and is the colour of a fresh rain cloud.

pītāmbara śikhi-picha-dhārī veņu-dhara bhāṇḍīra-kānana-līla dāvānala-hara

6 Lord Krishna dresses in yellow silk cloth and wears peacock feathers on His head. He holds a flute, performs Pastimes in the Bhāṇḍīra forest, and He once swallowed a forest fire to save the inhabitants of Braja.

naṭabara-guhāchara śarata-bihārī ballabhī-ballabha deva gopī-bastra-hārī

7 Krishna, best of dancers, sometimes wanders in the caves of Govardhān Hill. He enjoys various amorous Pastimes in the autumn season, He is the lover of the young cowherd maidens, the stealer of their garments, and the Supreme Lord of all.

yajña-patnī-goņ-prati koruņāra sindhu govardhana-dhṛk mādhava braja-bāsi-bandhu

8 Krishna is the ocean of mercy of the wives of the sacrificial brāhmaṇas, He is the holder of Govardhān Hill, the husband of the goddess of fortune, Lakṣmī, and the dearmost friend of the inhabitants of Braja.

indra-darpa-hārī nanda-rakṣitā mukunda śrī-gopī-ballabha rāsa-krīḍa pūrṇānanda

9 He broke Indra's pride and protected His father, Nanda Mahārāj. He is the giver of liberation, the lover of the cowherd maidens of Braja, the enjoyer of the Rasa Dance and the reservoir of pleasure.

śrī-rādhā-vallabha rādhā-mādhava sundara lalitā-viśākhā-ādi sakhī-prāņeśvara

10 He is the lover of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī and the very spring-time of Her life. He is the Lord of the lives of all the *gopīkās* of Vṛndāvan, headed by Lalitā and Viśākhā.

nava-jaladhara-kānti madana-mohana vana-mālī smera-mukha gopī-prāṇadhana

11 Krishna possesses the loveliness of a fresh rain cloud in the Autumn sky. He is the bewilderer of Cupid, always garlanded with fresh forest flowers. His face is like a full-blown lotus flower of sweet smiles and laughter. He is the wealth of the lives of all the young maidens in Braja.

tri-bhaṅgī muralī-dhara jāmuna-nāgara rādhā-kuṇḍa-raṅga-netā rasera sāgara

He possesses a beautiful three-fold bending form and holds a flute known as Muralī. He is the lover of the Jamunā River, the director of all the amorous love sports at Rādhā Kuṇḍa, and He is the ocean of devotional mellows.

chandrāvalī-prāṇanātha kautukābhilāṣī rādhā-māna-sulampaṭa milana-prayāsī

13 Krishna is the Lord of the life of Chandrāvalī, and He is always desirous of joking and sporting. He is very anxious to taste the *rāsa* of his beloved Rādhikā's feigned sulking and always endeavours for Their meeting.

mānasa-gaṅgāra dānī prasūna-taskara gopī-saha haṭha-kārī braja-vaneśvara

14 He is the giver of the Mānasa Gaṅgā Lake to the inhabitants of Vṛndāvan. This thief of flower blossoms acts very outrageously with the maidens of Vṛndāvan, not caring for social restrictions, for He is the Lord of the Braja-maṇḍala forests.

gokula-sampada gopa-duḥkha-nibāraṇa durmada-damana bhakta-santāpa-haraṇa

He is the wealth of Gokul and protects the cowherd men and boys from all miseries. He curbs all foolish pride and removes all distress from His devotees.

sudarśana-mochana śrī-sankhachūḍāntaka rāmānuja śyāma-chằda muralī-bādaka

16 Krishna gives the *gopīs* side-long glances and is the destroyer of Śaṅkhachūḍa. He is the younger brother of Lord Baladeva, He is the beautiful dark moon of Vṛndāvan and the player of the flute.

gopī-gīta-śrotā madhusūdana murāri ariṣṭa-ghātaka rādhā-kuṇḍādi-bihārī

17 He hears the songs of the *gopīs* and is the slayer of the Madhu demon. This enemy of the demon Mura and killer of Ariṣṭāsura enjoys amorous sports and Pastimes at Rādhā Kuṇḍa and other places in Braja.

vyomāntaka padma-netra kešī-nisūdana raṅga-krīḍa kaṁsa-hantā mallu-praharaṇa

18 Krishna is the destroyer of the demon Vyomāsura. He is lotus-eyed, the killer of the Keśī demon, frolicsome, the slayer of King Kaṁsa and the conquerer of Kaṁsa's wrestlers, Chāṇūra and Muṣṭika.

vasudeva-suta vṛṣṇi-baṁśa-kīrti-dhvaja dīnanātha mathureśa devakī-garbha-ja

He is the beloved son of Vasudeva and the emblem of fame for the Vṛṣṇi dynasty. The Lord of the fallen souls, Śrī Krishna, is the Lord of Mathurā and He appears to have taken birth from the womb of Devakī.

kubjā-kṛpāmoya viṣṇu śauri nārāyaṇa dvārakeśa narakaghna śrī-jadunandana

KrishnaisfullofmercyforthehunchbackedKubjā.Heisthemaintainer of the entire creation, the son of Vasudeva, the refuge of all souls, the Lord of Dvārakā, the slayer of Narakāsura and the beloved descendent of the Jadu dynasty.

śrī-rukmiṇī-kānta satyā-pati sura-pāla pāṇḍava-bāndhava śiśupālādira kāla

He is the lover of Rukmiṇī, the husband of Satyā, the protector of the godly, the beloved friend and relative of the five Pāṇḍava brothers and the cause of death for Śiśupāla and other demoniac kings.

jagadīśa janārdana keśavārta-trāṇa sarvva-avatāra-bīja viśvera nidāna

Krishna is the Lord of the universe, the maintainer of all living beings and He possesses beautiful hair. He is the deliverer from all misery and the origin of the universe and all incarnations.

māyeśvara yogeśvara brāhma-tejā-dhāra sarvvātmāra ātmā prabhu prakṛtira pāra

He is the Lord of Māyā; the master of mysticism; the proprietor of the spiritual powers of the *brāhmaṇas*; the Lord, master and soul of all souls, and He is the opposite shore of the ocean of material nature.

patita-pāvana jagannātha sarvveśvara vṛndāvana-chandra sarvva-rasera ākara

Lord Krishna is the purifier of the fallen souls, the Lord of the universe, the Lord of all beings, the moon of Vṛndāvan and the origin of all *rāsas*.

nagare nagare gorā gāy bhakativinoda tachu pāy

Lord Chaitanya sings these names of Krishna from village to village, and Ṭhākur Bhaktivinoda falls at His lotus feet.



by Śrīla Vṛndāvan dās Ṭhākur

śrī hari-vāsare hari-kīrttana-vidhāna nṛtya ārambhilā prabhu jagatera prāṇa

puņyavanta śrīvāsa-aṅgane śubhārambha uṭhilo kīrttana-dhvani gopāla govinda

- 1 Once, on the auspicious day of Ekādaśī, in the house of Śrīvās Paṇḍit, Śrīman Mahāprabhu inaugurated congregational Nāma-saṅkīrttan with great enthusiasm, accompanied by his devotees and associates.
- 2 Surging in divine ecstasy, Śrīman Mahāprabhu, the life and soul of the universe, began to dance beautifully. The devotees surrounded Him being deeply touched and inspired by such an ecstatic moment and they also began to dance and sing the Holy Names like Gopāl and Govinda.

mṛdaṅga mandirā bāje śaṅkha karatāla saṅkīrttana soṅge sob hoilo miśāla

3 The combined sound vibrations of *mṛdaṅga*, temple bells, *karatāla* and conchshell in harmony with the congregational singing and dancing took everyone to the plane of transcendental delight.

brahmāṇḍe uṭhilo dhvani pūriyā ākāśa chaudikera amaṅgala jāya sob nāśa

The holy vibration of *saṅkīrttan* filled the sky and spread throughout the ether all over the cosmic universal existence. Thus the atmosphere in all directions became purified and filled with auspiciousness by that divine sound.

chaturdike śrī hari-maṅgala saṅkīrttana modhye nāche jagannātha miśrera nandana

In all four directions the auspicious chanting of the Lord's name spread and in the centre of that sound vibration the son of Jagannāth Miśra, Śrīman Mahāprabhu danced.

sabāra aṅgete śobhe śrī chandana mālā ānande nāchoye sobe hoiye vibholā

ni jānande nāche mahāprabhu viśvambhara charaņera tāli śuni ati manohara

bhāvāveśe mālā nāhi rohoye galāya chindiyā podoye giyā bhakatera gāya

6-8 Everyone was decorated with fragrant sandalwood paste and beautiful garlands. The most wonderful rhythmic sound arose from the dancing footsteps of Śrīman Mahāprabhu which captivated the minds of the devotees. As He continued dancing in His own internal ecstasy, the swinging flower garlands around His neck began to fall, decorating the earth. The devotees beheld before their eyes, this rare and precious heart-captivating, ecstatic dance of the supreme *tattva*, Śrī Gaurāṅga who is the most worshipable object of even the great personalities such as Lord Shiva, Śuka, Nārada and others.

jära nāmānande śiva vasana nā jāne jära rase nāche śiva se nāche āpane

9 Being totally overwhelmed and lost in the transcendental bliss of taking Mahāprabhu's Holy Name, Lord Shiva sometimes does not care for his formal appearance or obligation to retain his clothing, which sometimes falls down while he dances in the ecstasy of loving devotion.

jära nāme vālmīki hoilo tapodhana jära nāme ajāmila pāilo mochana

10 By chanting and meditating upon His Holy Name Śrī Valmīki became a great powerful rishi and Ajāmila attained pure liberation.

jära nāme śravane saṁsāra-bandha ghuche heno prabhu avatari kali-juge nāche

As one hears and takes His Holy Name with devotion, embracing its holy potency within the core of their heart, their existence becomes totally purified and they attain deliverance. Such is the Lord, the source of all incarnations, in His dancing form in this age of Kali.

jära nāma loi śuka nārada beḍāya sahasra-vadana-prabhu jāra guṇa gāya

The pure devotees Śrī Śukadeva and Devarṣi Nārada are always blissfully engaged in relishing the nectar of His Holy Name and distributing it to suitable *jīva*-souls, wherever they travel. Even Anantadeva describes His unlimited glories with thousands of mouths.

sarvva-mahā-prāyaśchitta je prabhura nāma se prabhu nāchaye dekhe jata bhāgyavān

Of all penances, the chanting of the Lord's name is supreme and whoever sees the dancing of the Lord in his form as Śrī Chaitanya is a supremely fortunate soul.

śrī kṛṣṇa-chaitanya nityānanda-chẳda jāna vṛndāvana dāsa tuchu pada-juge gāna

14 The two brothers, Śrī Krishna Chaitanya Mahāprabhu and Nityānanda Prabhu are my beloved masters and my life and soul. Thus Vṛndāvan dās sings this song of Their glorification and devotionally offers it at Their lotus feet.



by Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur

śuddha-bhakata- charaṇa-reṇu, bhajana-anukūla bhakata-sevā, parama-siddhi, prema-latikāra mūla

1 Dust from the lotus feet of pure devotees is conducive to devotional service, while service to the Vaiṣṇavas is itself the supreme perfection and the root of the tender creeper of divine love.

mādhava-tithi, bhakti-jananī, jatane pālana kori kṛṣṇa-basati, basati boli', parama ādare bori

2 I observe with great care the holy days like Ekādaśī and Janmāṣṭamī, for they are the mother of devotion. As my dwelling place I choose with the greatest reverence and love the transcendental abode of Śrī Krishna.

gaura āmāra, je-saba sthāne, koralo bhramaṇa raṅge se-saba sthāna, heribo āmi, praṇayi-bhakata-saṅge

3 All those places where my Lord Gaurasundar travelled for Pastimes I will visit in the company of loving devotees.

mṛdaṅga-bādya, śunite mon, abasara sadā jāche gaura-bihita, kīrttana śuni', ānande hṛdoya nāche 4 My mind always begs for the opportunity to hear the music of the *mṛdaṅga*. Upon hearing the kind of *kīrttan* ordained by Lord Gaurachandra, my heart dances in ecstasy.

jugala-mūrtti, dekhiyā mora, parama-ānanda hoy prasāda-sevā korite hoy, sakala prapañcha jay

By beholding the Deity forms of the divine couple, Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Krishna, I feel the greatest joy. By honouring the Lord's *prasādam* I conquer over all worldly illusions.

je-dina gṛhe, bhajana dekhi, gṛhete goloka bhāya charaṇa-sīdhu, dekhiyā gaṅgā, sukha nā sīmā pāya

Goloka Vṛndāvan appears in my home whenever I see the worship and service of Lord Hari going on there. Upon seeing the Ganges, which is a river of nectar emanating from the lotus feet of the Lord, my happiness knows no bounds.

tulasī dekhi', juḍāya prāṇa, mādhava-toṣaṇī jāni' gaura-priya, śāka-sevane, jīvana sārthaka māni

7 The sight of the holy Tulasī tree soothes my soul, for I know she gives pleasure to Lord Krishna. By honouring *śāk* (a green leafy vegetable preparation), a dear favourite of Lord Chaitanya, I consider life worthwhile.

bhakativinoda, kṛṣṇa-bhajane, anukūla pāya jāhā prati-divase, parama-sukhe, svīkāra koroye tāhā

Whatever Bhaktivinoda obtains that is conducive for the service of Śrī Krishna, he accepts every day with the greatest of joy.



Verses 89-124 of Śrī Chaitanya-charitāmṛta Ādi-līlā, Chapter 13 by Śrīla Kṛṣṇadās Kavirāj Goswāmī

chaudda-śata sāta-śake māsa je phālgun paurņamāsīra sandhyā-kāle hoile śubha-kṣaṇ

Thus in the year 1407 of the Śaka Era (A.D. 1486), in the month of Phālguna (March-April), on the evening of the full moon, the desired auspicious moment appeared.

simha-rāśi, simha-lagna, ucha graha-goņ ṣaḍa-varga, aṣṭa-varga, sarva sulakṣaṇ

According to the Jyotir-veda, or *Vedic* astronomy, when the figure of the lion appears both in the zodiac and the time of birth (*lagna*), this indicates a very high conjunction of planets, an area under the influence of *ṣaḍa-varga* and *aṣṭa-varga*, which are all-auspicious moments.

a-kalaṅka gaurachandra dilā daraśan sa-kalaṅka chandre āro kon prayojan

When the spotless moon of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu became visible, what would be the need for a moon with blacks marks all over his body?

eto jāni' rāhu koilo chandrera grahaņ 'kṛṣṇa' 'kṛṣṇa' 'hari' nāme bhāse tri-bhuvan

Onsidering this, Rāhu, the black planet, covered the full moon, and immediately vibrations of "Krishna! Krishna! Hari!" inundated the three worlds.

jaya jaya dhvani hoilo sakala bhuvan chamatkāra hoiyā lok bhāve mone mon

All people thus chanted the Holy Names during the lunar eclipse, and their minds were struck with wonder.

jagat bhoriyā lok bole—'hari' 'hari' sei-kṣaṇe gaurakṛṣṇa bhūme avatari

When the whole world was thus chanting the Holy Names "Hari! Hari!" Krishna in the form of Gaurahari advented Himself on the earth.

prasanna ho-ilo sob jagatera mon 'hari' boli' hinduke hāsya koroye javan

The whole world was pleased. While the Hindus chanted the Holy Name of the Lord, the non-Hindus, especially the Muslims, jokingly imitated the words.

'hari' boli' nārīgoņ dei hulāhuli svarge vādya-nṛtya kore deva kutūhalī

All the ladies vibrated the Holy Name and chanted "huli huli!!!!", while in the heavenly planets dancing and music were going on and the demigods were very curious.

prasanna hoilo doś dik, prasanna nadījol sthāvara-jaṅgama hoilo ānande vihval

In this atmosphere, all the ten directions became jubilant, as did the waves of the rivers. Moreover, all beings, moving and nonmoving, were overwhelmed with transcendental bliss.

nadīyā-udayagiri, pūrṇachandra gaurahari, kṛpā kori' ho-ilo udoy pāpa-tamaḥ hoilo nāśa, tri-jagatera ullāsa, jagabhari' hari-dhvani hoy

By His causeless mercy the full moon, Gaurahari, rose in the district of Nadia, which is compared to Udayagiri, where the sun first becomes visible. His rising in the sky dissipated the darkness of sinful life, and thus the three worlds became joyful and chanted the Holy Name of the Lord.

sei-kāle nijāloya, uṭhiyā advaita rāya nṛtya kore ānandita-mone haridāse loyā saṅge, huṅkāra-kīrttana-raṅge kene nāche, keho nāhi jāne

At that time Śrī Advaita Āchāryya, in His own house at Shantipur, was dancing in a happy mood. Taking Haridās Ṭhākur with Him, they danced and loudly chanted the Holy Names of the Lord. But why they were dancing, no one could understand.

dekhi' uparāga hāsi', śīghra gaṅgā-ghāṭe āsi' ānande korilo gaṅgā-snāna pāyā uparāga-chole, āpanāra mano-bole, brāhmaṇere dilo nānā dāna

100 Seeing the lunar eclipse and laughing, both Advaita Āchāryya and Haridās Ṭhākur immediately went to the bank of the Ganges to bathe in that sacred river in great jubilation. Taking advantage of the occasion of the lunar eclipse, Advaita Āchāryya, in His mind offered various kinds of charity to the *brāhmaṇas*.

jagata ānandamoy, dekhi' mone sa-vismoy ṭhāreṭhore kohe haridāsa tomāra aichana raṅga, mora mon parasanna, dekhi—kichu kāryye āche bhāsa

101 When he saw that the whole world was jubilant, Haridās Ṭhākur, his mind astonished, directly and indirectly expressed himself to Advaita Āchāryya: "Your dancing and distributing charity are very pleasing to me. I can understand that there is some special purpose in these actions."

āchāryyaratna, śrīvāsa, hoilo mone sukhollāsa jāi' snāna koilo gaṅgā-jole ānande vihvala mon, kore hari-saṅkīrttana nānā dāna koilo mano-bole

102 Āchāryyaratna and Śrīvās Ṭhākur were overwhelmed with joy, and immediately they also went to the bank of the Ganges to bathe there. Their minds full of happiness, they chanted the Holy Names of Hari and in their minds also meditated and offered charity.

ei mata bhakta-tati, jara jei deśe sthiti, tāha tāha pāyā mano-bole nāche, kore sankīrttana, ānande vihvala mon, dāna kore grahaņera chole

103 In this way all the devotees, wherever they were situated, in every city and every land, danced, performed *sankīrttan* (the congregational chanting of the Lord's Names), and in their minds offered all benedictions to others, being overwhelmed with joy.

brāhmaṇa-sajjana-nārī, nānā-dravye thālī bhori' āilā sobe jautuka lo-iyā jena kằchā-soṇā-dyuti, dekhi' bālakera mūrtti, āśīrvāda kore sukha pāyā

104 Many respectful *brāhmaṇa* gentlemen and ladies, carrying plates filled with various gifts, came with their presentations. Seeing the newborn child, whose form resembled shining gold, all of them with happiness offered their blessings.

sāvitrī, gaurī, sarasvatī, śachī, rambhā, arundhatī, āro jata deva-nārīgoņ nānā-dravye pātra bhori', brāhmaņīra veśa dhori', āsi' sobe koren daraśan

105 Sāvitrī, Gaurī, Śachī, Rambhā, Arundhatī and all the celestial ladies also came there dressed as the wives of *brāhmaṇas*, and brought with them many varieties of gifts for the child.

antarīkṣe deva-goṇ, gandharvva, siddha, chāraṇa, stuti-nṛtya kore vādya-gīta narttaka, vādaka, bhāṭa, navadvīpe jāra nāṭa, sobe āsi' nāche pāyā prīta

All the inhabitants of the heavenly planets, including the *Gandharwas*, *Siddhas*, the residents of Chāraṇaloka, offered their prayers, sang and danced, accompanied by the sound of musical instruments and the beating of drums. Also, in the holy town of Nabadwīp, dancers, musicians, and poets gathered together, and began to celebrate the Lord's appearance.

kebā āse kebā jāya, kebā nāche kebā gāya, sambhālite nāre kāra bolo khaṇḍileka duḥkha-śoka, pramoda-pūrita loka, miśra hoilā ānande vihvala

No-one could understand who was coming and who was going, who was dancing and who was singing. Nor could they understand each other's language. But in effect all unhappiness and lamentation were immediately dissipated, and people became joyous. Jagannāth Miśra, the father of Gaurahari, was completely overwhelmed with happiness.

āchāryyaratna, śrīnivāsa jagannātha-miśra-pāśa, āsi' tắre kore sāvadhāna korāilo jātakarma, je āchilo vidhi-dharma, tobe miśra kore nānā dāna

108 Chandraśekhar Āchāryya and Śrīvas Ṭhākur both came to the house of Jagannāth Miśra. They performed the different ceremonies according to religious principles which are prescribed for the birth of a child. Jagannāth Miśra also gave away much wealth in charity.

jautuka pāilo jata, ghore vā āchilo kata, sob dhon vipre dilo dāna jata narttaka, gāyan, bhāṭa, akiñchana jon, dhon diyā koilo sabāra māna

109 Whatever riches Jagannāth Miśra had collected in the form of gifts and presents, and whatever he had in his house, he distributed among the *brāhmaṇas*, singers, dancers, poets and the poor. He honoured them all by giving them riches in charity.

śrīvāsera brāhmaṇī, nāma tằra 'mālinī', āchāryyaratnera patnī-saṅge sindūra, haridrā, toilo, khoi, kalā, nānā phol, diyā pūje nārīgoṇa raṅge

110 The wife of Śrīvas Ṭhākur, whose name was Mālinī, accompanied by the wife of Chandraśekhar and other ladies, came there in great happiness to worship the baby with such articles as vermilion, turmeric, scented oil, a kind of puffed rice called *khoi*, bananas and coconuts.

advaita-āchāryya-bhāryyā, jagat-pūjitā āryyā, nāma tāra 'sītā ṭhākurāṇī' āchāryyera ājñā pāyā, gelo upahāra loyā, dekhite bālaka-śiromaṇi

111 One day shortly after Gaurahari was born, Advaita Āchāryya's wife, Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī, who is worshipable by the whole world, at the request of her husband, went to see that topmost child with all kinds of gifts.

suvarņera kaḍi-bauli, rajatamudrā-pāśuli, suvarņera aṅgada, koṅkoṇ du-bāhute divya śaṅkha, rajatera malabaṅka, svarṇa-mudrāra nānā hāragoṇ

112 She brought different kinds of presents made from gold, such as bracelets, coins, necklaces, ankle ornaments, a conchshell covered with gold, and other kinds of jewellery for the child.

vyāghra-nakha hema-joḍi, kaṭi-paṭṭasūtra-ḍorī hasta-padera jata ābharaṇ chitra-varṇa paṭṭa-sāḍī, buni photo paṭṭapāḍī, svarṇa-raupya-mudrā bahu-dhon

113 She also brought a locket with a tiger nail set in gold, belts made of silk and lace, silk saris and shawls, as well as silk clothing for the newly born child.

durvvā, dhānya, gorochana, haridrā, kuṅkuma, chandana, moṅgol-dravya pātra bhoriyā vastra-gupta dolā chaḍi' soṅge loyā dāsī cheḍī, vastrālaṅkāra peṭāri bhoriyā

114 Riding in a palanquin covered with cloth and accompanied by maidservants, Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī came to the house of Jagannāth Miśra, bringing with her many auspicious articles such as *durvvā* grass, rice paddy, turmeric, *kumkum* and sandal-wood. All these presentations filled a large basket.

bhakṣya, bhojya, upahāra, soṅge loilo bahu bhāra, śachī gṛhe hoilo upanīto dekhiyā bālaka-ṭhām, sākṣāt gokula-kān, varṇa-mātra dekhi viparīto

115 When Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī, bringing with her many kinds of food, clothes and other gifts, came to the house of Śachīdevī (the mother of Gaurahari), Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī was astonished to see the newly born child, and she could appreciate that except for a difference in color, the child was directly Lord Krishna of Gokul, Himself.

sarvva aṅga—sunirmāṇa, suvarṇa-pratimā-bhāna, sarva aṅga—sulakṣaṇamoy bālakera divya jyoti, dekhi' pāilo bahu prīti, vātsalyete dravilo hṛdoy

116 Seeing the divine effulgence of the child, the well formed different parts of His golden body which were covered with auspicious signs, Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī was very much pleased, and because of maternal affection, she felt as if her heart were melting.

durvvā, dhānya, dilo śirṣe, koilo bahu āśīṣe, chirajīvī hao dui bhāi ḍākinī-śakhinī hoite, śaṅkā upajilo chite, ḍore nāma thuilo 'nimāi'

117 She blessed the newly born child by placing fresh *durvvā* grass and paddy on His head and saying, "May you live long." To protect Him from ghosts and witches, she gave the child the name Nimāi.

putramātā-snānadine, dilo vastra vibhūṣaṇe, putra-saha miśrere sammāni' śachī-miśrera pūjā loyā, monete hariṣa hoyā, ghore āilā sitā ṭhākurāṇī

118 Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī gave gifts to the mother and child, at the time of His birth and when the child was brought from the residence where He was born back to the home of Jagannāth Miśra. Then Sītā Ṭhākurāṇī, being honoured by mother Śachīdevī and Jagannāth Miśra, returned to her own home in Shantipur.

aiche śachī-jagannāth, putra pāyā lakṣmīnāth, pūrṇa hoilo sakala vāñchito dhon-dhānye bhore ghora, lokamānya kalevara, dine dine hoy ānandito

119 In this way, Śachīdevī and Jagannāth Miśra, having obtained a son who was the husband of the goddess of fortune, had all their desires fulfilled. Their house was always filled with riches and grains. As they looked upon the beloved body of the Lord, day after day their happiness increased.

miśra—vaiṣṇava, śānta, alampaṭa, śuddha, dānta, dhon-bhoge nāhi abhimāna putrera prabhāve jata, dhon āsi' mile, tata, viṣṇu-prīte dvije deno dāna

Jagannāth Miśra was an ideal Vaiṣṇava, a devotee of the Lord. He was peaceful, restrained in the enjoyment of his senses, pure and self-controlled. He therefore had no desire to enjoy material opulence. Whatever money that came because of the influence of his divine son, he gave in charity to the *brāhmaṇas* and for the worship of Lord Vishnu.

lagna goṇi' harṣamati, nīlāmbara chakravartī, gupte kichu kohilo miśrere mahāpuruṣera chihna, lagne aṅge bhinna bhinna, dekhi, — ei tāribe saṁsāre

121 After calculating the astrological chart for the child, Gaurahari, Nīlāmbar Chakravartī privately said to Jagannāth Miśra that he saw all the different auspicious symptoms of a great personality in both the body and horoscope of the child. He revealed that in the future this child would deliver the whole universe.

aiche prabhu śachī-ghore, kṛpāy koilo avatāre jei ihā koroye śravaṇa gaura-prabhu doyāmoy, tắre hoyena sadoy, sei pāya tắhāra charaṇa

122 In this way the Lord, out of His causeless mercy, made His advent in the house of Śachīdevī. The Lord, Gaurahari, is very merciful to anyone who hears this narration of His birth, and gives that person the shelter of His lotus feet.

pāiyā mānuṣa janma, je nā śune gaura-guṇa, heno janma tāra vyartha hoilo pāiyā amṛtadhunī, piye viṣa-gartta-pāni janmiyā se kene nāhi moilo

123 Anyone who attains a human birth but does not have the opportunity to hear of Gaurahari is unfortunate. Instead of drinking nectar from the river of devotional service, if one drinks from the poisoned well of mundane happiness, it would have been better to not have lived at all.

śrī-chaitanya-nityānanda, āchāryya advaitachandra, svarūpa-rūpa-raghunātha-dāsa ihā-sabāra śrī-charaṇa, śire vandi nija-dhon, janma-līlā gāilo kṛṣṇadāsa

Taking on my head as my own wealth the lotus feet of Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu, Śrī Nityānanda Prabhu, Āchāryya Advaitachandra, Śrī Swarūp Dāmodar, Śrī Rūpa and Śrī Raghunāth and all the devotees of Mahāprabhu, I, Krishnadās, sing the glories of the Lord's appearance.



hare kṛṣṇa hare kṛṣṇa kṛṣṇa hare hare hare rāma hare rāma rāma hare hare

"prabhu kohe — kohilan ei mahāmantra ihā japa giyā sabe koriyā nirbandha ihā hoite sarvva-siddhi hoibe sabāra sarvva-kṣaṇa bolo, ithe vidhi nāhi āra" "ki śayane ki bhojane, ki vā jāgaraṇe aharniśa chinta kṛṣṇa, boloho vadane" "āma-prati sneha jadi thāke sabākāra kṛṣṇa vinā keha kichu nā bolibe āra"

"The Lord said, 'I have told you this Mahāmantra, so everyone now chant it in proper measure. By doing this, you will attain success in all respects. There is no other rule but to chant it at every moment.' Whether resting, eating, or waking—day and night think of Krishna and call His Name aloud."

(Śrī Chaitanya-Bhāgavata Madhya 23.77-78, 28.28)



nagara bhramiyā āmāra gaura elo ghore gaura elo ghore āmāra nitāi elo ghore dhūlā jhāri śachīmātā gaura kole kore ānandete bhakta-goņe hari hari bole

"After *parikramā* of the town, Gaurāṅga returns to His house, and Nitāi also comes to the house. Dusting off His body, Śachīmātā takes Gaurāṅga upon her lap. Out of great spiritual joy all the devotees are chanting 'Hari Hari Bol!'"



Frīmad Bhaktivinoda-viraha Daśakam

Prayer in Separation of Śrīla Bhaktivinod Ṭhākur by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

hā hā bhaktivinoda-ṭhakkura! guroḥ!
dvāviṁśatis te samā
dīrghād-duḥkha-bharād-aśeṣa-virahādduḥsthīkṛtā bhūriyam
jīvānāṁ bahu-janma-puṇya-nivahā
kṛṣṭo mahī-maṇḍale
āvirbhāva-kṛpāṁ chakāra cha bhavān
śrī-gaura-śaktiḥ svayam

Alas, alas! Oh Bhaktivinod Ṭhākur, Oh Supreme Guru, for twenty-two years this world has been plunged into misfortune, long grief-stricken in your intolerable separation. You are the divine potency of Śrī Gaura, and you graciously made your advent in this earthly plane, being attracted by the living beings' virtuous deeds performed throughout many lifetimes.

dīno 'ham chira-duṣkṛtir na hi bhavatpādābja-dhūli-kaṇāsnānānanda-nidhim prapanna-śubhadam labdhum samartho 'bhavam kintv audāryya-guṇāt-tavāti-yaśasaḥ kāruṇya-śaktiḥ svayam śrī-śrī-gaura-mahāprabhoḥ prakaṭitā viśvam samanvagrahīt

Since I am lowly and very wretched, it was not my luck to reach the ocean that bestows the fortune of surrender—the ocean of the ecstasy of bathing in a particle of the dust of your holy lotus feet. Yet due to your magnanimous nature, you gave your grace to the whole universe, personally revealing your supereminence as the personification of the mercy potency of Śrī Gaurāṅga. (That is, by coming into this world, I received his grace.)

he deva! stavane tavākhila-guṇānāṁ
te viriñchādayo
devā vyartha-mano-rathāḥ kim u vayaṁ
marttyādhamāḥ kurmmahe
etan no vibudhaiḥ kadāpy atiśayālaṅkāra
ity uchyatāṁ
śāstreṣv eva "na pāraye 'ham" iti yad
gātaṁ mukundena tat

Oh Lord, even all the demigods headed by Lord Brahmā feel frustrated by their inability to (fittingly) sing the glories of all your divine qualities. What, then, can be said of the attempt of a fallen soul, a mere human like me? Surely, the learned will never waste their eloquent words eulogising this statement, since even the Supreme Lord, Lord Śrī Krishna Himself, has sung in the Scriptures His celebrated confession napāraye 'ham—'lamunable (to reciprocate your devotion).'

dharmmaś-charmma-gato 'jñataiva satatā yogaś cha bhogātmako jñāne śūnya-gatir japena tapasā khyātir jighāmsaiva cha dāne dāmbhikatā 'nurāga-bhajane duṣṭāpachāro yadā buddhim buddhi-matām vibheda hi tadā dhātrā bhavān preṣitaḥ

At a time when religion was evaluated in terms of bodily relationship, saintliness was determined by ignorance, and yoga practice was motivated by sensual pleasure; when scholarship was cultivated just for voidism, *japa* was conducted for the sake of fame, and penance was performed out of vindictiveness; when charity was given out of pride, and on the pretext of spontaneous devotion the most gross, sinful acts were perpetrated—and in all such anomalous situations even the intelligentsia were at loggerheads with one another... at that very time, you were sent by the Almighty Creator.

viśve 'smin kiraṇair yathā hima-karaḥ sañjīvayann oṣadhīr nakṣatrāṇi cha rañjayan nija-sudhāṁ vistārayan rājate sach-chāstrāṇi cha toṣayan budha-gaṇaṁ sammodayaṁs te tathā nūnaṁ bhūmi-tale śubhodaya iti hlādo bahuḥ sātvatām

As the universally cooling moon is beautified by diffusing its nectarean rays, nourishing the plants and inciting the twinkling of the stars, your Holy Advent in this world is similarly ascertained as satisfying the pure devotional Scriptures (through profound study) and blessing the learned with full-blown happiness (by the perfect axiomatic conclusions descending in Divine Succession). With your appearance, the ecstasy of the devotees knows no bounds.

lokānām hita-kāmyayā bhagavato
bhakti-prachāras tvayā
granthānām rachanaiḥ satām abhimatair
nānā-vidhair darśitaḥ
āchāryyaiḥ kṛta-pūrvvam eva kila tad
rāmānujādyair budhaiḥ
premāmbho-nidhi-vigrahasya bhavato
māhātmya-sīmā na tat

By writing many books and by multifarious methods recognised by the pure devotees, you have demonstrated the preaching of pure devotional service unto the Supreme Lord, for the benefit of the whole world. We have heard of similar achievements in previous times by stalwart scholars such as Śrī Rāmānuja and many other Āchāryyas; but the glory of you—the very embodiment of the nectar of divine love— does not end (cannot be confined) here.

yad dhāmnaḥ khalu dhāma chaiva nigame brahmeti samjñāyate yasyāmśasya kalaiva duḥkha-nikarair yogeśvarair mṛgyate

vaikunthe para-mukta-bhṛṅga-charaṇo nārāyaṇo yaḥ svayaṁ tasyāṁśī bhagavān svayaṁ rasa-vapuḥ kṛṣṇo bhavān tat pradaḥ

Merely the effulgence of His divine abode has been designated by the title 'Brahman' in the *Vedas*, and only the expansion of an expansion of His expansion is sought after with great tribulation by the foremost *yogīs*. The most exalted of the liberated souls shine resplendent as the bumblebees at His lotus feet. The Primeval Origin of even the Original Śrī Nārāyaṇa who is the Lord of the spiritual sky above Brahman: He is the Original Supreme Lord, the personification of all nectarean mellows—Śrī Krishna—and He is the one that you give.

sarvvāchintyamaye parātpara-pure goloka-vṛndāvane chil-līlā-rasa-raṅginī parivṛtā sā rādhikā śrī-hareḥ vātsalyādi-rasaiś cha sevita-tanormādhuryya-sevā-sukhaṁ nityaṁ yatra mudā tanoti hi bhavān tad dhāma-sevā-pradaḥ

Situated in the topmost region of the absolutely inconceivable spiritual sky is the holy abode of Śrī Vṛndāvan Dhām, in the spiritual planet known as Goloka. There, surrounded by Sakhīs, Śrīmatī Rādhikā revels in the mellows of divine Pastimes. With great ecstasy, She expands the joy of loving sweetness in the service of Śrī Krishnachandra, who is otherwise served in four relationships up to parenthood. You, Oh Ṭhākur Bhaktivinod, can give us the service of that holy Dhām.

śrī-gaurānumatam svarūpa-viditam rūpāgrajenādṛtam rūpādyaiḥ pariveśitam raghu-gaṇair āsvāditam sevitam jīvādyair abhirakṣitam śuka-śivabrahmādi-sammānitam śrī-rādhā-pada-sevanāmṛtam aho tad dātum īśo bhavān 9 The internal purport is known to Śrī Svarūp Dāmodar by the sanction of Śrī Gaurachandra, of that which is adored by Śrī Sanātan Goswāmī and distributed by the preceptors realised in transcendental mellows, headed by Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī; that which is tasted and enhanced by Śrī Raghunāth Dās Goswāmī and followers and carefully protected by the votaries headed by Śrī Jīva Prabhu; and that which (from a respectful distance) is venerated by great personalities such as Śrī Śuka, Lord Śiva, the chief of the demigods, and Lord Brahmā, the grandfather of all beings—Oh wonder of wonders! the nectarean rapture of servitude unto Śrī Rādhikā—that, too, you can give us.

kvāham manda-matis tv atīva-patitaḥ kva tvam jagat-pāvanaḥ bho svāmin kṛpayāparādha-nichayo nūnam tvayā kṣamyatām yāche 'ham karuṇā-nidhe! varam imam pādābja-mūle bhavatsarvvasvāvadhi-rādhikā-dayita-dāsānām gaṇe gaṇyatām

Where am I, so lowly and fallen, and where are you, the great soul who delivers the universe! Oh Lord, by your grace, you are sure to forgive my offences. Oh ocean of mercy, in the dust of your lotus feet I pray for just this benediction: kindly make my life successful by recommending me for admission into the group of Śrī Vārṣabhānavī Dayita Dās, who is the dearmost one in your heart.

Translator's Note: The preceding prayer to Śrīla Bhaktivinod Ṭhākur (1838-1914), the pioneer of pure devotion in the recent age, was composed within the lifetime of the author's Guru, Śrīla Bhakti Siddhānta Saraswatī Ṭhākur Goswāmī Prabhupād. Upon reading the original Sanskrit verse, Śrīla Prabhupād commented, "Now I am confident that we have one man who is qualified to uphold the standard of our Sampradāya (Divine Succession)."

Trī Śrīmad Gaura-Kiśora-namaskāra Daśakam

Homage unto Śrīmad Gaura Kiśora Bābājī Mahārāj by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

guror guro me paramo gurus tvam varenya! gaurānga-ganāgraganye prasīda bhṛtye dayitāśrite te namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

1 Oh Divine Master of my Divine Master, my most venerable preceptor, you are supremely worshippable in the group of the foremost associates of Śrī Gaurāṅga. May you be gracious upon this servitor surrendered unto your loving servitor (Dayita Dās). Oh Gaura Kiśora, again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

sarasvatī-nāma-jagat-prasiddham prabhum jagatyām patitaika-bandhum tvam eva deva! prakaţī-chakāra namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

Oh worshipful one, you alone revealed my Lord and Master, who is renowned throughout the universe as Śrī Bhakti Siddhānta Saraswatī, and who is the only friend of the fallen souls of the world. Oh Gaura Kiśora, again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

kvachid-vrajāraņya-vivikta-vāsī hṛdi vraja-dvandva-raho-vilāsī bahir virāgī tv avadhūta-veṣī namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

Living in solitude at Vraja Dhām, your heart was absorbed in the most secret Pastimes of the Divine Youthful Couple of Vraja, whilst externally you maintained the strictures of a renunciate; and sometimes you appeared to transcend all recognised strictures. Oh Gaura Kiśora, again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

kvachit punar gaura-vanāntachārī surāpagā-tīra-rajo-vihārī pavitra-kaupīna-karaṅka-dhārī namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

4 Sometimes you roam about the edge of Gauravana (the boundary of Śrī Nabadwīp Dhām), wandering along the beach near the banks of the Gaṅgā. Oh Gaura Kiśora, who dons the holy loin-cloth and carries the mendicant's water-pot, again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

sadā harer nāma mudā raṭantaṁ gṛhe gṛhe mādhukarīm aṭantam namanti devā api yaṁ mahāntaṁ namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

Ever singing the Holy Name of Śrī Hari with great ecstasy and accepting alms from house to house like a bee collecting honey from flower to flower, you are the great soul unto whom even the demigods bow to. Oh Gaura Kiśora, again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

kvachid-rudantañ cha hasan naṭantaṁ nijeṣṭa-deva-praṇayābhibhūtam namanti gāyantam alaṁ janā tvāṁ namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

Becoming overwhelmed with love for your worshipful Lord, sometimes you dance, sometimes you cry, sometimes you laugh; and again, you sing aloud. The people profusely offer their respects unto you, Oh Gaura Kiśora, and again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

mahāyaśo-bhaktivinoda-bandho! mahāprabhu-prema-sudhaika-sindho! aho jagannātha-dayāspadendo! namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

7 Oh friend of the glorious Ṭhākur Bhaktivinod, Oh matchless ocean of the nectar of loving devotion for Mahāprabhu Śrī Chaitanyadev, Ohmoonthatreceived the grace of Vaiṣṇava Sārvvabhauma Śrī Jagannāth, Oh Gaura Kiśora! again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

samāpya rādhā-vratam uttamam tvam avāpya dāmodara-jāgarāham gato 'si rādhādara-sakhya-riddhim namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

8 Completing the great holy vow of Ūrjja-vrata, you selected the day of the awakening of Śrī Dāmodar to achieve the cherished treasure of your internal identity as a Sakhī devoted to the service of Śrī Rādhikā. Oh Gaura-Kiśora, again and again do I make my obeisance unto you.

vihāya saṅgaṁ kuliyā-layānāṁ pragṛhya sevāṁ dayitānugasya vibhāsi māyāpura-mandira-stho namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

9 Forsaking the company of the residents of Kuliyā town to accept the service of your servitor Śrī Dayita Dās, your divine presence is now found in a holy temple at Śrī Dhām Māyāpur. Oh Gaura Kiśora, again and again do I make obeisance unto you.

sadā nimagno 'py aparādha-paṅke hy ahaitukīm eṣa kṛpāñ cha yāche dayāṁ samuddhṛtya vidhehi dīnaṁ namo namo gaura-kiśora tubhyam

Although I remain deep in the mud of offences, I (a fallen soul) am begging you for your causeless mercy. Please be gracious and deliver this soul bereft. Oh Gaura Kiśora, again and yet again do I make my obeisance unto you.

rī Śrī Dayita Dās Daśakam

Prayer unto Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur after his manifest Pastimes by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

nīte yasmin niśānte nayana-jala-bharaiḥ snāta-gātrārvvudānām uchchair utkrośatām śrī-vṛṣakapi-sutayādhīrayā svīya-goṣṭhīm pṛthvī gāḍhāndhakārair hṛta-nayanamaṇīvāvṛtā yena hīnā yatrāsau tatra śīghram kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatām kinkaro 'yam

1 At the end of the night of Śrī Śrī Vṛṣabhānunandinī, She suddenly took him to Her entourage, withdrawing him from the company of throngs of griefstricken souls. A great cry of lamentation arose, their bodies were bathed by their tears. When he was thus stolen away, this world was plunged into the deep darkness of one whose eyes have been stolen away (hṛṭa—stolen away; nayana-maṇi—jewel of the eye—the internal name of Saraswatī Ṭhākur is 'Nayana-maṇi').

(Bereft of the vision of my Divine Master,) Oh my sorrowful eyes (dīna-nayana), (or, Oh saviour of the fallen (Dīna-nayana),) wherever that great soul may be, please quickly take this servitor there! (Although he is my Master named 'Nayana,' or 'one who brings us near,' in his mercy he shows the miserliness of not taking me unto his company.)

yasya śrī-pāda-padmāt pravahati jagati prema-pīyūṣa-dhārā yasya śrī-pāda-padma-chyuta-madhu satataṁ bhṛtya-bhṛṅgān vibhartti yasya śrī-pāda-padmaṁ vraja-rasika-jano modate sampraśasya yatrāsau tatra śīghraṁ kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatāṁ kiṅkaro 'yam 2 From his lotus feet, the nectarean river of divine love flows throughout the universe; his servitors, like bees, maintain their lives drinking the honey that falls from his lotus feet; and the pure devotees in the shelter of the confidential mellows of Vraja revel in the bliss of singing the glories of his lotus feet: Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that great soul may be, please quickly take this servitor there.

vātsalyam yach cha pitro jagati bahumatam kaitavam kevalam tat dāmpatyam dasyutaiva svajana-gaṇa-kṛtā bandhutā vanchaneti vaikuṇṭha-sneha-mūrtteḥ pada-nakha-kiraṇair yasya sandarśito 'smi yatrāsau tatra śīghram kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatām kinkaro 'yam

Parental affection, so highly esteemed in the world, is a colossal hoax (as an obstacle to Hari-bhakti); socially recognised pure matrimonial love is nothing but dacoity (in that it plunders away both the husband's and the wife's eagerness for the chance to acquire the treasure of love unadulterated by the superficiality of familial prejudice); and common friendship is merely deception: I have gleaned these thoughts from the rays of light that emanate from the toenails of the holy feet of that great personality, the embodiment of supramundane affection. Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that great soul may be, please quickly take this servitor there.

yā vāṇī kaṇṭha-lagnā vilasati satataṁ kṛṣṇa-chaitanyachandre karṇa-kroḍāj-janānāṁ kim u nayana-gatāṁ saiva mūrttiṁ prakāśya nīlādrī-śasya netrārpaṇa-bhavana-gatā netra-tārābhidheyā yatrāsau tatra śīghraṁ kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatāṁ kiṅkaro 'yam

The divine message sung by Śrī Krishna Chaitanya-chandra had its continuous play in the ears of the people. From the ear, did he, just to fulfil the purport of the name 'Nayana-maṇi,' reveal his form to the eye, making his advent in the mansion (temple) favoured by the

glance of Śrī Nīlāchalachandra (at the time of the Rathayātrā festival)? Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that great soul (Mahāpuruṣa) may be, please swiftly take this servitor there.

gaurendor asta-śaile kim u kanaka-ghano hema-hṛj-jambu-nadyā āvirbhūtaḥ pravarṣair nikhila-jana-padam plāvayan dāva-dagdham gaurāvirbhāva-bhūmau rajasi cha sahasā samjugopa svayam svam yatrāsau tatra śīghram kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatām kinkaro 'yam

Drawing up the pure golden waters of the Jambu River mentioned in Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam, has this golden cloud arisen on the mountain where the golden moon (Śrī Gaurachandra) descended (set), just to shower down torrents of rain upon the whole countryside that was scorched by the forest fire (of threefold sufferings), then suddenly conceal himself in the dust of the land of the Advent of Śrī Gaurāṅga? Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that Great Master may be now, please quickly take this servitor to that place.

gauro gaurasya śiṣyo gurur api jagatām gāyatām gaura-gāthā gauḍe gauḍīya-goṣṭhy-āśrita-gaṇa-garimā drāviḍe gaura-garvvī gāndharvvā gaura-vāṭyo giri-dhara-paramapreyasām yo gariṣṭho yatrāsau tatra śīghram kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatām kinkaro 'yam

He is of the same hue as Śrī Gaura, and although he, who sings the tidings of Śrī Gaura, is the (natural) Guru of the whole universe, he accepted discipleship to a great devotee called Śrī Gaura Kiśora ('adolescent Gaura'). In the whole Gaura-maṇḍala he is the repository of the glory of those who grant entrance into the fold of the pure Gauḍīya Vaiṣṇavas. He proudly ascended the lofty throne of preaching the glories of the gift of the Golden Lord Śrī Gaura (the service of Śrī Rādhā-Govinda in Vraja) to the Vaiṣṇavas of Draviḍa (the devotees in South India, who are generally

worshippers of Lakṣmī-Nārāyaṇa). The glory of his dignity shines even in the group of Śrī Gāndharvvā, and he holds a pre-eminent position in the intimate circle of Śrī Giridhārī, that is, he is the most beloved of Lord Mukunda. Oh Dīna-nayana, where that great soul is now, please swiftly take this servitor there.

yo rādhā-kṛṣṇa-nāmāmṛta-jala-nidhināplāvayad-viśvam etad āmlechchhāśeṣa-lokaṁ dvija-nṛpa-vaṇijaṁ śūdra-śūdrāpakṛṣṭam muktaiḥ siddhair agamyaḥ patita-jana-sakho gaura-kāruṇya-śaktir yatrāsau tatra śīghraṁ kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatāṁ kiṅkaro 'yam

7 He inundated the whole universe of countless living beings—whether brāhmaṇa, kṣatriya, vaiśya, śūdra, less than śūdra, and even mlechchha—with the oceanic nectar of the Holy Name of Śrī Rādhā-Krishna.

Although unapproachable by the liberationists and yogic perfectionists, he is known as the friend of the fallen, the mercy potency of Śrī Gaurāṅga. Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that great soul may be, please swiftly take this servitor there.

apy āśā varttate tat puraţa-vara-vapur lokitum loka-śandam dīrgham nīlābja-netram tila-kusuma nasam ninditārddhendu-bhālam saumyam śubhrāmśu-dantam śata-dala-vadanam dīrgha-bāhum vareṇyam yatrāsau tatra śīghram kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatām kinkaro 'yam

8 Do I have a hope to ever see that beautiful golden personality who makes everything auspicious for the world? Do I have a hope to ever behold that tall figure once again, his blue lotus eyes, his nose that excels the charm of the Tila flower, his forehead that shames the half-moon, his graceful lotus face, his gleaming pearl-white teeth, his long arms extending to his knees? Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that great soul has gone, please swiftly take this servitor there.

gaurābde śūnya-bāṇānvita-nigamamite kṛṣṇa-pakṣe chaturthyāṁ pauṣe māse maghāyām amara-gaṇa-gurorvāsare vai niśānte dāso yo rādhikāyā atiśaya-dayito nitya-līlā-praviṣṭo yatrāsau tatra śīghraṁ kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatāṁ kiṅkaro 'yam

In the year of our Lord Gaurāṅga 450, in the month of Pauṣa, on the fourth day of the dark fortnight of the moon in the star of Maghā, at the closing of the night of Bṛhaspativara (5.30 a.m., 1st January, 1937), that most beloved attendant of Śrīmatī Vṛṣabhānunandinī entered into the eternal Pastimes. Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever that great soul may be, quickly take this servitor there to him.

hā-hā-kārair-janānām guru-charaṇa-juṣām pūritābhūr-nabhaś cha yāto 'sau kutra viśvam prabhupada-virahāddhanta śūnyāyitam me pādābje nitya-bhṛtyaḥ kṣaṇam api viraham notsahe soḍhum atra yatrāsau tatra śīghram kṛpaṇa-nayana he nīyatām kinkaro 'yam

The entire earth and skies were filled with the cries of anguish of the people, and of the disciples devoted to the service of Śrī Gurudeva's lotus feet. Where has that Great Master gone? Alas! today the whole universe seems empty, in the separation of Prabhupād. The servitor of Gurudeva cannot endure even a moment of his separation. Oh Dīna-nayana, wherever, wherever that great soul may be, please quickly take this servitor there to him.

rīmad Rūpa-pada-rajaḥ Prārthanā Daśakam

Aspiring for the Dust of Śrīmad Rūpa Goswāmī's Lotus Feet by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

śrīmach-chaitanyapādau chara-kamalayugau netra-bhṛṅgau madhu dyau gauḍe tau pāyayantau vraja-vipina-gatau vyājayuktau samutkau bhātau sabhrātṛkasya svajana-gaṇa-pater yasya saubhāgya-bhūmnaḥ sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte

1 Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī is the mine of the most precious treasure, the leader of the associates of Lord Chaitanya (the Divine Succession being known as the Rūpānuga-sampradāya, 'the followers of Śrī Rūpa'). In the company of his brothers, he was resplendent in (the province of) Gauḍa, causing the fervent twin bumblebees in the form of the lotus eyes of Śrī Chaitanyadev to drink nectar, as the Lord's lotus feet moved on the pretext of visiting Vṛndāvan. When will that Śrīmad Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy feet?

pīta-śrī-gaura-pādāmbuja-madhu-madironmatta-hṛd-bhṛṅga-rājo rājyaiśvaryyaṁ jahau yo jana-nivahahitādatta-chitto nijāgryam vijñāpya svānujena vraja-gamana-rataṁ chānvagāt gaurachandraṁ sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte

2 At Śrī Rāmakeli Dhām, the king of bees—the heart of Śrī Rūpa—became intoxicated drinking the honey-wine of the lotus feet of Śrī Gaurachandra, and sacrificed its life (in Hari-kīrttan) for the benefit

of all the people of the world, summarily abandoning a life of kingly opulence. After informing his elder brother Śrī Sanātan, Śrī Rūpa and his younger brother Śrī Vallabha followed the footsteps of Śrī Chaitanyadev, whose heart was absorbed in going (from Nīlāchala) to Śrī Vṛndāvan. When will that Śrī Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy lotus feet?

vṛndāraṇyāt prayāge hari-rasa-naṭanair nāma-saṅkīrttanaiś cha lebhe yo mādhavāgre jana-gahana-gataṁ prema-mattaṁ janāṁś cha bhāvaiḥ svair mādayantaṁ hṛta-nidhir iva taṁ kṛṣṇa-chaitanyachandraṁ sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte

Śrī Chaitanyadev returned from Vṛndāvan to Prayāga Dhām and performed Nāma-saṅkīrttan, surrounded by crowds of hundreds of thousands. Intoxicated with divine love, dancing, He melted the hearts of hundreds of faithful souls with His astonishing transcendental ecstasies. Śrī Rūpa, as though regaining his most precious treasure, thus found Śrī Chaitanyadev in the direct presence of the Deity Śrī Bindu Mādhava. When will that Śrī Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy lotus feet?

ekāntam labdha-pādāmbuja-nija-hṛdayapreṣṭha-pātro mahārttir dainyair-duḥkhāśru-pūrṇair daśana-dhṛtatṛṇaiḥ pūjayāmāsa gauram svāntaḥ kṛṣṇañ cha gaṅgā-dinamaṇi-tanayāsaṅgame sānujo yaḥ sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte

4 At the sacred spot on the confluence of the Gangā and the Yamunā, Śrī Rūpa achieved intimate union with the lotus feet of the dearmost Lord of his life—the Lord who is Krishna within and Gaura without. In grave humility, with straw in mouth and with tears of sorrow, he along with his younger brother worshipped Śrī Gaura-Krishna in intense love. When will that Śrī Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy lotus feet?

svasya prema-svarūpam priya-dayitavilāsānurūpaika-rūpam dūre bhū-lunthitam yam sahaja-sumadhuraśrīyutam sānujan cha dṛṣṭvā devo 'titūrṇam stuti-bahu-mukham āśliṣya gāḍham raranje sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā mām nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitam samvidhatte

5 Śrī Chaitanyadev saw Śrī Rūpa and his younger brother rolling on the ground some distance away. Seeing His endeared one, His favourite, His love divine personified in natural beauty and charm, His exclusive alter ego in divine Pastimes, the Lord swiftly approached Śrī Rūpa, profusely singing his glories, and embraced him in ecstasy. When will that Śrī Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy lotus feet?

kaivalya-prema-bhūmāv-akhila-rasa-sudhāsindhu-sañchāra-dakṣaṁ jñātvāpy evañ cha rādhā-pada-bhajanasudhāṁ līlayāpāyayad yam śaktiṁ sañchāryya gauro nija-bhajana-sudhādāna-dakṣaṁ chakāra sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte

Śrī Gaurahari knew that (as an eternal associate of the Lord) Śrī Rūpa was already proficient in wandering through-out the ambrosial ocean of all mellows, in the land of unalloyed love (in Braja-rāsa). Nonetheless, to expand His own Pastimes, the Lord enabled him to drink the sweet ecstasy of servitude unto Śrī Rādhā, and empowered him with the skill to distribute the nectar of His personal devotional service. When will that Śrīmad Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his lotus feet?

gaurādeśāch cha vṛndā-vipinam iha parikramya nīlāchalaṁ yo gatvā kāvyāmṛtaiḥ svair vraja-yuva-yugalakrīḍanārthaiḥ prakāmam

rāmānanda-svarūpādibhir api kavibhis tarpayāmāsa gauram sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā mām nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitam samvidhatte

When on the order of Śrī Gaurāṅga, Śrī Rūpa visited Śrī Puruṣottama Kṣetra after completing the circumambulation of Śrī Vraja Maṇḍala, He highly gratified Śrī Chaitanyadev and the sagacious devotee assembly headed by Śrī Svarūp Dāmodar and Śrī Rāmānanda Rāya by his ambrosial poetry on the Pastimes of the Divine Couple of Vraja. When will that Śrīmad Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his lotus feet?

līlā-samgopane śrī-bhagavata iha vai jangame sthāvare 'pi sammugdhe sāgrajātaḥ prabhu-viraha-hṛtaprāya-jīvendriyāṇām yaś chāsīd āśrayaika-sthalam iva raghugopāla-jīvādi-varge sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā mām nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitam samvidhatte

When the manifest *līlā* of the Supreme Lord Śrī Chaitanyadev was withdrawn, all beings including the immobile entities were mortified, deeply afflicted in sorrow. Śrī Rūpa and his elder brother were the only shelter for even the intimate devotees of the Lord, headed by Raghunāth, Gopal Bhaṭṭa, and Śrī Jīva, who had almost lost their lives in the Lord's separation. When will that Śrīmad Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his lotus feet?

śrī-mūrtteḥ sādhu-vṛtteḥ prakaṭanam api tal-lupta-tīrthādikānāṁ śrī-rādhā-kṛṣṇa-pādāmbuja-bhajanamayaṁ rāga-mārgaṁ viśuddham granthair yena pradattaṁ nikhilam iha nijābhīṣṭa-devepsitañ cha sa śrī rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte 9 By writing many, many books, he gave the world all the most cherished desires of his worshipful Lord Śrī Chaitanyadev, principally—revealing the service of the Deity, establishing the pure code of conduct in devotion, revealing the lost holy places, and revealing the path of spontaneous devotion (*Rāga-mārga*) in transcendental loving service to Śrī Rādhā-Govinda. When will that Śrīmad Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy lotus feet?

līlā-saṁgopa-kāle nirupadhi-karuṇākāriṇā svāmināhaṁ yat pādābje 'rpito yat pada-bhajanamayaṁ gāyayitvā tu gītam yogyāyogyatva-bhāvaṁ mama khalu sakalaṁ duṣṭa-buddher agṛhṇan sa śrī-rūpaḥ kadā māṁ nija-pada-rajasā bhūṣitaṁ saṁvidhatte

Just prior to the withdrawal of his manifest *līlā*, my causelessly merciful Divine Master, Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur, handed me over to the holy feet of that Divine Personality by having me sing the glorious prayer unto his lotus feet (Śrī Rūpa-mañjarī-pada). Despite my lowliness, when will—disregarding all my various qualifications and disqualifications—Śrīmad Rūpa Prabhu grace me with the dust of his holy lotus feet?

Fīman Nityānanda Dvādaśakam

12 Prayers revealing the ontological position, and Pastimes of Lord Nityānanda. by Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

yo 'nanto 'nanta-vaktrair niravadhi
hari-samkīrttanam samvidhatte
yo vā dhatte dharitrīm śirasi
niravadhi kṣudra-dhūlī kaṇeva
yaḥ śeśaś-chatra-śayyāsana-vasanavidhaiḥ sevate te yad-arthāḥ
śrī-nityānanda-chandram bhaja bhaja satatam
gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradam tam

Lord Nityānanda's representation as Ananta Śeṣa posseses unlimited mouths which propagate and glorify Lord Hari's Holy Names and attributes. Ananta Śeṣa constantly holds the weight of the Earth planet upon His innumerable hoods as if it were an insignificant particle of dust. Ananta Śeṣa serves the Lord in several ways, manifesting Himself as the Lord's personal umbrella, resting place, and clothing. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

amśair yaḥ kṣīraśāyī sakala bhuvanapaḥ sarvva jīvāntarastho yo vā garbhodaśāyī-daśa-śata-vadano veda-sūktair vigītaḥ bramāṇḍāśeṣa garbhā prakṛti-pati-patir jīva-saṅghāśrayāṅgaḥ śrī nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam

Lord Nityānanda's partial manifestation as Kśīrodakaśāyī Viṣṇu functions as the preservation principle of the entire universal creation, and is localized within every soul (*paramātma*). Another eminent

expansion of Lord Nityānanda is Garbhodaśāyī Viṣṇu, that all-imposing figure whose thousands of heads are eulogized in the *Vedic* orations. Lord Nityānanda's presence is further extended in His expansion as Kāraṇodaśāyī Viṣṇu, the supplying principle encompassing unlimited universes. Lord Nityānanda is the master of the Lord of material nature, Kāraṇodaśāyī Viṣṇu, who is the shelter of all living entities. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

yasyāmśo vyuha-madhye vilasati paramavyomni samkarṣaṇākhya ātanvan śuddha-sattvam nikhila-hari-sukham chetanam līlayā cha jīvāhankāra-bhāvāspada iti kathitaḥ kutrachij-jīvavad yaḥ śrī-nityānanda-chandram bhaja bhaja satatam gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradam tam

Lord Nityānanda's presence is further extended within the spiritual abode of Vaikuṇṭha in His partial manifestation known as Saṅkarṣaṇa. In Vaikuṇṭha, Lord Saṅkarṣaṇa performs spiritual Pastimes which are fully transcendental, situated in pure goodness, and all-pleasing to Lord Hari. As mentioned in the revealed scriptures, Lord Nityānanda is the individual temperament of ego existing within the living entity, and He sometimes appears just like an ordinary living entity. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

yaśchādi vyuha-madhye prabhavati sagaņo mūla-saṅkarṣaṇākhyo dvārāvatyāṁ tad-ūrddhe madhupuri vasati prābhavākhyo vilāsaḥ sarvvāṁśī rāma-nāmā vrajapuri ramate sānujo yaḥ svarūpe śrī-nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam 4 Lord Nityānanda who is the fountainhead of the primary Saṅkarṣaṇa, exists in full splendour separate from the original quadruple expansion, and is known as Mūla Saṅkarṣaṇa. That all-attractive personality, Śrī Saṅkarṣaṇa, performs His wonderful Pastimes in the spiritual realm in the regions known as Mathurā and Dvārakā. The trascendental city of Dvārakā is situated just below the city of Mathurā. It is in these spiritual places that Lord Saṅkarṣaṇa and His associates Anirudhha and Pradyumna exhibit Their particular Pastimes scripturally known as *prabhāva-vilāsaḥ*. Nityānanda Prabhu in the form of Lord Balarāma is the ultimate source of all incarnations, and sportively plays in the charming village of Vrajapura with His younger brother Lord Krishna. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

śrī-kṛṣṇa-premanāmā parama-sukhamayaḥ ko'pyachintyaḥ padārtho yad gandhāt sajjanaughā nigama-baṅhumataṁ mokṣam apy ākṣipanti kaivalyaiśvaryya-sevā-pradagaṇa iti yasyāṅgataḥ premadātuḥ śrī nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam

Pure unalloyed love for Lord Krishna, which is inconceivable to all, embodies the most supreme and intense happiness. When the devotees of the Lord realize the joy of such love, they caste away the innumerable doctrines offered by the Vedas, including the soul's emancipation. Lord Nityānanda openly bestows pure love, automatically including worship of the non-differentiated Brahman and service offered in Vaikuṇṭha, which is dominated by opulence and grandeur. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

yo bālye līlayaikaḥ parama-madhurayā chaikachakrānagaryyāṁ mātā-pitror janānā matha nija-suhṛdāṁ hlādayaṁś chitta-chakram

tīrthān vabhrāma sarvvānupahṛta janako nyāsinā prārthitaś cha śrī-nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam

When Nityānanda Prabhu was a small boy, He performed sweet and charming Pastimes in the village of Ekachakra. His Pastimes invoked the deepest heartfelt happiness in His mother, father, relatives, and close friends. Once, a renunciate arrived at the house of Nityānanda and prayed to the boy's father for his son. Lord Nityānanda was placed in the hands of the renunciate and left to visit the holy places of pilgrimage, wandering throughout the length and breadth of India. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

bhrāmam bhrāman cha tīrthān yati-mukuṭamaṇi mādhavendra prasaṅgāt labdhollāsaḥ pratikṣya prakaṭita charitam gauradhāmājagāma śrī-gauraḥ śrīnivāsādibhir api yamāvāpālaye nandanasya śrī nityānanda-chandram bhaja bhaja satatam gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradam tam

7 Nityānanda travelled from place to place with the crest jewel of the renounced order, Śrī Mādhavendra Purī. In the pure association of Mādhavendra Purī, Lord Nityānanda experienced the most joyful symptoms of ecstasy. After this, the Lord journeyed to Nabadwīp, where He eagerly waited for Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu to reveal His benevolent nature to the world. Shortly following Nityānanda's arrival. Lord Chaitanyadeva Himself, in the company of Śrīnivās Paṇḍit and Haridās Ṭhākur, went to the house of Śrī Nandanāchāryya and found Nitāi there. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

prāptājño gaura-chandrādakhilajana gaņoddhāra-nāma-pradāne yaḥ prāpya dvau surāpau kalikaluṣa-hatau bhrātarau brahma-daityau

gāḍha-prema prakāśaiḥ kṛta-rudhira-vapuś chāpi tāv-ujjahāra śrī-nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam

8 Nityānanda Prabhu was ordered by the golden moon, Śrīman Mahāprabhu, to deliver the masses by the wide distribution of Lord Krishna's Holy Names. One evening, Lord Nityānanda encountered those two drunken and sinful brothers, Jagāi and Mādhāi, who were previously brahma-daitya demons of the first order, acting under the devastating spell of Kali-yuga. Suddenly, Nitāi was attacked by Mādhāi, whereupon His body became smeared with blood. In response, Lord Nitāi exhibited deep affection for the welfare of the two brothers and rescued them from their abominable condition. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

sākṣād-gauro gaṇānāṁ śirasi yad avadhūtasya kaupīna-khaṇḍaṁ saṁdharttuñ chādideśāsava yavana vadhū spṛṣṭa-dṛṣṭo 'pi vandyaḥ brahmādyānām apīti prabhu-parihṛtakānām api sveṣṭa-pīṭaḥ śrī-nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam

9 Lord Gaurāṅga instructed His family members and followers to wear pieces of Lord Nityānanda's *kaupīna* respectfully on their bodies. So pure and impeccable is the character of Nitāi that even if He is seen holding the hand of a Yavana's wife and carrying a bottle of wine, nonetheless He remains supremely worshippable by the great demigods such as Lord Brahmā. Lord Nityānanda is also the desirable object of those exalted devotees who can steal away the heart of the Lord. Let us eternally worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

uddharttum jñāna-karmmādy-apahata-charitān gaura-chandro yad āsau nyāsam kṛtvā tu māyā mṛgamanusṛtavān grāhayan kṛṣṇa-nāma tach-chāyevānvadhāvat sthala-jala-gahane yo 'pi tasyeṣṭa-cheṣṭaḥ śrī nityānanda-chandram bhaja bhaja satatam gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradam tam

Accepting the renounced order of life and distributing the Lord's Holy Names, Lord Gaurāṅga chased after those souls who had been spoiled by the doctrines of dry argumentative logic and motivated fruitive activity. Like Lord Gaurāṅga's own shadow, Nitāi Prabhu accompanied the Lord over land and through rivers, waterways, and jungles. In addition, Lord Nityānanda is the desired goal of all Gaurāṅga's endeavours. Let us eternally worship that grand personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who can freely grant the association of that golden Lord Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

śrī-rādhā-prema-lubdho divasa-niśitadāsvāda-mattaika līlo gauro yañ-chādideśa svaparikara-vṛtaṁ kṛṣṇa-nāma pradātum gauḍe 'bādhaṁ dadau yaḥ subhaga-gaṇadhanaṁ gaura-nāma-prakāmaṁ śrī-nityānanda-chandraṁ bhaja bhaja satataṁ gaura-kṛṣṇa-pradaṁ tam

Day and night Lord Chaitanya was intoxicated with the intense desire to taste the sweetness of Śrī Rādhikā's divine love for Krishna. Śrīman Mahāprabhu instructed Lord Nityānanda and His associates to go out and profusely distribute the Holy Names of Lord Krishna. However, Lord Nityānanda instead plentifully distributed Lord Gaurāṅga's Name, the most precious fortune available to the living entities, with no impediment at all. Let us worship that great personality Śrī Nityānanda-chandra, who freely grants the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva, who is none other than Lord Krishna.

śrī-rādhā-kṛṣṇa-līlā-rasa-madhurasudhāsvāda-śuddhaika-mūrttau gaure śraddhāṁ dṛḍhāṁ bho prabhu-parikarasamrāṭ prayachchādhame 'smin ullaṅghyāṅghriṁ hi yasyākhila-bhajana-kathā svapnavach chaiva mithyā śrī-nityānanda-chandraṁ patita-śaraṇa-daṁ gaura-daṁ taṁ bhaje 'ham

O Nityānanda Prabhu, emperor amidst the personal associates of Śrīman Mahāprabhu! Kindly grant this fallen soul deep and resolute faith in that pure and divine figure of Śrī Gaurāṅga. Lord Gaurāṅga's personality exclusively embodies the sweet nectar relished deep within the devotional mellows of Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Krishna's Pastimes. But if Your lotus feet are over-looked, than all so-called devotional orations and prayers meant for the highest worship become false, like a dream. I worship You, that great personality Nityānanda-chandra, who openly bestows shelter to the most fallen souls, freely granting the association of Śrī Gaurāṅgadeva.





to Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

śrī-svarūpa-rāya-rūpa jīva-bhāva-sambharam varņa-dharma-nirviśeṣa-sarvaloka-nistaram śrī-sarasvatī-priyañ cha bhakti-sundarāśrayam śrīdharam namāmi bhakti-rakṣakam jagad-gurum

sindhu-chandra-parvatendu-śāka-janma-līlanam śuddha-dīpta-rāga-bhakti-gauravānuśīlanam bindu-chandra-ratna-soma-śāka-lochanāntaram śrīdharaṁ namāmi bhakti-rakṣakaṁ jagad-gurum

I offer my humble obeisances unto the Guru of the entire world, Om Viṣṇupād Śrī Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj, who carries the conception of Śrī Swarūp Damodār, Śrī Rāmānanda Rāya, Śrī Rūpa Goswāmī and Śrī Jīva Goswāmī; who delivers everyone irrespective of caste or creed; who is the most beloved of Śrīla Bhakti Siddhānta Saraswatī Goswāmī Prabhupād; and who is the abode of Transcendental Loving Service (the only shelter of Śrī Bhakti Sundar Govinda).

I offer my humble obeisances unto the Guru of the entire world, Oṁ Viṣṇupād Śrī Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj, who revealed the Pastimes of his Holy Advent in the world in the year 1817 Saka era (1895 A.D.); who constantly practices the wealth of Pure Loving Devotion in Divine Consorthood; and who disappeared from our eyes in the year 1910 Saka era (1988 A.D.).

kanaka suruchi rāngam sundaram saumya-mūrttim vibudha-kula-vareņyam śrī-gurum siddhi-pūrttim taruņa-tapana-vāsam bhaktidan chid-vilāsam bhaja bhaja tu mano re śrīdharam śambidhānam

Oh my dear mind! Please engage yourself eternally in the worship of Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj, who has manifested his form as Śrī Gurudeva; who is the giver of all perfection; whose charming golden form is beautifully reposed with sweetness and tranquility, dressed in radiant saffron robes, he is rich with perfect devotional conceptions, highly learned and preeminent among the followers of Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur.



Ten Prayers in glorification of Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

naumi śrī-guru-pādābjam, yatirājeśvareśvaram śrī-bhaktirakṣakam śrīla-śrīdhara-svāminam sadā

1 I eternally offer my humble obeisances unto the lotus feet of my Most Worshipful Divine Master, the Supreme Emperor of the Sannyāsī Kings- Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Swāmī.

sudīrghonnata-dīptāngam, supībya-vapuṣam param tridanda-tulasīmālā-, gopīchandana-bhūṣitam

achintya-pratibhā-snigdham, divyajñāna-prabhākaram vedādi-sarvvaśāstrānām, sāmañjasya-vidhāyakam

gaudīyāchāryya-ratnānām, ujjvalam ratna-kaustubham śrī-chaitanya-mahāpremon-, mattālīnām śiromaņim

2-4 He possesses a lofty, dignified, divinely effulgent, incomparable holy form, so charming to behold. Adorned with Gopīchandan and a necklace of Tulasī beads, he holds the triple staff of the Vaiṣṇava ascetics.

Although he possesses the qualification of inconceivable potency, he is full of the utmost affection. All the ten directions are illuminated by the effulgence of his supramundane unalloyed perception. He is the dispenser of the genuine proper harmonious adjustment of all the scriptures - the *Vedas*, the *Vedānta*, the *Upaniṣads*, the *Purāṇas*, etc. headed by the *Śrīmad-Bhāgavata-Purāṇa* (*Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam*) which holds equal importance with the *Vedas*.

In the necklace of the jewels of Āchāryyas in the Śrī Gauḍīya Sampradāya he shines resplendently like the brilliant Kaustubha gem, and he is radiant in his glory as the Crown-jewel of the bumblebee-devotees who are mad in the Supreme Lord Śrī Chaitanya Mahāprabhu's love supreme. I eternally offer my obeisances unto him, my Most Worshipful Divine Master.

gāyatry-artha-vinirjyāsam, gītā-gūḍhārtha-gauravam stotraratnādi-samṛddham, prapanna-jīvanāmṛtam

apūrvagrantha-sambhāram, bhaktānām hṛd-rasāyanam kṛpayā yena dattam tam, naumi kāruṇya-sundaram

5-6 By his grace, he brought to full bloom the deepest underlying purport of Gāyatrī, the Mother of the *Vedas*; by his grace he opened the hidden treasure-house of the glorious internal purport of Śrīmad Bhagavad-gītā - and he distributed these gifts to one and all, even the lowest of the low. He revealed the supreme holy book (Śrī Prapanna-jīvanāmṛtam, which is a treasure of many types of precious gems of holy stanzas (the wealth of holy stanzas compiled from *Stotraratna* by Śrī Yamunāchārya and many other valuable sources) sung by the Lord and His devotees; he revealed an unprecedented collection of holy books (*Search for Śrī Krishna— Reality the Beautiful, Śrī Guru and His Grace, The Golden Volcano of Divine Love*, etc.) that are the very lifenectar for the devotee's hearts and spiritual senses— he gave these gifts to the world. I eternally offer my obeisances unto him, my Most Worshipful Divine Master, the beautiful Deity of mercy incarnate.

sankīrttana-mahārāsarasabdheś chandramānibham sambhāti vitaran viśve gaura-kṛṣṇam gaṇaiḥ saha

He revels in his full-blown splendour as along with and through his intimate servitors he distributes in the entire universe the Supreme Lord Śrī Gaura-Krishna, the moon risen from the nectar ocean of the Grand Dance of the congregational chanting of Śrī Krishna's Holy Name.

dhāmani śrī-navadvīpe, guptagovardhane śubhe viśvaviśruta-chaitanya-, sārasvata-maṭhottamam

sthāpayitvā gurūn gaura-, rādhā-govindavigrahān prakāśayati chātmānam, sevā-samsiddhi-vigrahan

gaura-śrīrūpa-siddhānta-, divya-dhārādharam gurum śrī-bhakti-rakṣakam devam, śrīdharam praṇamāmy aham

8-10 In Śrī Nabadwīp Dhām, which is nondifferent from the holy abode of Śrī Vṛndāvan, His Divine Grace established the world-renowned Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh at Śrī Koladwīp, the selfsame 'Hidden Govardhan Hill' (Gupta-Govardhan), which is the sacred place where all offenses are absolved (*Aparādha-bhañjana-pāṭ*). There, he revealed the beautiful devotional service of the Worshipful Deities Śrī Śrī Guru-Gaurāṅga-Gāndharvā- Govindasundar, divinely manifesting his very self as the Deity of service in perfection. Eternally do I offer my obeisances unto the holy lotus feet of my Divine Master Śrīla Bhakti Rakṣak Śrīdhar Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj who carries the divine current of Śrīla Bhakti Siddhānta Saraswatī coming in the line of Śrī Rūpa, the object of Śrī Gaurāṅga Mahāprabhu's divine affection.

śraddhayā yaḥ paṭhen nityaṁ, praṇati-daśakam mudā viśate rāgamārgeṣu, tasya bhakta-prasādataḥ

One who with pure faith happily sings this *Praṇati-daśakam* every day, gains the qualification to serve the Supreme Lord on the path of spontaneous love (*Rāga-marga*), by the grace of the associate-servitors of that Śrīla Gurudeva.



to Śrīla Bhakti Nirmal Āchārya Mahārāj Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

prerakam prāchya pāśchātya śiṣyānām bhakti-vartmaṇi bhakti-nirmalamāchāryya svāminam pranamāmyaham

I offer my respects to Swāmī Bhakti Nirmal Āchāryya, who is energetically inspiring all of the Eastern and Western disciples on the path of pure devotion.

Srī Govinda Kuṇḍa Māhātmya

The Glories of Śrī Govinda Kuṇḍa Śrī Girirāj-khaṇḍam – Śrī Garga-saṁhitā

atha govardhane ramye surabhi gauḥ samudrajā snāpayā māsa gopeśam dugdha dhārābhi rātnanaḥ surabhe dugdha dhārābhi govinda snānato nṛpa jāto govinda kuṇḍohadrau mahāpāpaharaḥ paraḥ kadā chittasmin dugdhasya svādutvam prati padyate tatra snātvā naraḥ sākṣād govinda padamāpnuyāt govinda kuṇḍe viśade yaḥ snāti kṛṣṇa-mānasaḥ prāpnoti kṛṣṇa-sārūpyam maithilendra na samśayaḥ

Bengali verse illumination by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

samudra-sambhavā gābhī surabhī āpana dugdhe abhiṣeka koilo brajendra-nandana

1 Surabhī, the divine cow who appeared from churning the milk ocean, lovingly bathed Brajendra Nandan Krishna with her own milk.

sei dugdhe pūrņa kuṇḍa 'śrī govinda' nāma ramya giri govardhane śobhe abhirāma

The pond filled with that milk, "Śrī Govinda Kuṇḍa," graces beautiful Govardhan with exquisite beauty.

kuṇḍabāri mahāpāpahārī se chinmoya snāne pāne bhavabhaya tritāpa nāśaya

3 The transcendental water of this Kuṇḍa can banish even the greatest sins. The threefold miseries—ādhyātmic, ādhidaivic and ādhibhautic—and all fears of this material world are destroyed by bathing in or drinking this water.

bahu-bhāgye keho sei dugdhāsvāda pāya chidānanda-deho labhi kṛṣṇa-loke jāya

4 Sometimes, by great fortune, someone will get to taste the water of Govinda Kuṇḍa as that milk, attain a transcendental form, and go to Krishna-loka.

śrī kṛṣṇa-mānase jebā kore hethā snāna gupta-govardhane rādhā-kṛṣṇa-sevā pāna

5 Anyone who bathes in Śrī Govinda Kuṇḍa, desiring to serve Krishna, attains divine service of Śrī Śrī Rādhā-Krishna in Gupta Govardhan (hidden Govardhan).



Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

devādidevam-ahibhūṣaṇam-indukāśaṁ panchānanaṁ paśupatiṁ varadaṁ prasannam gaṅgādharaṁ praṇatapālakamāśutoṣaṁ vande sadāśiva-haripriya-chandramaulim

The chief of the Demigods, whose body is decorated by snakes, whose body shines like the moon, who has five heads, who carries his weapon known as Paśupat, who gives boons, who is of satisfied nature, who holds the Gaṅgā on his head, who maintains those who give obeisance to him, who is easily pleased — I offer my obeisances to Sadāśiva who is dear to Hari, and whose crown is the moon.



Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

bhāgyādhīśa! tvadīyo bimala-sukhamayaḥ samprakāśastu-nityo gauḍaṁ rāḍhaṁ tathedaṁ tribhūvanam-akhilaṁ dhanya-dhanyan chakāra khaṇḍe kāle dṛśāṁ no gagaṇa-rasamitaṁ pūrayitvā budhānā– mānandaṁ barddhayan vai sva-parijana-gaṇairdhāmani tvaṁ vibhāsi

O Fortune-maker! Divine Master! Your unalloyed blissful appearance is eternal. The people of Gauḍa, Rāḍha and all the universe speak of your virtuous and auspicious appearance. Time appears to stand still at your appearance, as the sky is filled with your wonderful qualities. Your manifestation gives joy to all the saintly persons and that joy increases unlimitedly due to the illumination of the Holy Dhām by you, along with your divine associates.

devādyāste 'khila guṇa-gaṇānnaiva gātuṁ samarthāḥ kvāhaṁ jīvo 'tiśaya-patito manda-bhāgyo 'ti kṣudraḥ bho ārādhya! stavana-viṣaye kintu dīnādhamasya pratyāśā tat-sukaruṇatayā vīrachandrābhidastvam

Even gods and goddesses are unable to sing your praiseworthy qualities and attributes. Where am I!? A very fallen soul, an unfortunate and tiny living entity. O adorable, venerable Gurudeva! Your blessings and mercy can raise me to sing with expectation, as you are non-different from Birachandra Prabhu.

dṛṣṭvā viśvasya jīvān khalu hari-vimukhān gaura-devo dayāyā rūpam gauḍe bhavastam parama-karuṇayā prāhinod- dīna bandho! etaj jñātvā prakāśāt sudina-samudayam smāramāśāḥ saharṣā jayante chaiva māyā-nigaḍa-nikara-sammochane 'smakamaddhā

To observe the people of the universe that are averse to Śrī Hari, the Lord, Śrī Gaurahari mercifully sent you to Śrī Rūpa's own Gauḍa *deśa* as their protector and guardian. By the remembrance of your auspicious appearance day we can cut the bondage of Māyā, the nescience of material ignorance.

yadvad-bhānuḥ kiraṇa-nikarairbhāsayan viśvam etan nāśaṁ kṛtvā nikhila-tamasāṁ tejasā saṁvibhāti kṛtvā nāśaṁ prakṛti-tamasāṁ satya-sūryyaṁ prakāśya divya-jñānair-hari-guṇa-gaṇais tvan cha tadvad-vibhāsi

As the sun eradicates all the darkness of the universe by spreading its rays and shining forth, similarly you are shining and eradicating the darkness of Māyā as the true sun of divine knowledge, full of the all-powerful qualities of Śrī Hari.

duḥkhaiḥ pūrṇaṁ vibudha-hṛdayaṁ kāla-dharmmāch cha dṛṣṭvā māyāvādān kalijakumatān duṣkṛtān śāsitun cha deśe deśe bhramasi vitaran gaura-vāṇīn cha nāma dhṛtvā deva! tribhuvana-jayaṁ vajra-kalpaṁ tridaṇḍam

5 Oh my Lord! Taking the thunder-like mendicant's (sannyasī's) triple staff (tridaṇḍa) and conquering the universe, you travelled from place to place distributing the teachings of Gaurāṅga (Gaura-vāṇī) to please the saddened hearts of the intelligentsia and to destroy the impersonalist conceptions and demoniac ideas that have grown by the influence of the age of Kali.

varṣāyām vai sajala-jalado
vādayan mandrabherim
yadyad viśve bhramati bahudhā
vāridhārān cha varṣan
tadvad-bhūmau bhramasi sagaṇairghoṣayan gaura-gāthā
nityam divyāmṛta-sukaruṇām
tvam hi deva! pravarṣan

In the rainy season, the clouds filled with water move through the sky with a thunderous sound and shower their rains. Similarly you shower your merciful divine rains as you travel throughout this universe. Your travelling throughout the earth, along with your associates, is like the rumble of thunder as you distribute the glories of Lord Gaurāṅga. Oh my Lord, in this way you eternally shower supremely merciful nectar over all.

śrī-chaitanya-vilāsa-dhāmani navadvīpāśrame sundare śrī-gaurāṅga-vidhos-tathā braja yunoḥ sevā-sudhā-sampadam tadvan gāṅga-taṭe dayāmaya-vibho! sadhūn samāhlā-dayan śrī-rūpānuga-sampradāya-vibhavānud bhāsayan bhāsase

At Nabadwīp, the manifestation place of Śrī Chaitanya, on the banks of the Ganges River, you built a beautiful hermitage filled with the wealth of the conception of Śrī Gaurachandra, the worship of the youthful son of Braja, Śrī Govindasundar. Oh merciful Lord! Here you adore the saintly devotees and give them joy by perfectly explaining the supreme teachings of Śrī Rūpa, appearing personally to give this merciful current of divinity as his full representative.

chārvvākānta-kṛtāntako 'khila guruḥ pāṣaṇḍa-śailāśanir bauddha-dhvānta-matānta-dāyaka mahāmārttaṇḍa-chūḍāmaṇiḥ māyāvāda-mahāvivarttagahaṇāj-jīvān samuddhā-vayan śrī-gaurendu-jaya-dhvajo vijayate svāmin bhavān nityaśaḥ

You are the divine master and protector of all by destroying the philosophy of Charvak Rishi; you are a stone-like weapon to the miscreants of this world; you are like the bright sun to the darkness of Buddhism and you protect the souls of this world from the horrible hole of impersonalist thought (māyāvāda); and you fly the victory flag of Śrī Gaurachandra or you are the victory flag for Śrī Gaurendu (the poet).

śrī-gaurāṅga-sarasvatī-dhunidhara! śrī-bhakti-saṁrak-ṣaka! śrī-siddhānta-sarasvatī priyavara! nyāsīśvara! śrī-guro! devādyeha! bhavat-śubhodayadine saṁprārthaye 'haṁ vibho! pādābje khalu nitya-bhṛtya iti me kāruṇyam-ātan-vatām

Oh my Lord! Oh divine guardian of the current of the teachings of Śrī Gaurāṅga coming through Śrīla Saraswatī Ṭhākur; who is the protector of pure devotion; who is the dearmost of Śrī Saraswatī Ṭhākur; you are the senior-most *sannyasī*; you are the great divine master. Oh my Lord! Today being your advent day this eternal servant of your lotus feets prays to always bathe in the shower of your mercy.



Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

nava-nalina-gañjitam kusuma-dala-maṇḍitam pāda-yugam-abhaya-varadānam kanaka-ghana-ninditam vapura-mara-vanditam naṭana-gati-gaurava-nidānam

bhaje śrīdhara-svāminam-aniśam śarada-vidhu-nindi-mukha- padma-mati-śobhanam gopī-tilaka-charchchita-subhālam

gamana-jita-vāraṇaṁ śamana-bhaya-tāraṇaṁ prakṛti-ruchi-nindi-kṛta-veśam prakṛti-ruchi-nambhrama-suveśam phulla-kara-pallavaṁ bhakta-jana-vallabhaṁ tuṅga-pṛthulaṁ hṛdaya-deśam

gaura-purața-saurabham kṛṣṇa-purața-gauravam vibudha-kula-padma-naliśam bhakta-kula-daṇḍanam bhaṇḍa-mata-khaṇḍanam bhakta-kula-nandana-yatīśam

tribhuvana-nivāsine kṛṣṇam-upadeśinam asura-kula-dāmbhika-kṛtāntam naumi budha-nāyakam parama-gati-dāyakam mama śaraṇa-maraṇa-gaṇa-chintyam

1-2 His two feet resemble fresh petals of a lotus flower and distribute fearless blessings; his divine glowing form puts to shame the glow of gold, and is glorified for its beautiful dancing by all the demigods; his lotus face is so charming it puts to shame the charm of the autumnal moon; his broad forehead is decorated with *gopī-chandan tilak*; I adore that Śrīdhara-deva Swāmī always.

- 3-4 He can put to an end our wandering in this material world; he can protect us from fear and death; his beautiful form dressed in saffron robes puts to shame the attraction and taste for mundane beauty; his hands like fresh blossoms distribute bliss; he is mutually beloved of the devotees; his heart is broad and strong; he preaches the glories of Śrī Govardhan; he spreads the sweet aroma of the abode of Śrī Kṛṣṇa; he punishes the deceivers and refutes their faulty conceptions thereby giving pleasure to the devotees and revealing himself as a preeminent *sannyāsi* preacher. I always adore that Śrīdhara-deva Swāmī.
- He is a death-sentence to arrogant, haughty demons; he is the saviour of everyone in all the three worlds for he distributes the teachings of Śrī Kṛṣṇa; he is pre-eminent amongst the learned, the most supreme merciful shelter, I adore that Śrīdhara-deva until my death.

Trī Gaurahari-Kusuma-Stavāṣṭakam

Eight Flower Offerings of Praise to Lord Gaurhari Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

guru-rūpa-virājita-nanda-sutam sutanūnnata-kāñchana-bhūmi-dharam dharaṇī-jana-tāraṇa-tuṅga-tarim bhaja gauraharim bhaja gauraharim

1 The son of Mahārāj Nanda, Svayaṁ-Bhagavān Śrī Kṛṣṇa, is now illustrious in His divine form of Śrī Guru. He is beautiful and highly exalted, bearing His golden Persona. (Or, He is beautiful and highly exalted within the golden land of His divine abode.) He is the eminent lifeboat that rescues the souls of this world. Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

vṛṣabhānu-sutā-dyuti-bhāva-vṛtaṁ vṛta-chitta-nijādbhuta-rūpa-madhum madhu-vibhrama-nāmada-śaśva-dariṁ bhaja gaurahariṁ bhaja gauraharim

Adorned with the heart and halo of Śrīmatī Rādhārāṇī (Vṛṣabhānu-sutā), having dived deeply into the reality of His own wonderful beauty and sweetness, He is sweetly intoxicated in the perpetual distribution of His own Holy Name. Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

uditākhila-gaurava-gauḍapuram puraṭojjvala-maṅgala-mūrtta-rasam rasanotsava-kīrttana-kṛṣṇa-harim bhaja gauraharim bhaja gauraharim

He manifested the full glory of Śrī Nabadwip Dhām, as He appeared in His radiant gold, all-auspicious form of divine ecstasy, ever engaged in Kṛṣṇa-kīrttan, which is a festival for the tongue. Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

nija-pārṣada-darśana-datta-śubhaṁ śubha-nāma-sudhā-kṛta-matta-janam janatāgha-hara-sthita-chitta-darim bhaja gaurahariṁ bhaja gauraharim

He gave the spiritually auspicious *darśan* of His eternal associates to the world (or, He gave His spiritually auspicious *darśan* to His eternal associates), He drove the masses of people mad with the nectar of His spiritually all-auspicious Name, vanquishing all sins from the core of their hearts. Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

dadatam satatam nija-nāma-dhanam dhana-māna na vai vanitām kavitām vitaran vraja-bhaktim-adatta-charīm bhaja gauraharim

He incessantly distributed the spiritual fortune of His own divine Name. He did not regard as fruitful the paths of endeavouring for material wealth, lusty material desires or grand material dreams as captured by poetry. He widely made available the fifth end of life which had never been given before in this world, the divine love for Kṛṣṇa found in the Lord's original divine abode of Goloka Vṛndāvan. Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

patitādhama-dīna-dayādra-hṛdam hṛdayāśrita-yāchaka-veśa-kṛtam kṛta-veṣa-yati-śrita-nīla-girim bhaja gauraharim bhaja gauraharim

He is the great benefactor whose heart is melted with compassion for the fallen and out of that feeling in His heart He accepted the dress of a beggar (the renounced order of life, *sannyās*). After accepting this dress He took shelter in Nīlāchala (Jagannāth Purī). Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

śruti-kīrttita-pūruṣa-rukṣma-ruchim ruchi-rāga-niṣevaṇa-dāna-param paramārtha-purāṇa-vigīta-harim bhaja gauraharim bhaja gauraharim

He is the resplendent golden Personality gloried by the Scriptures and saints; He is the greatest distributor of spontaneous loving divine service (pure transcendental attachment and service to the Lord free from all mundanity). He is the Lord whose glories are sung throughout the Scriptures describing transcendental knowledge (*Purāṇas*), (or, He is the Lord who takes away all apparent discord found within the *Purāṇas*' revelation of transcendental knowledge.) Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.

bahu-narttana-kīrttana-matta-karam karatāla-mṛdaṅga-vibhaṅga-param! paramādara-pāmara-śāntipurīṁ bhaja gaurahariṁ bhaja gauraharim

8 He performed greatly maddened dancing and chanting amidst the wonderful sounds of the *karatāla* and *mṛdaṅga* as He was shown great affection and honour by the fallen souls. He is the grand abode of divine peace of relief for one and all. Serve that Lord, Gaurahari, worship Gaurahari.



Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

mahā-bhaya śaṅkula e bhava taraṅginī janama-maraṇa mālā-dale niśi-diśi gatāgati kara tắhi jīva-kula mohita mahāmāyā bale

Filled with tremendous trepidation (*mahā-bhaya*), the *jīva-*souls are carried away by the waves of the ocean of material existence along the chain of birth and death, perpetually coming and going in all directions throughout the darkness of the confines of the illusory environment, captivated by the power of Mahāmāyā.

karabi ki mana abhāgiyā bhuvana-mohana-māyā kemane re utarabi labhibi kemane kānāiyā?

2 O Mind! What can you do about my great misfortune? Mahāmāyā bewilders the whole universe, how will you ever overcome her? How will you attain Kānāi-lāl—the youthful Kṛṣṇa of Goloka Vṛndāvan?

nija-rūpevitāri' tri-guṇa-jāle phāda rachi' tahi māhe gaṇikā pratiṣṭhā kanaka varāṅganā dāniyā āmiṣa sama sapitechhe kāla-kare dhṛṣṭā

In your own form you are trying to cross over the net of the three modes of material nature but in doing so they have bound you in a noose. You have treated Māyā like a prostitute. She has been feeding you *kanak*, *kāminī*, and *pratiṣṭha* just like meat and you have become immersed in the darkness of arrogance.

mana majhu vāta avadhāna soi dayālu prabhu charaṇa saroje mana dhana-tanu, sabahu dāna

4 O my mind, your attention is like the wind. Your real wealth will be found at the lotus feet of the all-merciful Lord, so give yourself completely there.

yakara māyā tachhu pade paraṇami leha śaraṇa hoi dīna svapaneha nā bhāviha taka charaṇa vinu dharama yukati samīchīna

Offer yourself to the lotus feet of the Lord who is the owner and controller of Māyā, taking shelter there in all humility. Do not even dream that without His lotus feet you can properly adjustment with the environment or practice spiritual life (*dhārma*).



to Śrīla A.C Bhaktivedānta Swāmī Mahārāj Prabhupād Composed by Śrīla Bhakti Sundar Govinda Dev-Goswāmī Mahārāj

namaḥ om viṣṇupādaya kṛṣṇa-preṣṭhāya bhūtale swāmī śrī bhaktivedānta prabhupādāya te namaḥ gurvajñaṁ śīrasi-dhṛtvā śaktyāveśa sva-rūpine hare-kṛṣṇeti mantreṇa pāśchatya-prāchya-tāriṇe viśvāchārya prabaryāya divya kāruṇya mūrtaye śrī bhāgavata-mādhurya-gīta-jñāna pradāyine gaura-śrī-rūpa-siddhānta-sarasvatī niṣevine rādhā-kṛṣṇa-padāmbhoja-bhṛṅgāya gurave namaḥ

I offer my humble obeisances unto His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedānta Swāmī Prabhupāda, who is Kṛṣṇa's beloved associate and who came down to this plane from Goloka. Taking the order of his guru on his head, he is the śaktyāveśa (empowered) avatār of Nityānanda Prabhu personified. He distributed the Hare Kṛṣṇa mantra all over the Eastern and Western world, delivering and uplifting all fallen souls. He is the best of millions of jagat-gurus, because he is the personification of divine mercy. He has distributed the sweet nectar and the transcendental Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam knowledge of Bhagavad-gītā all over the world. He is constantly engaged in exclusive devotional service to Śrīla Bhakti Siddhānta Saraswatī Ṭhākura, Śrīla Rūpa Goswāmī, and Śrī Gaurāṅga Mahāprabhu. I offer my humble obeisances unto Śrīla Prabhupāda, who is like a bumblebee always tasting the nectar of the lotus feet of Śrī Śrī Rādhā and Govinda.

he Daily Programme

at Śrī Chaitanya Sāraswat Maṭh, Nabadwīp

Morning Ārati

Ārati of Śrī Gangadhara Sadāśiva:

- · (ohe) vaisnava thākura (90)
- · mahāmantra kīrttan

Ārati of Śrī Gupta-Govardhan:

· jaya jaya girirājer ārati viśāla (32)

Śrīla Govinda Mahārāj's ārati at his Samādhi Mandir:

· jaya jaya gurudever ārati ujjvala (39)

Śrīla Guru Mahārāj's *ārati* at his Samādhi Mandir:

· jaya 'guru-mahārāja' jati rājeśvara (36)

Ārati of Śrī-Śrī Guru-Gaurāṅga-Gāndharvā-Govindasundarjīu:

- · kali-kukkura-kadana yadi chāo he (46)
- · jaśomatī-nandana braja-baro nāgara (48)
- · jay śachīnandana sura-muni-vandana (50)

Then *parikramā* of both Temples:

- · gurudeva! kṛpā-bindu diyā (52)
- · udilo aruņa pūraba-bhāge (53)
- · jīv jāgo jīv jāgo (55)

Then offering obeisances to Śrīmatī Tulasī Devī:

· vṛndāyai tulasī-devyai (20)

Followed by obeisances to the Vaiṣṇavas:

- · vāñchā-kalpatarubhyas' cha (17)
- · sakala vaisnava pada (21)

The devotees offer obeisances to Śrīla Govinda Mahārāj at his Samādhi Mandir; Śrīla Guru Mahārāj at his Samādhi Mandir; the Deities; Śrīmatī Gaṅgadevī and to Śrī Āchāryyadeva Śrīla Ācharyya Mahārāj. The mantra for paying obeisances to the Holy River Gaṅgadevī is:

sadya pātaka samhantri sadya duḥkha vināśinī sukhadā bhaktidā gaṅgā gaṅgeva paramāgati

Morning Kīrttan

Recitation of the Vandanā Prayers (9)

Followed by the songs:

- · samsāra-dāvānala-līdha-loka (56)
- · śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya-prabhu jīve doyā kori' (59)
- · bhaja re bhaja re āmār mana ati manda (61)
- · vibhāvarī śeşa āloka-praveśa (63)
- · thākura vaisnava-gaņa (66)

After the *bhajans* is a reading from *Śrī Chaitanya-bhāgavata* in Bengali. Closing with the song:

· hari haraye namah kṛṣṇa jādavāya namah (68)

Daily after morning *prasādam* is a class in English (or Spanish, etc.) held on Śrīla Guru Mahārāj's Samādhi Mandir.

Midday Ārati and Kīrttan

commences with the offering of bhoga while singing:

· bhaja bhakata-vatsala śrī-gaurahari (71)

Śrīla Govinda Mahārāj's ārati at his Samādhi Mandir:

· jaya jaya gurudever ārati ujjvala (39)

Followed by Śrīla Guru Mahārāj's ārati at his Samādhi Mandir:

· jaya 'guru-mahārāja' yati rājeśvara (36)

Then ārati of the Deities:

- · jaśomatī-nandana braja-baro nāgara (48)
- · jay śachīnandana sura-muni-vandana (50)

Before honouring *prasādam* the devotees chant (except on Ekādaśī days and other days when no grains are taken):

- · mahāprasāde govinde (74)
- · bhai re! śorīra abidyā-jal (75)

In the afternoon there is a reading from Śrīmad-Bhāgavatam in Bengali.

Evening Ārati:

Ārati of Śrī Gangadhara Sadāśiva:

· (ohe) vaisnava ţhākura (90)

Ārati of Śrī Gupta-Govardhan:

· jaya jaya girirājer ārati viśāla (32)

Śrīla Govinda Mahārāj's ārati at his Samādhi Mandir:

· jaya jaya gurudever ārati ujjvala (39)

Śrīla Guru Mahārāj's ārati at his Samādhi Mandir:

· jaya 'guru-mahārāja' yati rājeśvara (36)

Followed by *ārati* of Śrī-Śrī Guru-Gaurāṅga-Gāndharvā-Govindasundarjīu:

- · (kiba) jaya jaya gaurāchander ārotiko śobhā (77)
- · jayare jayare jaya gaura-sarasvatī (79)

Then *parikramā* of both Temples:

· kobe śrī chaitanya more (82)

Obeisances to Śrīmatī Tulasī Devī:

· vṛndayai tulasī-devyai (20)

and her parikramā:

· namo namah tulasī mahārānī (84)

After again offering obeisances to Tulasī Devī, the devotees offer their obeisances to the Vaiṣṇavas:

- · vāñchā-kalpatarubhyas' cha (17)
- · sakala vaisnava pada (21)

Again the devotees offer obeisances to Śrīla Govinda Mahārāj at his Samādhi Mandir; Śrīla Guru Mahārāj at his Samādhi Mandir; the Deities; Śrīmatī Gaṅgadevī and to Śrī Āchāryyadeva Śrīla Ācharyya Mahārāj.

Evening Kīrttan

Recitation of the Vandanā Prayers (6)

Followed by the songs:

- · śrī guru charaṇa-padma (86)
- · śrī-kṛṣṇa-chaitanya prabhu doyā koro more (88)
- · (ohe) vaisnava thākura (90)

then a selection of other songs followed by:

· sujanārvuda-rādhita-pāda-yugam (92)

Then 10 verses of Śrī Śrī Prema Dhāma Deva Stotram (96) beginning with verse 1 on Saturday, verse 11 on Sunday etc. Followed by a reading from Śrī Chaitanya-charitāmṛta in Bengali.

Then the *kīrttan*:

· hari haraye namah kṛṣṇa jādavāya namah (68)

Kīrttan on Special days

On the day of Ekādaśī the following kīrttans are sung:

in the morning:

· śrī hari-vāsare hari-kīrttana-vidhāna (319)

and in the evening:

· śuddha-bhakata-charana-renu (322)

On the appearance day of a senior Vaiṣṇava of our Guru-parampara the following kīrttan is sung morning and evening:

· kṛṣṇa hoite chatur-mukha (288)

On the disappearance day of a senior Vaiṣṇava the following kīrttan is sung morning and evening:

· ei-bāro koruņā koro vaiṣṇava-gosāi (168)

and for Mahāprabhu's associates:

· je ānilo prema-dhana koruņā prachura (167)

On the appearance day of Śrī Chaitanya the following songs are sung along with full program:

- · aruņa basane sonara sūraja (161)
- · chaudda-śata sāta śāke (324)

On the appearance day of Lord Kṛṣṇa's avatars the following kīrttan is sung morning and evening:

· pralaya-payodhi-jale dhṛtavān asi vedaṁ (301)

And on the appearance day of Śrī Nṛsiṁhadev Śrī Nṛsiṁha Praṇām (305) is sung followed by the fourth verse of Śrī Daśavatār-stotram (301).

During the month of Kārttika, additional kīrttans are sung.

The following are added to the morning *kīrttans*:

- · nadīyā-nagare nitāi neche neche gāy re (309)
- · nagare nagare gorā gāy (314)
- · namāmīśvaram sachchidānanda rūpam (306)
- · rādhe jaya jaya mādhava-dayite (265)

And added to the evening *kīrttans*:

Śrīla Bhaktivinoda Ṭhākur's Śikṣāṣṭakam (Song 1 up to Song 8a) beginning with:

· pīta-baraṇa kali-pāvana gorā (237)

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